

## **FUSCO'S SCHOOL (ICSE)**

Indiranagar, Bangalore Half Yearly Examination 2016-17 Subject :Chemistry

## Class: VI

Marks:80

SECTION –I [40 MARKS]	SECTION	-I [40	MARKS]
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I.	<ul> <li>Define the following changes.</li> <li>a. Natural change.</li> <li>b. Non- periodic change.</li> <li>c. Irreversible change.</li> <li>d. Fast change.</li> </ul>	[8]
II.	<ul> <li>d. Fast change.</li> <li>Differentiate the following.</li> <li>a. Physical and chemical changes.</li> <li>b. Photosynthesis and respiration.</li> <li>c. Respiration and combustion.</li> <li>d. Desirable changes and undesirable changes.</li> </ul>	[12]
III.	Complete the analogy.         a. Rusting : chemical change :: boiling :         b. ripening : natural change :: burning of fuel :         c. spoilage of food :         d. Magnetisation :         i. Magnetisation :	[6]
IV.	Match the following.a. Paintingpackaging industryb. Liquid oxygenexchange of gasesc. Nitrogenprotects from harmful raysd. Ozonerocket fuele. Alveolisublimationf. Solid to gasprevents from rust	[6]
v.	<ul> <li>Name the following.</li> <li>a. Any material that produces heat on burning.</li> <li>b. This gas forms toxic compound with R.B.C.</li> <li>c. These gases react with moisture forms acid rain.</li> <li>d. The undesirable substances that pollute air.</li> <li>e. These fuels are safer.</li> <li>f. Solid form of carbon-di –oxide.</li> <li>g. The gas that turns lime water milky.</li> <li>h. The changes during which heat energy is absorbed.</li> </ul>	[8]

## SECTION -II [40 MARKS]

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I.	Fil	l in the blanks.	[6]
	a.	Tearing of a paper is a change.	
	b.	The temperature at which a liquid starts boiling is called	
	c.	gas is released during fermentation process.	
	d.	Changes which can be reversed to get original substance	
	e.	The most abundant gas in the atmosphere	
	f.	Substances speeds up the reaction.	
II.	Ar	nswer the following questions.	
	a.	Write the conditions necessary for a chemical change.	[3]
	b.	Why is melting of wax comes under both physical and chemical change?	[2]
	c.	How is boiling differs from evaporation?	[2]
	d.	Write about the composition air.	[3]
	e.	Why do mountaineers and sea divers carry oxygen cylinders?	[2]
	f.	Why is germination of a seed an example of chemical change?	[2]
	g.	Define slow change, and give any three examples.	[2]
	h.	Write few consequences of air pollution.	[3]
III.	Co	prrect the following statements.	[6]
	a		ng.
	b	. The process in which conversion of carbohydrate in to alcohol in the abs	
		of oxygen is called digestion.	
	с	. Ice cubes are having more density than water.	
	d	. Roasting of papad comes under desirable change.	
	e		
		called boiling.	
	f	In exothermic changes heat in neither absorbed nor released.	
IV.	An	iswer these in one sentence.	[6]
	a.	Write the word equation for photosynthesis.	
	b.	How oxygen and carbon dioxide is are maintained in the nature?	
	c.	Which pollutant causes brain damage?	
	d.	Why is air considered as a matter?	
	e.	Expand C.N.G and L.P.G.	
	f.	Which gas will be released when baking soda and lemon juice reacts each other?	
V	Ho	w can you prevent air pollution? Suggest few preventive measures.	[3]