## JAIN COLLEGE

463/465, 18th Main Road, SS Royal, 80 Feet Road, Rajarajeshwari Nagar, Bangalore - 560098

## II PUC MOCK - I

Timings Allowed: 3 Hrs15 Minutes
Total Marks: 100

## INSTRUCTIONS: Working notes calculation is compulsory. Read the details in the question first and then start working for solution.

## SECTION -A

I. Answer any seven questions, each question carries two marks:

1. State any two causes of Depreciation?
2. Mention any two rules to be followed in the absence of Partnership Deed.
3. What is Revaluation A/C?
4. Give the journal entry for the asset taken over by partner in case of dissolution of firm.
5. Give the journal entry to close partner's loan account on Dissolution of Firm.
6. What is over subscription?
7. What is depreciation?
8. What are non-trading concerns? Give an example.
9. Mention two features of computerized accounting.
10. State any 2 disadvantages of Data Base Management System.

## SECTION -B

I. Answer any four questions, each question carries five marks: $\quad$ 4X5=20

1. Pratham and Preetham are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2. On 1-4-2013 they had capitals of 64,000 and 45000 respectively.
According to their partnership deed, they are entitled to the following:
A. Interest on capital at $6 \%$ p.a
B. Interest on Drawings at $5 \%$ p.a
C. Preetham is allowed a salary of Rs. 400 p.m for first 6 months and for the remaining period Rs.800p.m
D. Their drawings during the year Pratham Rs. 9000 and Preetham Rs.15000. Interest on the same Rs. 400 and Rs. 500 respectively.
The profits for the year before making the above adjustments were Rs. 44100.
Prepare Profit and Loss appropriation A/C for the year ending 31-3-2014.
2. Aparna and Aradhana are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of $4: 2$. They admit Arya into the partnership with $1 / 5^{\text {th }}$ share. Calculate the new profit sharing ratio of all the partners.
3. Amar, Akbar and Anthony are the partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 5:3:1.

Their capitals as on 1-4-2014 were Rs. 80000 , Rs. 100000 \& Rs. 70000 respectively.
Amar died on 31-12-2014 and the partnership deed provided the following:
A. Interest on Anil's capital at 8\% p.a
B. Amar's salary Rs. 4000 p.m.
C. His share of accrued profit upto the date of death based on previous year's profit. Firm's profit for the year 2013-2014 Rs. 44000.
D. His share of Goodwill was Rs. 20000 .

Ascertain the amount payable to Amar's executor by preparing Amar's Capital A/C.
4. Kamala Co.Ltd issued 5000 5\% Debentures at Rs. 250 each at a discount of Rs. 50 per debenture payable as follows:

Rs. 50 on Application, Rs. 1000 on Allotment, Rs. 50 on first and final call. All the debenture was subscribed and the money duly received upto the stage of allotment.
Pass the journal entries related to the above information.
5. Shivakumar Co. Ltd had the following Assets and Liabilities on 31-3-2014:

Current Assets Rs.3,40,000
Current Liabilities Rs.80,000
Quick Assets Rs.1,60,000
Calculate: (i) Current Ratio (ii) Quick Ratio.
6. From the following ledger balances prepare Receipts and Payments A/C of Pavan Charitable Trust.

| Particulars | Amount <br> (Rs.) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cash in hand | 7000 |
| Periodicals cost | 800 |
| Furniture bought | 20000 |
| Legacies received | 30000 |
| Postage | 500 |
| Subscriptions received | 15000 |
| Rent paid | 5000 |
| Salary paid | 8000 |
| Electricity charges | 1000 |

7. Explain the stages of Data Processing Cycle.

## SECTION -C

I. Answer any four questions, each question carries fourteen marks:

14X4=56

1. Following are the particulars related to Tejesh Co.Ltd., prepare Machinery A/c and Depreciation A/C for four years, charging depreciaton at $10 \%$ P.A. on $31^{\text {st }}$ march every year under straight line method.
a) Machine " X " purchased on 1-4-2009 at Rs. 80000 and spent further cost of Rs. 20000 for installation.
b) Machine "Y" purchased on 30-6-2010 at a cost of Rs. 50000
c) Machine " X " sold on 30-9-2011 for Rs. 35000 .
2. Hema, Rekha and Jaya are partners sharing profits and losses equally. Their Balance Sheet as on 31.3.2014 was as follows:

Balance Sheet as on 31.3.2014

| Liabilities | amount | Assets | amount |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Creditors | 40000 | Cash | 24000 |
| Bank overdraft | 25000 | Stock | 36000 |
| Reserve Fund | 25000 | Machinery | 32000 |
| Capitals: |  | Debtors | 20000 |
|  | Hema | 70000 | Bills receivable |
|  | Rekha | 40000 | Furniture |
|  | Jaya | 25000 | Land and buildings |
| Bills payable | 20000 | Profit and loss a/c | 25000 |
|  |  | Investments | 50000 |
| Total | 230000 | Total | 9000 |

Jaya retired on 1-4-2014 and the following adjustments are required:

1. Goodwill of the firm is created Rs.18000(retain in the business)
2. Increase stock by Rs. 4000
3. maintain provision for bad debts by at $5 \%$ on debtors.
4. Depreciate machinery and furniture by $10 \%$ P.A. each.

Prepare:
I. Revaluation $\mathrm{a} / \mathrm{c}$,
II. All partner's capital,
III. Goodwill A/c,
IV. Balance sheet as on 1-4-2014.
3. $A$ and $B$ are partners sharing profit and loss in the ratio of 5:4.

Balance Sheet as on 31.3.2014 was as follows:

| Liabilities | Amount | Assets | Amount |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Creditors | 30000 | Bank | 15000 |
| Bills payable | 18000 | Debtors 35000 |  |
|  |  | -Provision 2000 | 33000 |
| A's loan | 21000 | Buildings | 30000 |
| Reserve | 10000 | Stock | 15000 |
| Profit and loss a/c | 12000 | Furniture | 17000 |
| Capitals: |  | Machinery | 20000 |
|  | A | 54000 | Investments |
|  | B | 50000 | Motor car |
|  |  | Computer | 30000 |
| Total | 195000 | Total | 25000 |

On the above date they decided to dissolve the business:

1. Assets realized as follows: Debtors Rs.22000, stock Rs.16000, Furniture 14000, buildings Rs.40000, motor car Rs. 25000.
2. investment was taken over by Girija at book value.
3. Computer is taken over by Sudha at $10 \%$ less.
4. All liabilities are paid in full.
5. Realisation expenses Rs. 2500 .

Prepare:
I. Realization $\mathrm{a} / \mathrm{c}$,
II. Partner's Capital a/c,
III. Bank a/c.
4. Varunika company ltd issued 10000 prefernce share of Rs. 100 per share at a premium of Rs. 5 per share payable as follows:
On application Rs.10, on allotment Rs. 45 (including premium), on $1^{\text {st }}$ call Rs. 30 and final call Rs. 20 . All shares were subscribed and allotment made. All money was received except on final call money for 500 shares. The director's forfeited these shares and re-issued at Rs. 90 each fully paid. Pass the necessary journal entries related to the above information.
6. From the following Trial Balance of Kumar Company Ltd Davangere, as on $31^{\text {st }}$ march 2014:

Trial Balance as on 31st march 2014

| SL.NO | Particulars | Debit amount | Credit amount |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Share capital 10000eq. shares <br> of Rs.10 each |  | 100000 |
| 2 | Stock on 1-4-2013 | 75000 |  |
| 3 | Purchases and sales | 105000 | 230000 |
| 4 | Returns | 10000 | 5000 |
| 5 | Wages | 15000 |  |
| 6 | Salaries | 20000 |  |
| 7 | Gas and water | 9000 |  |
| 8 | Sundry expenses | 1000 |  |
| 9 | Preliminary expenses | 12000 |  |
| 10 | Commission | 6000 | 5000 |
| 11 | Debtors and creditors | 30000 | 20000 |
| 12 | Goodwill | 25000 |  |
| 13 | Furniture | 40000 |  |
| 14 | Plant and machinery | 50000 |  |
| 15 | Buildings |  |  |
| 16 | P/L Approriaton A/c | 2000 | 24500 |
| 17 | Reserve fund | 25000 | 24000 |
| 18 | Bad debts | 20000 |  |
| 19 | Investments | 5000 |  |
| 20 | Interest on investments | 460000 | 460000 |
| 21 | Cash at bank |  | 50000 |
| 22 | 10\% Debentures | Interest on debentures | Total |

Adjustments:

1. Closing inventory Rs. 125000.
2. depreciate buildings at $10 \%$.
3. Transfer to reserve fund Rs. 10000.
4. dividend declared at $10 \%$ for the current year.
5. write off $1 / 3$ of preliminary expenses.

Prepare: I. Income statement for the year ending 31-3-2014.
II. Position Statement.
7. Following is the balance sheet of Narayan Industries ltd. Compute the trend percentage using 31-32011 as the base year:

| Particulars | $31-3-2011$ <br> (Rs.) | $31-3-2012$ <br> (Rs.) | $31-3-2013$ <br> (Rs.) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Share capital | 100000 | 125000 | 150000 |
| Reserves | 50000 | 75000 | 75000 |
| Loans | 100000 | 50000 | 25000 |
| Creditors | 150000 | 200000 | 100000 |
| Buildings | 100000 | 125000 | 150000 |
| Plant and machinery | 100000 | 125000 | 50000 |
| Stock | 125000 | 125000 | 75000 |
| Debtors | 50000 | 50000 | 50000 |
| Cash at bank | 25000 | 25000 | 25000 |

8. Following are the Balance Sheet and Receipts and Payments A/C of Bangalore Education Society :

Balance sheet as on 31.3.2013

| Liabilities | Amount <br> (Rs.) | Assets | Amount <br> (Rs.) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Capital fund | 95000 | Furniture | 50000 |
| Building fund | 70000 | Cash in bank | 40000 |
| Outstanding salary | 5000 | Books | 25000 |
|  |  | Outstanding <br> subscriptions | 1000 |
|  |  | Buildings | 54000 |
| Total | 170000 | Total | 170000 |

Receipts

| Receipts | Amount <br> (Rs.) | Payments | Amount <br> (Rs.) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| To Bal b/d | 40000 | By salaries | 18000 |
| To subscriptions | 20800 | By printing and stationery | 200 |
| To entrance fees | 10000 | By office expenses | 5000 |
| To sale of old newspaper | 600 | By subscriptions to <br> newspaper | 900 |
|  |  | By refreshments expenses | 700 |
|  |  | By investments | 15000 |
|  |  | By email charges | 100 |
|  |  | By books bought(1-4-2013) | 5000 |
|  |  | By bal c/d | 26500 |
| Total | 71400 | Total | 71400 |

Payments A/C for the year ending 31.3.2014
Adjustments:

1. Subscriptions outstanding for 31-3-2014 Rs. 4000
2. Salary outstanding for 31-3-2014 Rs. 1000
3. Half of the Entrance fees is to be capitalized.
4. Depreciation on furniture at $10 \%$ and books at $30 \%$.

Prepare:
i. Income and expenditure $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{C}$ for the year ending 31-3-2014
ii. Balance sheet as on 31.3.2014.

## SECTION -D

IV. Answer any two questions, each question carries five marks:

1. How do you treat the following in the absence of partnership deed?
a) Interest on capital
b) Interest on drawings
c) Interest on loan
d) Distribution of profit or losses
e) Salary to partner.
2. Prepare the Tree diagram of Hierarchical Data Base Model
3. Prepare Profit and Loss Appropriation account of a firm with five imaginary figures.
