

JAIN COLLEGE

Address: #463/465, 18th Main Road, SS Royal, 80 Feet Road Rajarajeshwari Nagar, Bangalore - 560 098

Date: II PUC SUBJECT: COMPUTER SCIENCE

MOCK - I

Timings Allowed: 3 Hours and 15min Total Marks: 70

PART A

I. Answer <u>all</u> questions

10 X 1 = 10

- 1. Expand USB.
- 2. What is logic gate?
- 3. What is traversal?
- 4. What is class?
- 5. How do you declare a pointer?
- 6. What is relation?
- 7. What is chatting?
- 8. What is modem?
- 9. What is script?
- 10. Expand HTML.

PART B

II. Answer any five of the following.

5 X 2 = 10

- 11. Draw K Map for $F(X, Y, Z) = \sum (1, 3, 6, 7)$.
- 12. Write the canonical SOP form of the function BC + $\bar{A}B$.
- 13. Define class and object.
- 14. What is constructor? Give an example.
- 15. What are the two methods of opening a file?
- 16. What are data models? Mention any one.
- 17. How SQL functions are classified?
- 18. Why do we need networking? Justify.

PART C

III. Answer any five of the following.

5 X **3**= 15

- 19. Mention the components of mother board.
- 20. Explain the working of AND gate with truth table.
- 21. Explain any 2 operations performed on Stack.
- 22. What is pointer? Mention any 2 advantages.

- 23. Explain any one method of opening a file.
- 24. Write any three applications of database.
- 25. Write a note on WWW.
- 26. Write the difference between HTML and XML.

PART D

IV. Answer any <u>seven</u> of the following.

 $7 \times 5 = 35$

27. Reduce the following expression using K-Map.

$$F(A,B,C,D) = \sum (0,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,10,12)$$

- 28. Write an algorithm to insert an element into an array.
- 29. Write an algorithm to push an element into stack.
- 30. Explain structured programming.
- 31. Explain the 2 methods of accessing the member functions.
- 32. Write a program to swap two integer and floating point values using function overloading.
- 33. Explain default constructor with example.
- 34. With an example explain the working of constructor and destructor in inheritance.
- 35. Explain first normal form.
- 36. Explain the aggregate functions.
- 37. Explain the types of network.
