

Sl. No. : TTTT

ಒಟ್ಟು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 47]

Total No. of Questions : 47]

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : **95-E**

CCE RF
CCE RR

[ಒಟ್ಟು ಮುದ್ರಿತ ಪುಟಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 8

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 8

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ಇಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಕತ್ತರಿಸಿ

ವಿಷಯ : ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ

Subject : SOCIOLOGY

(ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಭಾಷಾಂತರ / English Version)

(ಹೊಸ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮ / New Syllabus)

(ಶಾಲಾ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ & ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಶಾಲಾ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / Regular Fresh & Regular Repeater)

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 26. 03. 2018]

[Date : 26. 03. 2018

ಸಮಯ : ಬೆಳಿಗ್ಗೆ 9-30 ರಿಂದ ಮಧ್ಯಾಹ್ನ-12-30 ರವರೆಗೆ] [Time : 9-30 A.M. to 12-30 P.M.

ಪರಮಾವಧಿ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 80]

[Max. Marks : 80

General Instructions to the Candidate :

1. This Question Paper consists of 47 objective and subjective types of questions.
2. This question paper has been sealed by reverse jacket. You have to cut on the right side to open the paper at the time of commencement of the examination. Check whether all the pages of the question paper are intact.
3. Follow the instructions given against both the objective and subjective types of questions.
4. Figures in the right hand margin indicates maximum marks.
5. The maximum time to answer the paper is given at the top of the question paper. It includes 15 minutes for reading the question paper.

RF & RR-417

[Turn over

TEAR HERE TO OPEN THE QUESTION PAPER

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ-ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ತೆರೆೆಯಲು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಕತ್ತರಿಸಿ

Tear here

I. *Four* alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Only one of them is correct or most appropriate. Choose the correct alternative and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet. 10 × 1 = 10

1. The effective medium that brings social change is
 - (A) Telephone
 - (B) Television
 - (C) Education
 - (D) Society.

2. The best example for a planned change is
 - (A) heavy rains causing poverty
 - (B) epidemic diseases causing migration
 - (C) development due to education
 - (D) migration due to coastal erosion.

3. Migration to urban areas is mainly
 - (A) in search of residents
 - (B) in search of water
 - (C) in search of moderate climate
 - (D) in search of employment.

4. Founder of Buddhism is
 - (A) Mahaveera
 - (B) Vrushabhanatha
 - (C) Goutam Buddha
 - (D) Tirthankara.

5. The father of Indian Renaissance is
- (A) Dayanand Saraswathi (B) Raja Rammohan Roy
(C) Jyotiba Phule (D) Mahatma Gandhi.
6. Manusmruthi was written by
- (A) Yagnavalkya (B) Parashara
(C) Vedavyasa (D) Manu.
7. Hunter's Commission gave priority
- (A) to women's education
(B) to appoint women teachers
(C) to start women empowerment
(D) to start exclusive universities for women.
8. The native inhabitants of an area are called
- (A) Tribals (B) Harijans
(C) Girijans (D) Adivasis.
9. Radio has regained its popularity in recent days due to introduction of
- (A) F.M. stations (B) Mobile phones
(C) Internet (D) Fax.
10. 'Harijan' newspaper was published by
- (A) Tilak (B) Raja Rammohan Roy
(C) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar (D) Gandhiji.

II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each :

14 × 1 = 14

11. What is industrialisation ?
12. Whose philosophy influenced Russian Revolution ?
13. What is unplanned social change ?
14. What is economic inequality ?
15. Who is the author of the book 'Caste and Race in India' ?
16. Who organised Bardoli Satyagraha ?
17. What were the main objectives of French Revolution ?
18. What is Sati system ?
19. Who was the first woman prime minister of India ?
20. Name the Indian queens who fought against the British.
21. What did Gandhiji call Adivasis ?
22. Why did Mr. Verrier Elwin say tribals should be developed in isolation ?
23. What is Adult Education ?
24. Which city is known as Silicon City in India ?

III. Answer the following questions in *two* to *three* sentences each :

15 × 2 = 30

25. "Development of communication tools has reduced the size of the world." How ?

26. Education plays a vital role in developing scientific thinking. How ?
27. What are the reasons for increase in migration of humans ?
28. What is the difference between kachcha and pakka food ?
29. What is the meaning of the word 'Caste' ?
30. Mention the classification of major social movements in India.
31. What are the objectives of social movements ?
32. Mention the main leaders of socio-religious reform movements of India.
33. Why did the status of women depleted during the Muslim rule in India in the middle ages ?
34. Name the woman leaders who motivated women in the freedom movement against the British.
35. What is a tribe ?
36. There is necessity to protect the indigenous technology and native medicine system of tribes. Why ?
37. Write a note on the growth of newspapers in India.
38. What are the negative impacts of mass media ?
39. Write about the development of television in India.

IV. Answer the following questions in *three to six* sentences each :

6 × 3 = 18

40. What are the features of social change ?

OR

Which are the factors responsible for social change ?

41. How is urbanisation bringing changes in caste system in India ?

OR

How is caste system an obstacle for social change ?

42. Write a short note on Prarthana Samaj.

OR

Write a short note on Arya Samaj.

43. Name the woman organisations that played a vital role in bringing the awareness and progress of women during British India.

OR

Mention the legislations (rules and regulations) brought during British rule to improve the status of women.

44. Explain the social changes among Indian tribes.

OR

Explain the historical background of tribes in India.

45. Cinema reflects the social changes. Explain.

OR

Computers are very useful in modern life. Explain.

V. Answer the following questions in *six to eight* sentences each : $2 \times 4 = 8$

46. Which are the factors that influence regional imbalance ?

47. What are the changes in caste system in modern independent India ?

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