| ITL Public School |
| :--- | :--- |
| Summative Assessment -1 (2014-15) |
| Mathematics - Set A (answer key) |
| Date: $\quad$ M. M: 90 |
| Time: 3 hours: VIII |
| General Instructions: |
| 1. Read the question paper carefully and answer legibly. |
| 2. All questions are compulsory. |
| 3. The question paper consist of 31 questions divided into four sections A,B,C and D |
| 4.Section A comprises of 4 question of 1 mark each, section $B$ comprises of 6 questions of 2 <br> marks each, Section C comprises of 10 questions of 3 marks each and Section $D$ <br> comprises of 11 questions of 4 marks each <br> 5. Use of calculators is not permitted. |


|  | Section - A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q1. | Without adding find the sum of: $1+3+5+7+9+11+13=49$ |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Q2. | $\mathrm{X}=2$ |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Q3. | 1/2 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Q4. | Correct figure |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Section - B |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q5. | 1. Drawing the base ( $1 / 2$ ) <br> 2. Drawing $90^{\circ}$ on both ends ( $1 / 2$ ) <br> 3. Marking $6 \mathrm{~cm}(1 / 2)$ <br> 4. Complete square and labelling ( $1 / 2$ ) |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Q6. | If x and y vary directly then complete the given table ( 0.5 mark each) |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | X | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  |
|  | Y | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 |  |
| Q7. | $\begin{align*} & \frac{6(3)-4}{9(3)+1}=\frac{14}{28}  \tag{1}\\ & \text { HS=RHS } \end{align*}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Q8. | $\begin{align*} & \mathrm{N}^{*} 45=360^{\circ} \\ & \mathrm{n}=8 \tag{1} \end{align*}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Q9. | $5 / 6+\frac{3}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Q10. | Find the square root of 18225. $3 * 3 * 3 * 5=135$ |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | Section - C |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q11. | There are 25 blue balls, 20 green balls and 15 red balls. Find the probability of getting <br> 1) A blue ball $=5 / 12$ <br> 2) A ball which is not red $=3 / 4$ <br> 3) A green ball=1/3 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Q12. | Construct a Quadrilateral MNOP where $\mathrm{MN}=6.2 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{NO}=5.6 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{MP}=8 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\angle \mathrm{M}=85^{\circ}$ and $\angle \mathrm{N}=120^{\circ}$. <br> 1.Rough sketch (0.5) <br> 2.Base (0.5) |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |


|  | 3.Angles (1) <br> 4.Complete quadrilateral(1) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q13. | A bus fare for 112 km is Rs. 728 . How much will be the fare for 240 km ? <br> Bus fare for 112 km is 728 (0.5) <br> Bus fare for 1 km is $728 / 112=6.5$ (1) <br> Bus fare for 240 km is $6.5 * 240=$ rs. 1560 (1.5) | 3 |
| Q14. | a) The smallest member of a Pythagorean triplet is 16 . Find the other two members. $\mathrm{M}=8$ (0.5) therefore, Pythagorean triplet are $8,63,65$ (1.5) <br> b) How many numbers lie between the square of 25 and $26=50$ (1) | 2 |
| Q15. | By which smallest number should we divide 1188to make it a perfect cube? Find the cube root of number so obtained. 1188 should be divided by 44 ( 2 marks) cube of $27=3$ (1) | 3 |
| Q16. | 1. Rough sketch (0.5) <br> 2.Diagonals (0.5) <br> 3.Sides (1.5) <br> 4.Complete rhombus (0.5) | 3 |
| Q17. | Solve for $m$ $\begin{array}{ll} \frac{6}{2 m-(3-4 m)}= & \frac{2}{3} \\ 18=4 \mathrm{~m}-(6-8 \mathrm{~m}) & (1.5) \\ 24=12 \mathrm{~m} & \text { (1) }  \tag{1}\\ \mathrm{m}=2 & (0.5) \end{array}$ | 3 |
| Q18. | In the given rectangle ABCD AC and BD are diagonals. If $\mathrm{AO}=2 \mathrm{y}+3$ and $\mathrm{DO}=3 \mathrm{y}+1$. Find the length of the diagonal. <br> 1. Rectangle property (1 mark) <br> 2. $\mathrm{AO}=\mathrm{DO}$ <br> 3. $\mathrm{Y}=2$ <br> 4. Diagonal $=14 \mathrm{~cm}(1 \mathrm{mark})$ | 3 |
| Q19. | Using properties solve $\begin{align*} & \text { 1) } \frac{16}{21} \times \frac{14}{23}+\frac{16}{21} \times \frac{9}{23} \\ & \frac{16}{21} * \frac{23}{23}=\frac{16}{21} \quad \text { (1.5) }  \tag{1.5}\\ & \text { 2) } \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{-3}{12}-\frac{5}{6}+\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{2}{3} \\ & \frac{2}{3} * \frac{2}{12}-\frac{5}{6}=\frac{26}{36} \quad \text { (1.5) } \end{align*}$ | 3 |
| Q20. | The following table shows the pulse rate of a group of 50 people | 3 |



|  | X=42 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Q27. | The given figure shows a parallelogram. Find the value of x,yand z: |  |
| Q28. | The measures of the two adjacent angles of a parallelogram are in the ratio 3:2. <br> Find the measure of each of the angles of a parallelogram. <br> Let the adjacent angles be 3X and 2X resp. <br> $3 \mathrm{X}+2 \mathrm{X}=180^{\circ}$ <br> X=36 <br> ANGLES ARE 108 |  |
| Q29. AND 72 |  |  |

