FINAL ANSWER KEY

Question Paper Code: 5/2016/OL Category Code: 235/2014 Exam: Laboratory Technician Gr II Medium of Question: English Date of Test 09-01-2016 Alphacode А Question1:-Which among the following river banks the famous city Allahabad lies? A:-Ganga **B:-Brahmaputra** C:-Yamuna D:-Kosi Correct Answer:- Option-C Question2:-What is the present name of ancient city Pataliputra? A:-Lahore B:-Patna C:-Meerut D:-Banaras Correct Answer:- Option-B Question3:-Which among the following is associated with Dr. M.S. Swaminathan? A:-Oceanography **B:-Agriculture C:-Space Science** D:-Sports Correct Answer:- Option-B Question4:-Which state of India is the largest producer of Diamond? A:-Gujarat **B:-Chattisgarh** C:-Maharashtra D:-Madhya Pradesh Correct Answer:- Option-D Question5:-Who was the Viceroy of India at the time of the formation of Indian National Congress in 1885? A:-Robert Clive **B:-Warren Hastings** C:-Lord Dufferin D:-Lord Cornwallis Correct Answer:- Option-C Question6:-Who was behind the foundation of 'Young Bengal' movement? A:-Henry Louis Vivian Derozio **B:-Lala Hardayal** C:-K.T. Telang D:-Radanath Sikdar Correct Answer:- Option-A Question7:-In which protest against the British Government Lala Lajapat Rai was seriously injured and died after a few days? A:-Non-Cooperation Movement **B:-Simon Commission C:-Civil Disobedience Movement D:-Quit India Movement** Correct Answer:- Option-B Question8:-Where was a Gandhian ashram started by C. Rajagopalachari in 1925? A:-Thiruchengodu B:-Madurai C:-Coimbatore D:-Rameswaram Correct Answer:- Option-A Question9:-When was Mrs. Annie Besent elected as the President of Indian National Congress? A:-1915

B:-1917 C:-1919 D:-1922 Correct Answer:- Option-B Question10:-In which year Rabindranath Tagore was awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature? A:-1907 B:-1909 C:-1913 D:-1928 Correct Answer:- Option-C Question11:-Which among the following ancient port has been identified as modern Kodungallur? A:-Muziris **B:-Tyndis** C:-Barace D:-Nelcynda Correct Answer:- Option-A Question12:-Which among the following Ghat provides access from Kerala to Coorg? A:-Aramboli **B:-Tamarasseri Ghats** C:-Bodinayakannur D:-Perambadi Ghats Correct Answer:- Option-D Question13:-What is the original name of Brahmananda Sivayogi? A:-Karat Govindan Kutty Menon B:-Vayaleri Kunhikannan C:-Nanu Asan D:-Chambaka Raman Pillai Correct Answer:- Option-A Question14:-Who gave the revolutionary gospel, "No Caste, No Religion, No God for Man"? A:-Ayyankali B:-Ayya Vaikundar C:-Sahodaran Ayyappan D:-Sri Narayana Guru Correct Answer:- Option-C Question15:-In which year V.T. Bhattatirippad wrote his famous work 'Atukkalayilninnu arangaethekku'? A:-1916 B:-1929 C:-1930 D:-1932 Correct Answer:- Option-B Question16:-Which is considered as the oldest European structure extant in India? A:-Dutch Palace at Mattancheri B:-St. David Fort Madras **C:-Pallippuram Fort** D:-St. Angelo Fort Kannur Correct Answer:- Option-C Question17:-Which of the following film won the 2014 Oscar Award? A:-The Wolf of Wall Street **B:-American Hustle** C:-Philomena D:-12 Years a Slave Correct Answer:- Option-D Question18:-In which year O.M. Nambiar was given the Dronacharya award? A:-1985 B:-1999 C:-1996 D:-2001 Correct Answer:- Option-A Question19:-Who was the first Malayali swimmer participated in the Olympic Games?

A:-M. Devadas B:-O. Chandrasekharan C:-Sebastian Xavier D:-Suresh Babu Correct Answer:- Option-C Question20:-Who wrote the famous work 'A Bend in the River'? A:-V.S. Naipaul B:-Anita Desai C:-Indra Sinha **D:-Aravind Adiga** Correct Answer:- Option-A Question21:-Haemoglobinopathies can be detected by doing A:-Electrophoresis B:-Sahli's method C:-Flame photometer D:-Cyan meth method Correct Answer:- Option-A Question22:- are seen in stool microscopy of an amoebic dysentry patient. A:-Haematoidin crystals **B:-Charcot Leyden crystals** C:-Fatty acid crystals D:-Triple phosphate crystals Correct Answer:- Option-B Question23:-The condition where we get milky white urine A:-Proteinuria **B:-Alkaptanuria** C:-Polyuria D:-Chyluria Correct Answer:- Option-D Question24:-Urinometer is used to detect A:-pH of urine B:-colour of urine C:-sp. gravity of urine D:-urobilinogen Correct Answer:- Option-C Question25:-Total erythrocyte count is calculated by A:- N × 1000 $B:-N \times 50$ C:-N × 2000 D:-N × 10000 Correct Answer:- Option-D Question26:-What is the action of phenol in Hinglomann's solution? A:-lyses the RBC B:-stains the platelets C:-fixes the cell D:-prevents clotting Correct Answer:- Option-A Question27:-ASO test is used to detect _____ bacterial infection. A:-Staphylococcus **B:-Streptococcus** C:-Pneumococcus D:-Salmonella Correct Answer:- Option-B Question28:-Solution used for the preparation of grease free coverslip A:-KOH solution **B:-Formalin and ether** C:-95% ethanol and ether D:-70% ethanol and ether Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question29:-For detecting the hemoglobinopathies by electrophoresis we use A:-clotted blood B:-plasma C:-red cell D:-lysed red cell Correct Answer:- Option-D Question30:-Serum complements can be inactivated at a temperature of A:-56°C for 15 mts B:-56°C for 30 mts C:-37°C for 20 mts D:-37°C for 30 mts Correct Answer:- Option-B Question31:-Bombay blood group can be detected by A:-Cell grouping **B:-Forward grouping** C:-Serum grouping D:-Lewis method Correct Answer:- Option-C Question32:-Giardia lamblia causes A:-Traveller's diarrhoea B:-Kala azar C:-Hydatid cyst D:-Malaria Correct Answer:- Option-A Question33:-_____ is not a component of flame emission photometer. A:-Bulb **B:-Nebulizer** C:-Flame D:-Photodetector Correct Answer:- Option-A Question34:-Envelope shaped crystals seen in acidic urine A:-Calcium oxalate **B:-Triple phosphate** C:-Uric acid D:-Cystine Correct Answer:- Option-A Question35:-The ideal temperature of blood bank refrigeration is A:--2 to -6°C B:-6 - 8°C C:-2 to 6°C D:--2 to 2°C Correct Answer:- Option-C Question36:-The process by which the specimen is preserved in its original condition A:-Mounting **B:-Autolysis** C:-Clearing D:-Fixation Correct Answer:- Option-D Question37:-The egg of which worm is referred to as a 'Japanese Lantern' A:-Strongyloides stercoralis **B:-Trichuris trichura** C:-Ascaris lumbricoides D:-Ancylostoma duodenale Correct Answer:- Option-B Question38:-Germ tube test is used to confirm A:-Cryptococcus neoformans B:-Trichophyton C:-Microsporum **D:-Candida Albicans**

Correct Answer:- Option-D Question39:-Sodium flouride - oxalate mixture is used for doing blood sugar estimation why? A:-enhances glycolysis **B:**-prevent glycolysis C:-preserves morphology D:-none of the above Correct Answer:- Option-B Question40:-Satellite test is used for the identification of A:-S. aureus B:-S. typhi C:-H. influenzae D:-Cl. perfringes Correct Answer:- Option-C Question41:-Increased osmotic fragility is seen in A:-Hereditary spherocytosis B:-Iron deficiency anaemia C:-Sickle cell anaemia D:-Thalassemia Correct Answer:- Option-A Question42:-Du antigen is detected by A:-DCT B:-ICT C:-ABO grouping D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-B Question43:-Normal RBC count A:-4.5 to 6.5 millions/`"mm^3"` B:-80 - 160 millions/ml C:-4.5 to 6.5 lakhs /`"mm^3"` D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-A Question44:-The dilution used for doing total sperm count A:-1:100 B:-1:200 C:-1:20 D:-1:50 Correct Answer:- Option-C Question45:-The anticoagulant used for doing coagulation studies A:-Oxalate **B:-EDTA** C:-Heparin D:-Citrate Correct Answer:- Option-D Question46:-The temperature maintained in a cryostat is A:--10°C B:--30°C C:-4°C D:--20°C Correct Answer:- Option-D Question47:-The cellophane tape test is used to detect A:-Enterobius vermicularis B:-Ancylostoma duodenale C:-Ascaris lumbricoides D:-Echinococcus granulosus Correct Answer:- Option-A Question48:-Hydatid cyst is caused by A:-Enterobius vermicularis B:-Ancylostoma duodenale C:-Ascaris lumbricoides

D:-Echinococcus granulosus Correct Answer:- Option-D Question49:-The holding period of sterilization for hot air oven A:-160°C for 1 hr B:-121°C for 30 mts C:-160°C for 30 mts D:-121°C for 1 hr Correct Answer:- Option-A Question50:-Widal test is used to detect A:-Jaundice **B:-Enteric fever** C:-Diphtheria D:-Tetanus Correct Answer:- Option-B Question51:-The metachromatic granules of corneybacterium diphtheria can be demonstrated by A:-Tuberculin test B:-Gram's stain C:-Alberts stain D:-India ink Correct Answer:- Option-C Question52:-Eleks gel precipitation test is used for A:-S. aureus B:-Corneybacterium diphtheriae C:-Cl. tetani D:-Bacillus Correct Answer:- Option-B Question53:-L.J. medium, Loeffler's serum slope etc are sterilized by A:-Tyndallization **B:-Autoclave** C:-Inspissation D:-Hot air oven Correct Answer:- Option-C Question54:-Hospital wards and operation rooms are disinfected by A:-UV rays B:-X rays C:-Gamma rays D:-Visible light Correct Answer:- Option-A Question55:-Example for transport medium A:-Wilson and Blairs media **B:-TCBS** C:-Cary blair media D:-Tellurite agar Correct Answer:- Option-C Question56:-Benign tertian malaria is caused by A:-Pl. falciparum B:-Pl. ovale C:-Pl. malariae D:-Pl. vivax Correct Answer:- Option-D Question57:-The method used for the estimation of T. protein A:-Kjeldhal's method **B:-Nesslerization** C:-Salkowsky reaction D:-Van den Bergh reaction Correct Answer:- Option-A Question58:-The stain used for the demonstration of iron pigments A:-Van Geison's stain B:-Perl's stain

C:-PAS stain D:-Masson trichrome Correct Answer:- Option-B Question59:-The inner diameter of wintrobes tube A:-1.5 mm B:-3 mm C:-2.5 mm D:-1.5 cm Correct Answer:- Option-C Question60:-Which is not a diluting fluid for absolute eosinophil count? A:-Hinglemann's fluid **B:-Piolet's stain** C:-Dunger's fluid D:-Rees Eckers fluid Correct Answer:- Option-D Question61:-Area used for counting AEC in an improved neubauer chamber A:-9 `"mm^2"` B:-4 `"mm^2"` C:-1 `"mm^2"` D:-5 `"mm^2"` Correct Answer:- Option-A Question62:-String test is used to identify A:-S. aureus B:-V. cholerae C:-Proteus D:-Pseudomonas Correct Answer:- Option-B Question63:-ESR is done by A:-Westergrons tube **B:-Wintrobes tube** C:-Esrite tube D:-All the above Correct Answer:- Option-D Question64:-The factor that increases the ESR A:-presence of microcytes B:-presence of albumin C:-exposure to sunlight D:-unclean tubes Correct Answer:- Option-C Question65:-For doing LE cell test we use A:-citrated blood B:-oxalated blood C:-clotted blood D:-heparinised blood Correct Answer:- Option-D Question66:-The chemical used to detect ketone bodies in urine A:-Sodium nitroprusside **B:-PDAB** C:-`"H 20 2"` D:-Ferric chloride Correct Answer:- Option-A Question67:-The blue colour of the benedict's reagent is due to A:-sodium citrate **B:-copper sulphate** C:-ammonium sulphate D:-sodium carbonate Correct Answer:- Option-B Question68:-The condition in which CSF shows clott with 'cob-web' appearance A:-Xanthochromia

B:-Poliomyelitis C:-Tuberculous meningitis D:-All the above Correct Answer:- Option-C Question69:-The first step for the sputum smear prepared for cytological examination is A:-Fix with ether ethyl alcohol mixture B:-Fix with formation C:-Papanicolaou staining D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-A Question70:-Preservative used in pelkian India ink is A:-lactic acid B:-0.3% tricresol C:-phenol D:-none of the above Correct Answer:- Option-B Question71:-The colour of Schiff's reagent is A:-yellow B:-blue C:-pink D:-colourless Correct Answer:- Option-D Question72:-The bluing solution used for H & E staining A:-1% HCI B:-70% ethanol C:-Tap water D:-All the above Correct Answer:- Option-C Question73:-Bleeding time is increased in A:-Platelet dysfunction **B:-Vitamin K deficiencies** C:-Severe clotting factor deficiency D:-All the above Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled Question74:-The refractive index of DPX is A:-1.38 B:-1.45 C:-1.52 D:-1.85 Correct Answer:- Option-C Question75:-The fixative used for electron microscopy A:-potassium dichromate B:-gluteraldehyde C:-methyl alcohol D:-all the above Correct Answer:- Option-B Question76:-The normal value of cholesterol is A:-150-250 mg% B:-100-200 mg% C:-250-350 mg% D:-120-180 mg% Correct Answer:- Option-A Question77:-The smear used for supra vital staining A:-unstained unfixed smear B:-fixed and stained smear C:-fixed smear D:-all the above Correct Answer:- Option-A Question78:-Cysticircus bovis is the larval form of

A:-Taenia solium **B:-Taenia saginata** C:-Ascaris lumbricoides D:-Echinococcus granulosus Correct Answer:- Option-B Question79:-The bullet shaped virus is A:-Pox virus B:-Varicella zoster C:-Rabies virus D:-HIV Correct Answer:- Option-C Question80:-Lawn culture or carpet culture is used to A:-obtain large amount of growth B:-for preparation of antigens C:-for ABST D:-all the above Correct Answer:- Option-D Question81:-The antibodies that can pass through the placenta A:-IgG B:-IgM C:-(1) and (2) D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-A Question82:-Vandenbergh reaction is used for the estimation of A:-Cholesterol **B:-Bilirubin** C:-Protein D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-B Question83:-In an unstained sputum smear we can see A:-Gushman's spirals **B:-Charcot Leyden crystals C:-Elastic fibres** D:-All the above Correct Answer:- Option-D Question84:-Normal concentration of sodium in blood A:-95-110 mEq/L B:-3-5 mEq/L C:-130-150 mEq/L D:-150-190 mEq/L Correct Answer:- Option-C Question85:-Clostridium perfringes can be identified by A:-Nagler reaction **B:-Satellite test** C:-Coagulase test D:-String test Correct Answer:- Option-A Question86:-Cocci that are seen in grape like clusters A:-Staphylococcus **B:-Streptococcus** C:-Corney bacterium D:-Cryptococcus Correct Answer:- Option-A Question87:-Fixative that contains mercuric chloride A:-Carnoys fluid **B:-Bouins fluid** C:-Zenkers fluid D:-Rossman's fluid Correct Answer:- Option-C

Ouestion88:-SGOT is increased in A:-Myocardial infarction **B:-Viral** hepatitis C:-Toxic hepatitis D:-All the above Correct Answer:- Option-D Question89:-In a colorimeter, the cuvette made of is used for UV range of light. A:-Borosilicate **B:-Quartz** C:-(1) and (2) D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-B Question90:-RBC pipette can be used for A:-RBC count B:-Platelet count C:-(1) and (2) D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-C Question91:-Basophilic stippling can be seen in A:-G6 PD deficiency **B:-Metal poisoning** C:-Splenectomy D:-Erythroblastosis foetalis Correct Answer:- Option-B Question92:-Dehaemoglobinisation of a thick smear can be done by A:-glacial acetic acid and tartaric acid mixture B:-methanol C:-distilled water D:-(1) and (3) Correct Answer:- Option-D Question93:-Sickle cell can be demonstrated by A:-Scriver and Waugh method **B:-Solubility test** C:-Dithionite method D:-All the above Correct Answer:- Option-D Question94:-Bence Jonce proteins can be detected by A:-Pandy's test B:-SSA test C:-Bradshaws test D:-Heat and acetic acid test Correct Answer:- Option-C Question95:-Bile pigments are detected by A:-Rotheras test **B:-Fouckets test** C:-Hays test D:-Benzidine test Correct Answer:- Option-B Question96:-Urease test is positive for all except A:-E. coli **B:-Proteus** C:-Cryptococcus D:-Citrobacter Correct Answer:- Option-A Question97:-In plasmodium falciparum infection, erythrocytes shows A:-Shuffner's dot B:-Maurer's dot C:-Ziemann's dot D:-James dot

Correct Answer:- Option-B Question98:-Casoni's test is related to A:-Trichuris trichura B:-Enterobius vermicularis C:-Echinococcus granulosus D:-Taenia solium Correct Answer:- Option-C Question99:-Seitz filters are example for A:-Asbestos B:-Glass C:-Membrane D:-Candle Correct Answer:- Option-A Question100:-The red colour of the blood is due to A:-Myoglobin B:-Globulin C:-Albumin D:-Haemoglobin Correct Answer:- Option-D