#### **Graduate Aptitude Test in Engineering 2017**

**Question Paper Name:** Chemistry 5th Feb 2017

Subject Name: Chemistry

**Duration:** 180 **Total Marks:** 100



# Organizing Institute: Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee

















Question Number: 1	Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33
Consider $N$ particles at temperature $T$ , pressure $P$ , vo energy $E$ . The parameters that are kept constant for a	

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33 **Question Number: 2** 

For *ortho*-hydrogen, the nuclear wavefunction and the rotational quantum number, respectively, are

(A) antisymmetric and even

(B) symmetric and odd

(C) N, P, T

(C) symmetric and even

(A) N, V, T

(D) antisymmetric and odd

**Question Number: 3** Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

 $m_1$  and  $m_2$  are the slopes (dP/dT) of the solid-liquid equilibrium lines in the P-T phase diagrams of  $H_2O$  and  $CO_2$ , respectively. For  $P \le 10$  atm, the values of  $m_1$  and  $m_2$  are

(A)  $m_1 > 0$  and  $m_2 > 0$  (B)  $m_1 > 0$  and  $m_2 < 0$  (C)  $m_1 < 0$  and  $m_2 < 0$  (D)  $m_1 < 0$  and  $m_2 > 0$ 

(B) N, V, E

(D)  $\mu$ , V, T

Correct: 1 Wrong: 0 **Question Number: 4** 

The rate constant of a reaction is 1.25×10<sup>-4</sup> mol L<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>. If the initial concentration of the reactant is 0.250 mol L<sup>-1</sup>, the total time (in seconds) required for complete conversion is \_\_

**Question Number: 5 Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33** 

Consider an ideal gas of volume V at temperature T and pressure P. If the entropy of the gas is S, the partial derivative  $(\partial P/\partial S)_V$  is equal to

- $(A) (\partial T/\partial P)_S$
- (B)  $(\partial T/\partial V)_{P}$
- (C)  $-(\partial T/\partial V)_{S}$  (D)  $(\partial T/\partial S)_{P}$

**Question Number: 6 Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33** 

The wavelength associated with a particle in one-dimensional box of length L is (n refers to the quantum number)

(A) 2L/n

(B) L/n

(C) nL

(D) L/2n

The dependence of rate constant k on temperature T (in K) of a reaction is given by the expression

$$\ln k = [(-5000 \text{ K})/T] + 10$$

The activation energy of the reaction (in kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>) is \_\_\_\_\_ (up to two decimal places)

**Question Number: 8** 

Correct: 1 Wrong: 0

The lowest energy of a quantum mechanical one-dimensional simple harmonic oscillator is 300 cm<sup>-1</sup>. The energy (in cm<sup>-1</sup>) of the next higher level is

**Question Number: 9** 

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

The electronic ground state term for the chromium ion in [Cr(CN)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>4-</sup> is

(A)  $^{3}F$ 

 $(B)^3H$ 

(C)  $^{3}G$ 

(D)  $^5D$ 

**Question Number: 10** 

**Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33** 

The VO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>, CrO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup> and MnO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> ions exhibit intense ligand to metal charge transfer transition. The wavelengths of this transition follow the order

(A) 
$$CrO_4^{2-} < VO_4^{3-} < MnO_4^{-}$$

(B) 
$$MnO_4^- < VO_4^{3-} < CrO_4^{2-}$$

(C) 
$$VO_4^{3-} < CrO_4^{2-} < MnO_4^{-}$$

(D) 
$$CrO_4^{2-} < MnO_4^{-} < VO_4^{3-}$$

Question Number: 11

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

The lanthanide ion that exhibits color in aqueous solution is

(A) La(III)

(B) Eu(III)

(C) Gd(III)

(D) Lu(III)

Question Number: 12 Correct: 1 Wrong: 0

The hapticity of cycloheptatriene, (C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>8</sub>), in Mo(C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>8</sub>)(CO)<sub>3</sub> is

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

The V<sub>0-0</sub> resonance Raman stretching frequency (in cm<sup>-1</sup>) of the O<sub>2</sub> coordinated to iron centre in oxy-hemoglobin is nearly

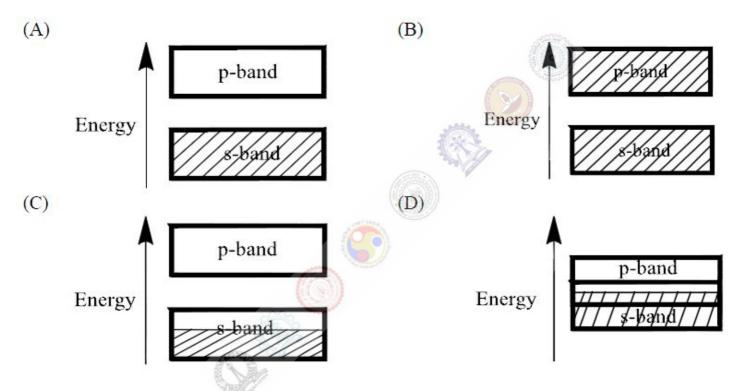
- (A) 1100
- (B) 850

- (C) 1550
- (D) 1950

**Question Number: 14** 

**Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33** 

The energy band diagram for magnesium is (The hatched and unhatched regions in the figure correspond to filled and unfilled regions of the band, respectively.)



**Question Number: 15 Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33** 

P, F and I represent primitive, face-centered and body-centered lattices, respectively. The lattice types of NaCl and CsCl, respectively, are

- (A) F and I
- (B) F and P
- (C) I and P
- (D) P and I

**Question Number: 16** 

**Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33** 

The characteristic feature of an electron spin resonance (ESR) spectrum of frozen aqueous solution of CuSO<sub>4</sub>·5H<sub>2</sub>O at 77 K is

(A) 
$$g_{\parallel} > g_{\perp}$$

(B) 
$$g_{\parallel} < g_{\perp}$$

(C) 
$$g_{\parallel} = g_{\perp}$$

(A) 
$$g_{\parallel} > g_{\perp}$$
 (B)  $g_{\parallel} < g_{\perp}$  (C)  $g_{\parallel} = g_{\perp}$  (D)  $g_{x} \neq g_{y} \neq g_{z}$ 

The most suitable reagent for the following transformation is

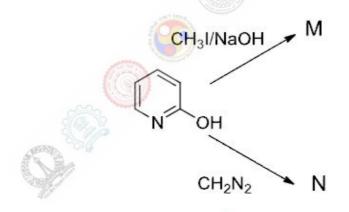
- (A) Li / Liq. NH<sub>3</sub>
- (C) LiAlH<sub>4</sub>

- (B) PtO<sub>2</sub> / H<sub>2</sub>
- (D) B<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>

## **Question Number: 18**

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

The major products M and N formed in the following reactions are



(B)

(D)

$$H_3C$$

$$M = N$$
OF

$$M = N OCH_3$$

$$N =$$
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

(C)
$$M = \bigcap_{\substack{N \\ CH_3}} O$$

$$N =$$
 $OCH_3$ 

$$M = \bigvee_{\substack{N \\ CH_3}} O$$

The <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of acetone-d<sub>6</sub> has a signal at 30 ppm as a septet in the intensity ratio

- (A) 1:6:15:20:15:6:1
- (B) 1:3:6:7:6:3:1
- (C) 1:2:3:5:3:2:1
- (D) 1:3:7:10:7:3:1

## **Question Number: 20**

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

The major product formed in the following reaction is

(A)

MeO O O O O

MeOH

(C)

(D)

(B)

0

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

The major product obtained in the following reaction is

**Question Number: 22** 

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

In the two step reaction sequence given below, the starting bis-sulfone acts as

- (A) a dienophile and synthetic equivalent of acetylene
- (B) a dienophile and synthetic equivalent of ethylene
- (C) a dipolarophile and synthetic equivalent of acetylene
- (D) a dipolarophile and synthetic equivalent of ethylene

The major product formed in the following photochemical reaction is

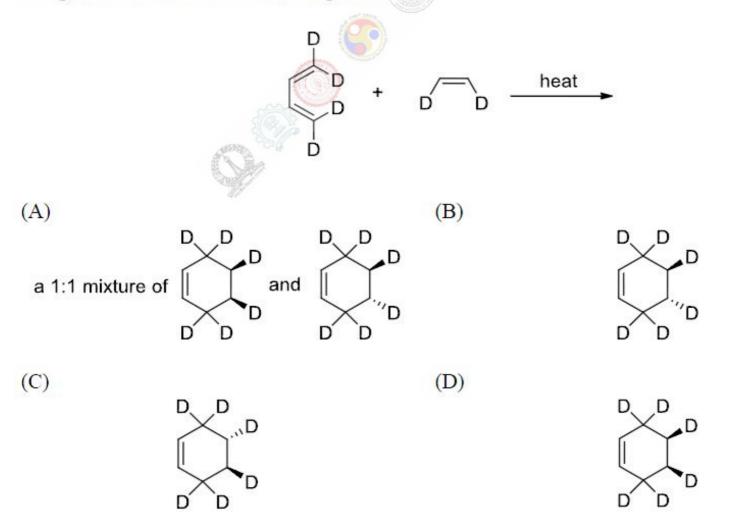
**Question Number: 24** 

Correct: 1 Wrong: -0.33

NO

The product formed in the following reaction is

NO



Correct: 1 Wrong: 0

The number of possible stereoisomers for cyclononene is \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Question Number: 26**

Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

The mobility of a univalent ion in aqueous solution is  $6.00\times10^{-8}$  m<sup>2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> V<sup>-1</sup> at 300 K. Its diffusion coefficient at 300 K is  $X\times10^{-9}$  m<sup>2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>. The value of X is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (up to two decimal places)

#### **Question Number: 27**

Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

For the following consecutive first order reactions

$$X \xrightarrow{k_1 = 2.0 \text{ s}^{-1}} Y \xrightarrow{k_2 = 0.1 \text{ s}^{-1}} Z$$

the time (in seconds) required for Y to reach its maximum concentration (assuming only X is present at time t = 0) is \_\_\_\_\_ (up to two decimal places)

#### **Question Number: 28**

Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

Under physiological conditions, the conversion of  $CO_2$  to bicarbonate ion by carbonic anhydrase enzyme (MW = 30,000 g mol<sup>-1</sup>) has a turnover number of  $4.00 \times 10^5$  s<sup>-1</sup>. The minimum amount of enzyme (in µg) required to convert 0.44 g of  $CO_2$  to bicarbonate ions in 100 seconds is \_\_\_\_\_ (up to two decimal places)

Question Number: 29	Correct: 2 Wrong: 0
	cule and model the $\pi$ electrons as particles in a one- elength (in nm) corresponding to the transition from
Question Number : 30	Correct: 2 Wrong: 0
The standard Gibbs free energy change of the	reaction shown below is -2.7 kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> .
$Sn(s) + Pb^2$	$+ = Sn^{2+} + Pb(s)$
Given that $E^0(Pb^{2+}/Pb)$ is $-0.126$ V, the value of two decimal places)	of $E^0(\operatorname{Sn}^{2+}/\operatorname{Sn})$ in V is (up to
Question Number : 31	Correct: 2 Wrong: 0
The dissociative chemisorption of $X_2(g)$ on a regretation of the rate constants of the adsorption fractional surface coverage of $X(adsorbed)$ at to two decimal places)	[
Question Number: 32	Correct: 2 Wrong: 0
The ionic activity coefficients of Ca <sup>2+</sup> and F-coefficient of CaF <sub>2</sub> is	are 0.72 and 0.28, respectively. The mean activity (up to two decimal places)
Question Number : 33	Correct: 2 Wrong: 0
	ngular momentum vector with respect to z-axis for $l = $ (up to two decimal places)

Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

The Gibbs free energy of mixing is denoted as  $\Delta G_{\text{mix}}$ . 1.0 mole of He, 3.0 moles of Ne and 2.0 moles of Ar are mixed at the same pressure and temperature. Assuming ideal gas behavior, the value of  $\Delta G_{\text{mix}}/RT$  is (up to two decimal places)

**Question Number: 35** 

Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

 $\Psi = [c\phi_1 - (1/\sqrt{3})\phi_2]$  represents a normalized molecular orbital constructed from two different atomic orbitals  $\phi_1$  and  $\phi_2$  that form an orthonormal set. The value of |c| is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (up to two decimal places)

**Question Number: 36** 

Correct: 2 Wrong: -0.66

In cyclophosphazenes,  $(NPX_2)_3$  (X = F, Cl, Br and Me), the strength of P-N  $\pi$ -bond varies with X in the order

(A) F > Cl > Br > Me (B) Me > F > Cl > Br (C) Br > Cl > F > Me (D) Me > Br > Cl > F

**Question Number: 37** 

**Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66** 

The structure type and shape of the polyhedral (skeletal) framework of the carborane, Me<sub>2</sub>C<sub>2</sub>B<sub>10</sub>H<sub>10</sub>, respectively, are

(A) nido and dodecahedron

(B) closo and icosahedron

(C) nido and icosahedron

(D) closo and dodecahedron

**Question Number: 38** 

**Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66** 

If  $\Delta_0$  is the octahedral splitting energy and P is the electron pairing energy, then the crystal-field stabilization energy (CFSE) of [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>2+</sup> is

$$(A) -0.8 \Delta_0 + 2 P$$

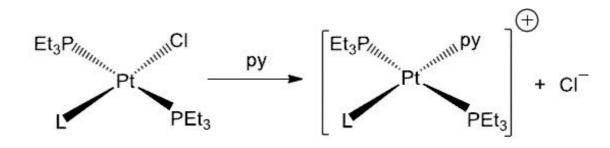
(B) 
$$-0.8 \Delta_0 + 1 P$$

$$(C) -0.8 \Delta_o$$

(D) 
$$-1.8 \Delta_0 + 3 P$$

**Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66** 

The rates of substitution for the following reaction vary with L in the order



 $L = CH_3^-, Cl^-, Ph^- and H^-$ 

- (A)  $CH_3^- > Cl^- > Ph^- > H^-$
- (C)  $Ph^- > CH_3^- > H^- > Cl^-$

- (B)  $Cl^- > Ph^- > H^- > CH_3^-$
- (D) H-> CH<sub>3</sub>- > Ph-> Cl-

## **Question Number: 40**

Correct: 2 Wrong: -0.66

The product formed in the reaction of MeMn(CO)5 with <sup>13</sup>CO is

- (A) (Me13CO)Mn(CO)5
- (C) (MeCO)Mn(CO)<sub>4</sub>(13CO)

- (B) (MeCO)Mn(CO)<sub>5</sub>
- (D) (Me<sup>13</sup>CO)Mn(CO)<sub>4</sub>(<sup>13</sup>CO)

## **Question Number: 41**

**Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66** 

For the following three alkenes, 1, 2 and 3, the rates of hydrogenation using Wilkinson's catalyst at 25 °C vary in the order

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc}
& & H_3C & H_3C & CH_3 \\
& & & C_2H_5 & 3
\end{array}$$

- (A) 1 > 3 > 2
- (B) 1 > 2 > 3
- (C) 2 > 1 > 3
- (D) 2 > 3 > 1

Question Number : 42		Correct: 2 Wrong: 0
$^{210}$ Bi undergoes β <sup>-</sup> decay to $^{1}$ /8 of its init of its initial amount is	and the second s	
Question Number : 43		Correct: 2 Wrong: -0.66
The metal ion and the macrocyclic ske	leton present in the green p	igment of plants, respectively, are
(A) Mg(II) and chlorin (B) Mg(II) and corrin (C) Mn(II) and chlorin (D) Mg(II) and porphine		
<b>Question Number: 44</b>	TOTAL STREET	Correct: 2 Wrong: -0.66
The spinel structure of MgAl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> has cut the octahedral and tetrahedral sites occur.	upied by cations, respective	ely, are
(A) $\frac{1}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$	(C) $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$	(D) $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$
Question Number: 45		Correct: 2 Wrong: 0

The diffusion limiting current ( $I_d$ ) at a dropping mercury electrode for an aqueous Mg(II) solution of concentration 'c' (mol L<sup>-1</sup>) is 300  $\mu$ A. If 'c' is increased by 0.1 mol L<sup>-1</sup>,  $I_d$  increases to 900  $\mu$ A.

The value of 'c' (in mol L-1) is \_\_\_\_\_ (up to two decimal places)

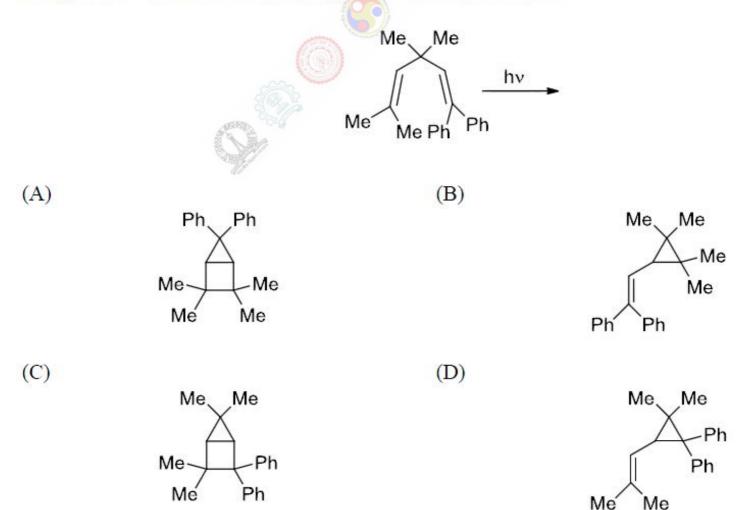
**Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66** 

The major product formed in the following reaction is

## **Question Number: 47**

Correct: 2 Wrong: -0.66

The product formed in the following photochemical reaction is



Among the following decahydroquinoline toluenesulfonates (Ts), the one that yields 9-methylamino-E-non-5-enal as a major product upon aqueous solvolysis is

Question Number: 49 Correct: 2 Wrong: -0.66

The product obtained in the following solvolysis reaction is

- (A) a racemic mixture of trans 1,2-diacetoxycyclohexane
- (B) enantiomerically pure trans 1,2-diacetoxycyclohexane
- (C) racemic cis 1,2-diacetoxycyclohexane
- (D) a mixture of cis and trans 1,2-diacetoxycyclohexane

**Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66** 

The spectroscopic data for an organic compound with molecular formula  $C_{10}H_{12}O_2$  are given below. IR band around 1750 cm<sup>-1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>H NMR  $\delta$  7.3 (m, 5H), 5.85 (q, 1H, J = 7.2 Hz), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.5 (d, 3H, J = 7.2 Hz) ppm. The compound is

(A) methyl 2-phenylpropionate

(B) 1-(phenylethyl) acetate

(C) 2-(phenylethyl) acetate

(D) methyl 3-phenylpropionate

#### **Question Number: 51**

**Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66** 

The structures of the intermediate [P] and major product Q formed in the following reaction sequence are

Me 
$$\downarrow$$
 +  $\downarrow$  N H  $\uparrow$  Coluene reflux  $\downarrow$  P  $\downarrow$  1. Br  $\downarrow$  Q

(D)

(A)
$$P = \begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

(B)
$$P = Me Q = Me$$

$$Q = Me$$

(C)
$$P = Me Q = Me$$

$$Q = Me$$

$$P = \begin{array}{c} & & \\ &$$

Hydration of fumaric acid gives malic acid as shown below. Assume that addition of water takes place specifically from A face or B face. The correct statement pertaining to stereochemistry of malic acid formed is

- (A) addition specifically from A face gives S isomer of malic acid
- (B) addition specifically from B face gives S isomer of malic acid
- (C) addition specifically from A face gives R isomer of malic acid
- (D) addition specifically from B face gives a racemic mixture of malic acid

# **Question Number: 53**

Correct: 2 Wrong: -0.66

Hydroboration of 2-butyne with (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>11</sub>)<sub>2</sub>BH yields the intermediate U, which on treatment with I<sub>2</sub> and NaOMe at -78 °C, gives product V. The structures of U and V are

$$U = H_3C \longrightarrow B(C_6H_{11})_2$$

$$CH_3$$

$$V = H_3C$$
  $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$ 

$$U = A_3C CH_3$$

$$H B(C_6H_{11})_2$$

$$V =$$
 $H$ 
 $C_cH_{11}$ 

$$U = H_3C \longrightarrow B(C_6H_{11})_2 \qquad V = H_3C \longrightarrow C_6H_{11}$$

$$V = H_3C \longrightarrow C_6H_{11}$$

$$V = H_3C \longrightarrow C_6H_{11}$$

$$V = \bigvee_{H}^{H_3C} C_6H_{11}$$

$$U = \bigvee_{H}^{H_3C} CH_3 V = \bigvee_{H}^{C_6H_{11}} CH_3$$

$$V = \bigvee_{H}^{H_3C} C_6H_{11}$$

$$CH_3$$

(C)

The structures of the major products W and X in the following synthetic scheme are

(A) 
$$W = \bigvee_{N} \bigvee_{Ph} \bigvee_{Ph}$$

$$W = \bigvee_{N} X = \bigvee_{N} \bigvee_{N} X = \bigvee_{N} \bigvee_{N} X = \bigvee_{N} \bigvee_{N} X = \bigvee_{N} \bigvee_{N} \bigvee_{N} X = \bigvee_{N} X =$$

The major products Y and Z in the following reaction sequence are

(A)

$$z = \bigvee_{i=1}^{N} \bigvee_{j=1}^{N} O_{j}$$

(B)

$$Y = N_3$$

$$Z = N_3$$

(C)

$$Z = N \rightarrow 0$$
 $N \rightarrow N \rightarrow 0$ 

Ph

(D)

$$Y = \bigvee_{N_3}^{N_3}$$

$$Z = Ph O N_3$$

## **Question Number: 56**

**Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33** 

She has a sharp tongue and it can occasionally turn\_\_\_\_\_

- (A) hurtful
- (B) left

- (C) methodical
- (D) vital

Question 1	Number : 57	Cor	rect:1	Wrong: -0.33
Ι	made arrangements had I	informed e	arlier.	
(A) could (C) had, h	have, been ave	(B) would have, be (D) had been, been	ALCOHOL:	
Question 1	Number : 58	Cor	rect : 1	Wrong: -0.33
which of t  (A) The ra  (B) The ra  (C) The ra	in the summer household consumption of 70%.  the following statements is correct?  the of household to other consumption of household to other consumption to of household to other consumption to of household to other consumption are errors in the official's statement.	on decreases by 20%, won is 8/17 n is 1/17		
Question 1	Number : 59	Cor	rect:1	Wrong: -0.33
	aths on city roads may be attributed to his as a slice of a pie chart is	drunken driving. The n	umber of	degrees needed to
(A) 120	(B) 144	(C) 160	(D) 212	
Question 1	Number : 60	Cor	rect:1	Wrong: -0.33
i. ii. iii. iii. iv.	es are shelves. Some shelves are chains can be deduced from the preceding. At least one bench is a table. At least one shelf is a bench. At least one chair is a table. All benches are chairs.	sentences?		
(A) Only i	(B) Only ii	(C) Only ii and iii	(D) O <sub>1</sub>	nly iv

"If you are looking for a history of India, or for an account of the rise and fall of the British Rai, or

**Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66** 

11 ) 00 111 100 111 01 111 111 111 111 1
for the reason of the cleaving of the subcontinent into two mutually antagonistic parts and the
effects this mutilation will have in the respective sections, and ultimately on Asia, you will not find
it in these pages; for though I have spent a lifetime in the country, I lived too near the seat of
events, and was too intimately associated with the actors, to get the perspective needed for the
impartial recording of these matters".

Here, the word 'an	ntagonistic' is closest in me	eaning to	
(A) impartial	(B) argumentative	(C) separated	(D) hostile
Question Number	er : 62		Correct: 2 Wrong: -0.66

S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, and Z are seated around a circular table. T's neighbours are Y and V. Z is seated third to the left of T and second to the right of S. U's neighbours are S and Y; and T and W are not seated opposite each other. Who is third to the left of V?

(A) X (B) W (C) U (D) T

**Question Number: 63 Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66** 

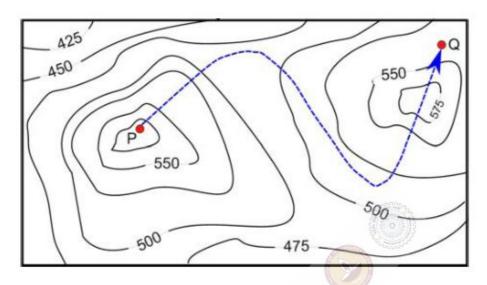
Trucks (10 m long) and cars (5 m long) go on a single lane bridge. There must be a gap of at least 20 m after each truck and a gap of at least 15 m after each car. Trucks and cars travel at a speed of 36 km/h. If cars and trucks go alternately, what is the maximum number of vehicles that can use the bridge in one hour?

(A) 1440 (B) 1200 (C) 720 (D) 600

**Question Number: 64 Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66** 

There are 3 Indians and 3 Chinese in a group of 6 people. How many subgroups of this group can we choose so that every subgroup has at least one Indian?

(C) 48 (A) 56 (B) 52 (D) 44 A contour line joins locations having the same height above the mean sea level. The following is a contour plot of a geographical region. Contour lines are shown at 25 m intervals in this plot.



The path from P to Q is best described by

- (A) Up-Down-Up-Down
- (C) Down-Up-Down

- (B) Down-Up-Down-Up
- (D) Up-Down-Up