

FIITJEE

NTSE STAGE – 1 (2017)

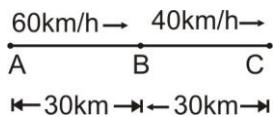
ANSWERS KEYS (SAT)

PHYSICS	CHEMISTRY	BIOLOGY	S. SCIENCE	MATHEMATICS
1. C	14. A	27. A	41. B	81. D
2. D	15. B	28. B	42. B	82. B
3. B	16. B	29. C	43. C	83. C
4. C	17. C	30. B	44. B	84. A
5. B	18. C	31. B	45. D	85. B
6. D	19. D	32. C	46. A	86. C
7. A	20. A	33. C	47. C	87. A
8. B	21. D	34. D	48. C	88. B
9. A	22. B	35. C	49. C	89. D
10. A	23. C	36. C	50. A	90. B
11. B	24. D	37. D	51. C	91. C
12. C	25. B	38. B	52. A	92. A
13. C	26. A	39. B	53. D	93. C
		40. D	54. A	94. B
			55. B	95. D
			56. A	96. B
			57. D	97. C
			58. C	98. B
			59. C	99. A
			60. A	100. B
			61. A	
			62. C	
			63. D	
			64. A	
			65. B	
			66. B OR C	
			67. A	
			68. C	
			69. A	
			70. C	
			71. A	
			72. B	
			73. C	
			74. D	
			75. B	
			76. B	
			77. A	
			78. A	
			79. B	
			80. C	

HINT & SOLUTIONS (SAT)

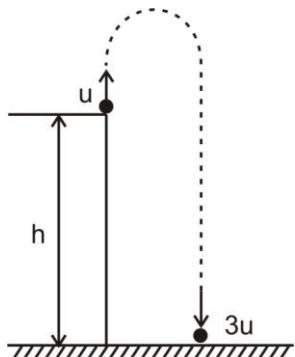
PHYSICS

1. (C)



$$\begin{aligned} T &= t_{AB} + t_{AC} \\ &= \frac{30}{60} + \frac{30}{40} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{5}{4} \text{ h} \\ &= 75 \text{ min} \end{aligned}$$

2. (D)



$$\begin{aligned} (-3u)^2 &= u^2 + 2(-g)(-h) \\ \Rightarrow 9u^2 &= u^2 + 2gh \\ \Rightarrow 8u^2 &= 2gh \\ \Rightarrow \left[h = \frac{4u^2}{g} \right] \end{aligned}$$

3. (B)

$$\text{Let } v_2 = 2v_1$$

$$\therefore \frac{k_1}{p_1} = \frac{1/2 m_1 v_1^2}{m v_1} = \frac{v_1}{2}$$

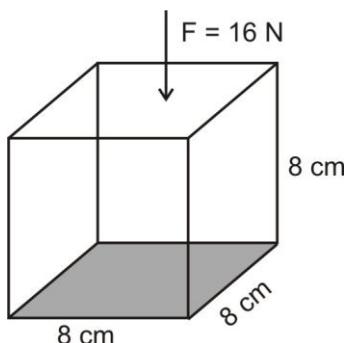
$$\text{Now, } \frac{k_2}{p_2} = \frac{1/2 m v_2^2}{m v_2} = \frac{v_2}{2} = \frac{2v_1}{2} = 2\left(\frac{v_1}{2}\right) = 2\left(\frac{k_1}{p_1}\right)$$

4. (C)

$$\therefore V = v\lambda$$

$$\lambda = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{10^9} = 0.3 \text{ m} = 30 \text{ cm}$$

5. (B)



$$P = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{16}{8 \times 8 \times 10^{-4}} = 0.25 \times 10^4 \text{ Pa}$$

$$\therefore [P = 2500 \text{ Pa}]$$

6. (D)

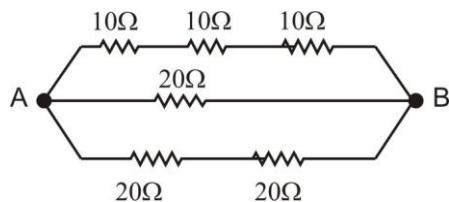
$$W = Fs \cos \theta$$

when $\theta = 0^\circ, \Rightarrow \cos 0^\circ = 1$

$\therefore W = Fs$ is maximum



7. (A)



$$R_{AB} = ?$$

$$\frac{1}{R_{AB}} = \frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{40}$$

$$\frac{1}{R_{AB}} = \frac{4+6+3}{120} = \frac{13}{120}$$

$$R_{AB} = \frac{120}{13} = 9.23 \Omega$$

8. (B)

$$R_1 = \frac{\rho L}{4A} \quad \dots\dots (1)$$

$$R_2 = \frac{\rho \times 2L}{A} \quad \dots\dots (2)$$

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{\rho L}{4A} \times \frac{A}{\rho \times 2L}$$

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{1}{8} = 1:8$$

9. (A)

On increasing the length of the conductor by stretching, the new resistance is given by -

$$R' = (n)^2 R \quad \text{Where } n \text{ is no. of times of stretching}$$

$$R' = (3)^2 R \quad [n = 3]$$

$$R' = 9R$$

10. (A)

Our solar system lies in "Milky way" Galaxy

11. (B)

"Presbyopia" Occurs in old age. 'Presbyopia' is natural part of the ageing process. It happens due to hardening of the lens of eye to focus light behind rather than on the retina when looking at closer objects.

12. (C)

by lens makers' formula

$$\frac{1}{f} = (n-1) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_2} \right); \text{ where } n \text{ is refractive index of lens.}$$

In case – 1

$$\frac{1}{f_1} = (n-1) \left(\frac{1}{R} - \left(-\frac{1}{R} \right) \right)$$

$$f_1 = \frac{R}{2(n-1)}$$

In Case – 2

$$\frac{1}{f_2} = (n-1) \left(\frac{1}{R} - \frac{1}{\infty} \right)$$

$$f_2 = \frac{R}{(n-1)}$$

$$\therefore f_2 = 2f_1 = 2f$$

13. (C)

$$p_1 = p_2$$

$$\sqrt{2m_1 K_1} = \sqrt{2m_2 K_2}$$

$$m_1 K_1 = m_2 K_2$$

if $m_1 > m_2$

$$\text{so, } \frac{m_1}{m_2} = \frac{K_2}{K_1} \text{ so, if } m_1 > m_2 \text{ then -}$$

$$K_2 > K_1$$

CHEMISTRY

14. Electron is discovered by J.J. Thomson
15. Gypsum is $\text{CaSO}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
16. The process in which the red hot cast iron is cooled immediately in cold water is known as quenching
17. $\text{Na}^+ \Rightarrow 1s^2 \underset{2}{s}^2 \underset{8}{2p}^6$
18. SO_2
 $x + (-2) \times 2 = 0$
 $x = 4$
- 19.
- $$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{CH}-\text{CH}_3 \\ | \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$$
- 2-methylpropane
20. Stainless steel contains Fe, Ni, Cr
21. Number of proton = 1
Number of electron = 11
Number of Neutron = 12
22. General electronic configuration of III group is $\text{ns}^2 \text{np}^1$
23. $\text{Zn(s)} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq}) \longrightarrow \text{ZnSO}_4(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2 \uparrow$
- 24.
- $$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{O}-\text{H} \end{array}$$
- Carboxylic acid
- 25.
- $$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} & \text{H} \\ & \diagdown \\ \text{C}=\text{C} \\ & \diagup \\ \text{H} & \text{H} \end{array}$$
- Double covalent bond
- 26.
- $$\left[-\text{CH}_2-\underset{\text{Cl}}{\text{CH}}- \right]$$
- Poly vinyl chloride (PVC)

MATHEMATICS

81.
$$\frac{\cos^2 \theta + \tan^2 \theta - 1}{\sin^2 \theta}$$

 $\Rightarrow \cot^2 \theta + \sec^2 \theta - \cosec^2 \theta$
 $\Rightarrow \sec^2 \theta - 1$
 $\Rightarrow \tan^2 \theta$

82.
$$\frac{\cos^2 20^\circ + \cos^2 70^\circ}{\sin^2 59^\circ + \sin^2 31^\circ}$$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{\cos^2 20^\circ + \sin^2 20^\circ}{\cos^2 31 + \sin^2 31}$
 $\Rightarrow 1$

83.
$$\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} \neq \frac{c_1}{c_2}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{m}{-7}$$

$$m = -\frac{14}{3}$$

84. $x^3 - 4x^2 - 7x + 10$
 $\Rightarrow (x-1)(x^2 - 3x - 10)$
 $\Rightarrow (x-1)(x-5)(x+2)$
 $x = 1, 5, -2$

85.
$$\frac{x+1}{x^2-1} - \frac{x-x^2+2}{x(x^2-1)}$$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{x^2+x-x+x^2-2}{x(x^2-1)}$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{2x^2-2}{x(x^2-1)}$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{2}{x}$

86. $MB = \sqrt{5^2 - 3^2}$
 $MB = 4 \text{ cm}$
 $AB = 8 \text{ cm}$

87. $2\pi(R+r)h = 1320$
 $2\pi(8+r)14 = 1320$
 $2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 14(8+r) = 1320$
 $(8+r) = 15$
 $r = 7$
Diameter = 14

88. $\tan \theta = \frac{h}{4}$
 $\theta = 45^\circ$

89. $\sin \theta (\cosec \theta - \sin \theta)$
 $\Rightarrow 1 - \sin^2 \theta$
 $= \cos^2 \theta$

90. HT, TH
 $P(E) = \frac{1}{2}$

91. Only one way to have same birthday

$$\therefore P(E) = \frac{364}{365}$$

92. Sunita = y Vineeta = x
 $(y - 5) = 3(x - 5)$ $(y + 10) = 2(x + 10)$
 $3x - y - 10 = 0$ $2x - y + 10 = 0$
 $x = 20,$ $y = 50$

93. 10, 12, 14 98
 $98 = 10 + (n - 1)2$
 $88 = 2n - 2$
 $n = 45$

94. $A^C \cap B^C$

95. $N = \frac{\frac{4}{3}\pi(8)^3}{\frac{4}{3}\pi(1)^3} = \frac{5}{2}$

96. $\left[\frac{\cos 41}{\cos 41} + \frac{\cos 41}{\cos 41} \right]^2$
 $2^2 = 4$

97. C

98. B

99. $S = \frac{20}{2} [16 + (20 - 1)(-5)]$
 $= 10[16 - 95]$
 $= 0 \times -79 = -790$

100. Distance covered

$$= 21 \times 60 \times 2\pi \frac{1.6}{2}$$

$$= 21 \times 60 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 1.6$$

$$= 6336 \text{ m}$$

$$= 6.336 \text{ km}$$

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NTSE STAGE – 1 (2017)

ANSWERS KEYS (MAT)

1.	D	2.	C	3.	B	4.	D	5.	B	6.	C	7.	A
8.	C	9.	D	10.	A	11.	B	12.	D	13.	C	14.	B
15.	A	16.	B	17.	D	18.	C	19.	D	20.	A	21.	B
22.	A	23.	B	24.	D	25.	B	26.	C	27.	A	28.	B
29.	D	30.	C	31.	C	32.	A	33.	C	34.	C	35.	A
36.	D	37.	B	38.	C	39.	A	40.	C	41.	A	42.	D
43.	A	44.	C	45.	B	46.	D	47.	A	48.	D	49.	C
50.	B												

HINT & SOLUTIONS (MAT)

1. $1^3, 2^2, 3^3, 4^2, 5^3, 6^2, 7^3$
= 125

2. Common difference 3, 5, 7, 9, 11
28 + 11 = 39

3. 10, 18, 28, 40, 54, ?, 88
8 10 12 14 16
54 + 16 = 70

4. $x3, x3, x3, \dots$
108x3 = 324

5. $1^2, 3^2, 5^2, 7^2, 9^2, 11^2$
Square of odd numbers is 81

6. Raw material – Clay

7. 1st comes in 2nd- water

8. lack of second results in the first – sanitation

9. Thermometer shows temperature

10. An oven is an appliance to keep food items hot
Similarly, a refrigerator keeps food-items cold

11. First is made up of second – steel

12. 1st revolves around 2nd – earth

13. 1st + 135° clockwise direction – North East

14. +1, +1, +1,
OFNFTJT

-
15. +1, -1, +1, -1...
UQBHOHOF
16. +1, +1, +1....
FAMOUS
17. A – 4, C – 5, E – 9, P – 7, T = 7
Ans 455978
18. In the given code
A = 2, B = 4, C = 6,2 = 52
So, ACT = 2 + 6 + 40 = 48 and
BAT = 4 + 2 + 40 = 46
Ans – 46
19. All except throat are sense organs – Throat
20. Brother of mother – Uncle
Uncle's son – Cousin
21. Grand son
22. Let Akash's age today = x years
Then, Akash's age after 1 year = $(x + 1)$ years
Therefore $x + 1 = 2(x - 12)$
 $\Rightarrow x + 1 = 2x - 24 = 25$
23. Lets son's age be x
Then father's age is 3x
Five years ago, father's age = $3x - 5$
And son's age = $x - 5$
So, $3x - 5 = 4(x - 5)$
 $\Rightarrow 3x - 5 = 4x - 20 = 15$
24. Given that seventh day of a month is three days earlier than Friday
 \Rightarrow Seventh day is Tuesday
 \Rightarrow 14th is Tuesday
 \Rightarrow 19th is Sunday
25. 26th Jan – Saturday
Day in between 26th Jan to 14th Feb \Rightarrow 19
So off day = 5
Therefore Saturday + 5 = Thursday
26. (Rank from bottom) + (Rank from top) – 1
 $26 + 7 - 1 = 32$
27. Position from right = 14
Total = 40
So $\Rightarrow 40 - 14 + 1 = 27$
28. South-West
29. 10 meters
30. By observation – C
31. $8 + 6 + 2 + 4 = 20$

-
32. $9 \times 3 = 27$
33. $7 + 5 + 1 + 1 + 3 + 4 = 21$
34. By observation – Six
35. By observation – A (4, 6, 8)
36. By observation – 2
37. By observation – 4
38. $13 + 19 = 32$
 $4 \times 8 = 32$
So C – 20
39. $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, X_6$
 $480 \times 6 = 2880$
40. $1 + 2 = 3$
 $2 + 3 = 5$
 $3 + 5 = 8$
 $5 + 8 = 13$
41. $5 \times (6 + 7) = 63$
Ans (A) – 1
42. $A + F = K$
 $1 + 6$
 $+5 + 5$
Ans D – K
43. By observation (A)
44. By observation (C)
45. By observation (B)
46. By observation (D)
47. By observation (A)
48. By observation (D)
49. By observation (C)
50. By observation (B)