# Jain College, Jayanagar <br> I PUC Mock Paper 2017 <br> Sub: STATISTICS 

## Duration: 3 Hrs 15 mins

Max.Marks: 100
Note: 1. Statistical tables and graph sheets will be supplied.
2. Scientific calculators are allowed.
3. All working steps should be clearly shown.

PART - A
I. Answer any ten questions:

1. What is a variable?
2. What is meant by a sample survey?
3. What is tabulation?
4. What is manifold classification?
5. What is a histogram?
6. Write one limitation of diagrammatic representation.
7. Write the formula to calculate mode for continuous data.
8. Find the geometric mean of 1,4 and 16 .
9. What are scatter diagram?
10. What is interpolation?
11. Write the sample space, when two coins are tossed once.
12. Express variance in terms of expectation.

## PART - B

II. Answer any 10 questions:
$2 \times 10=20$
13. State Prof. Horace Secrists definition of statistics.
14. Name the two sources of secondary data.
15. Define inclusive and exclusive class-interval
16. Mention different types of classification.
17. Mention two uses of graphs.
18. Mention the averages obtained by histogram and ogives.
19. Write the properties of mean.
20. Find standard deviation: $30,18,26,43,27,33,10,12$.
21. Mention two properties of regression lines.
22. Write the formula of Yule's co-efficient of Association.
23. State the addition theorem of probability
24. What is random variable? Give an example.

## PART - C

III. Answer any 8 questions:
25. Discuss the scope of statistics in: (a) Economics (b) Business
26. Explain methods collection of primary data.
27. The following are the weights of 20 students form a frequency distribution with class-intervals (3539) (40-44) (45-49) and so on.

Weights (kgs): $35,51,48,43,54,46,43,42,41,35,40,41,42,44,55,50,54,35,40,43$
28. Represent the following data by component bar diagram.

| Years | No. of public <br> companies | No of private <br> companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2001 | 5000 | 20000 |
| 2002 | 4000 | 16000 |
| 2003 | 6000 | 18000 |
| 2004 | 7000 | 21000 |
| 2005 | 5000 | 15000 |

29. For the following distribution find median.

| Mid points | 90 | 110 | 130 | 150 | 170 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequencies | 5 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 6 |

30. Find the Harmonic mean for the following data.

| C-I | $7-$ | $7.1-$ | $7.2-$ | $7.3-$ | $7.4-$ | $7.5-$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.6 |
| f | 5 | 13 | 18 | 14 | 7 | 3 |

31. The following data shows marks obtained by six students in statistics and mathematics compute spearman's rank correlation co-efficient.

| Marks in statistics | 61 | 40 | 85 | 100 | 63 | 75 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mark in Mathematics | 50 | 55 | 82 | 99 | 70 | 75 |

32. In a co-educational institution out of 200 students. 150 were boys. In an examination 160 students were passed. 10 girls had failed is there any association between sex and success in the examination.
33. Using the binomial expansion method of interpolation find probable production of the year 2004.

| Year | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value | 103 | 107 | - | 157 |

34. An urn contains 6 red and 4 black marbles, 2 marbles are drawn at random from the urn. What is the probability that drawn balls are (i) same colour (ii) different colours.
35. Two cards are drawn from a pack of 52 playing cards what is the probability that they re (a) blacks
(b) Queens
(c) Blacks or Queens
36. A player tosses two fair coins. He gets Rs 50 if 2 heads occurs, Rs 20 if one head occurs and Rs 10 if no head occurs. Find his expected gain.

## PART - D

IV. Answer any 2 questions:
$10 \times 2=20$
37. Two cricketers scored the following runs in 8 innings. Find (a) who is a better scorer (b) who is more consistent

| Cricketer A | 49 | 20 | 18 | 54 | 60 | 100 | 0 | 90 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cricketer B | 52 | 64 | 40 | 55 | 59 | 70 | 42 | 50 |

38. Calculate Bowley's co-efficient of skewness to the data based quartiles

| Class-interval | $25-30$ | $30-35$ | $35-40$ | $40-45$ | $45-50$ | $50-55$ | $55-60$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| f | 2 | 8 | 18 | 27 | 25 | 16 | 7 |

39. Calculate Karl-Pearson's co-efficient of correlation for the following data.

| x | $80-90$ | $90-100$ | $100-110$ | $110-120$ | $120-130$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 52.5 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 2 |
| 57.5 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 7 | 4 |
| 62.5 | 1 | 5 | 12 | 10 | 7 |
| 67.5 | - | 3 | 8 | 6 | 3 |

40. (a) A box contains 4 green, 4 red, and 4 blue pens. Three pens are randomly drawn from the bag.

What is the probability that they are if.
a) Same colour
b) different colour (one of each colour)
c) 2 red and 1 blue
(b) If X is a random variable a and b are constants. Then show that
$\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{a})=\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{E}(\mathrm{ax})=\mathrm{aE}(\mathrm{x})$ and $\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{aX}+\mathrm{b})=\mathrm{aE}(\mathrm{x})+\mathrm{b}$

## PART - E

V. Answer any 2 questions:
41. In a simple study about the food habits in two towns the following information was obtained.

Town A: 55\% persons were males
$35 \%$ were non-vegetarians
$28 \%$ were male non-vegetarians
Town B: 52\% persons were male
$28 \%$ were non-vegetarians
$26 \%$ were male non-vegetarians
42. From the following data. Draw a less than and more than o

| Marks | $<10$ | $<20$ | $<30$ | $<40$ | $<50$ | $<60$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. of students | 5 | 13 | 24 | 39 | 52 | 60 |

43. The average monthly wages and SD of 2 factories are given below
a) Which factory pays larger amount of wages?
b) Which factory has lesser variability?

|  | Factory A | Factory B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. of workers | $500\left(\mathrm{x}_{1}\right)$ | $450\left(\mathrm{n}_{2}\right)$ |
| Mean salary | $900\left(\bar{x}_{1}\right)$ | $1250\left(\bar{x}_{2}\right)$ |
| SD | $100\left(\sigma_{1}\right)$ | $90\left(\sigma_{2}\right)$ |

44. If $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{x})=4$, and $\mathrm{E}\left(\mathrm{x}^{2}\right)=20$, find mean and standard deviation.
