	ST. XAVIER'S SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL, DELHI-54	
Class: 7	SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT 2	Marks: 60
Date: 03.03.2015	MATHS	Time:1 $\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

Note: All the answers should be done on the answer sheet.

1. Solve the following equations:-

 $(2\frac{1}{2})$ 

(3)

(3)

(3x2)

a) 
$$2(y + 7) = 3(y - 10)$$

b) 
$$\frac{3x-4}{5} = \frac{2x+4}{2}$$

- 2 In a school the monthly Fee collection of 350 students is Rs. 3,85,000. What will be the collection fee of 58 students for a month? (2)
- 3 Circumference of a circle is 88 cm. Find the diameter of the circle. (2)
- 4 The base and height of a triangle are in the ratio of 3:2 and it's area is 108 cm<sup>2</sup>. Find it's base and height.
- 5 A wire when bent in the form of a square encloses an area of 484 sq. cm. If the same wire is re-bent in the form of a circle find the radius of the circle.  $(2\frac{1}{2})$
- 6 The length of a rectangle is 4 more than twice of its breadth. If the perimeter of the rectangle is 2012. Find the dimensions of the rectangle.
- 7 At what rate percent per annum will Rs. 7000 produce Rs. 350 as simple interest in 2 years
- 8 Find the area of the shaded portion.



9 Calculate the area of quadrilateral PQRS shown in the figure given below. (3)



Cont'd....2/-

- 10 A horse and a cart together cost Rs.1600. If the cost of the cart is one third the cost of the horse. Find the cost of horse and cart. (3)
- 11 Arun purchased an old scooter for Rs. 27,500 and spent Rs.1,720 for it's repairing. He sold the scooter to make a profit of 35%. Find the selling price of the scooter. (3)
- 12 60% of the population of a town are females. If the total population of the town is 3,75,000. Find the No of males in the town. (3)

Albin secures 720 marks out of 800 and Raju Secures 875 out of 1000. Whose performance is better. (3)

- 14Construct the following triangles.a.  $\Delta PQR: PQ = 6.5cm, \angle P = 70^{\circ}, \angle Q = 60^{\circ}$ (4)b.  $\Delta ABC: BC = 7cm, AB = 5cm, \angle B = 90^{\circ}$ (4)c.  $\Delta XYZ: XY = 3.8cm, XZ = 5.2cm, YZ = 6cm$ (4)
- 15 Solve and check your answers. (4) a. 2(x+5)+4(2x-3) = -32
- 16 A table cover 4m X 2m is spread on a table. If 25cm of the table cover is hanging all around the table, find the area of the table top and the cost of polishing the table top at Rs.25 per square metre.
  (4)

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Class Date:	: 7 : 03.03	SUMM		SECONDARY SCHOOL, DE /E ASSESSMENT 2 MATHS	ELHI-5	54 Marks: 20 Time: 30 minutes			
Name	e:			_ Class & Sec	R	No			
		Note: All the answers s	hould	be done on the question pa	per itse	elf.			
I	Tic	k the correct option :							
1.		is the distance around	a clo	osed figure.					
	a. /	Area	b.	Perimeter	C.	Surface area			
2	If the circumference of circle is 4 $\pi$ then it's radius is								
	a.	4	b.	2	c.	6			
3	3 Circles having the same centre are called								
	a.	Concentric Circles	b.	Concurrent circles	с.	Circumference			
4	Can a	triangle be constructed wit	h the	e sides 6cm, 3cm, 2cm.					
	a.	Yes	b.	No	с.	None of these			
5	$\frac{2}{5}$ of	a number 25 is?							
	a.	10	b.	15	с.	25			
6	6 Six added to a number gives 10, then the number is								
	a.	4	b.	6	с.	2			
7	The e	quation in which the highes	st pov	wer of the variables is 1, is ki	nown a	S			
	a.	Polynomial	b.	Linear equation	с.	Monomial			
8	<i>x</i> + 7 a.	= 10, then <i>x</i> =7	- b.	10	C.	3			
9	The v	alue of variable is called							
9		alue of variable is called coefficient		– literal factor	c. Ro	oot of the equation			
10	Curre		12			-			
10		of 2 consecutive numbers is 6, 7	b.	then the numbers are 10, 3	 C.	 12, 1			
4.4				,-		- <b>-, -</b>			
11	СР = а.	270, Loss = 35, SP = 305	b.	295	c.	235			
						Cont'd2/-			

12	Area of square whose side is 6c a. 36 cm <sup>2</sup>	m b.	24 cm <sup>2</sup>	C.	10 cm <sup>2</sup>
13	The height of parallelogram wh a. 4cm	ose are b.	a 24cm <sup>2</sup> and base 6cm is _ 30cm	с.	8cm
14	Express 3:5as per cent. a. 3%	b.	60%	C.	8%
15	Perimeter of Rectangle whose le a. 56cm	ength 8 b.	Crm and breadth 7cm is 30cm	 C.	17cm
16	12% of 600 is a. 612	b.	120	C.	72
17	P = 800, T =2, R = 10% Then a. 80	interes b.	t is 160	C.	240
18	Percent is a fraction with a. 10	_ as its b.	s denominator. 100	C.	1000
19	Principal = amount – ( a. interest	) b.	Rate	C.	Time
20	Loss percent = $\frac{loss}{\Box} \times 100$				
	a. CP	b.	SP	с.	Gain

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