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JAWAHARLAL TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY-2008

III B.TECH SUPPLIMENTARY EXAMINATIONS **METROLOGY** (MECHANICAL ENGINEERINMG)

AUG/SEP 2008

TIME-3 HOUR MARK-80

ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS. ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

- 1. (a) Explain the terms: Limits (upper & lower) of tolerance and fit. Sketch the conventional diagram to represent these terms for a shaft and a hole.
- (b) For each of the following shaft and hole pair, calculate shaft tolerance, hole tolerance and analyze whether the pair is
- i. Clearance fit ii. Transition fit

iii. Interference fit.

Pair 1: Hole:- 30+0.02 +0.00mm Shaft:- 30-0.04

+0.005mm

Pair 2: Hole:- 30+0.06

+0.00mm Shaft:- 30-0.03

+0.05mm

Pair 3: Hole:- 30+0.05

+0.00mm Shaft:- 30+0.08

+0.05mm

Sketch the three fits on the same zero line.

- 2. (a) What are slip gauges? What are their uses?
- (b) What are the requirements of a good dial indicator? What are advantages of it?
- 3. Discuss various methods of taper measurement of plug and ring gauges.
- 4. (a) Explicate the classification of plain limit gauges.
- (b) Design general type GO and NO-GO gauges for components having 25 H8/f9 fit. The basic size falls in the diameter range of 18-30mm. The fundamental deviation for 'f' shaft=(-5.5 Do.4) microns. The multipliers for 8 and 9 grades are 25 and 40. Take wear allowance as 10% of gauge tolerance. Sketch the gauges with values.
- 5. (a) What are the limitations and uses of optical flats?
- (b) Describe the working principle of interferometer with a neat sketch.
- 6. (a) Stylus type instruments are widely used despite several disadvantages-Explain
- (b) The heights of peaks and valleys of 20 successive points on a surface are 45, 30, 42, 25, 40, 25, 35, 24, 35, 18, 42, 34, 45, 31, 40, 30, 41, 24, 42, 18 microns respectively, measured over a length 20 mm, Determine CLA and RMS values of roughness surface.
- 7. (a) Enumerate various characteristics of a good comparator.
- (b) Explain the working of sigma comparator with special reference to cross strip lever in detail.
- 8. (a) "Measurement of effective diameter by three wires is more accurate than any other method" Explain.
- (b) State various sources of errors in manufacture of gears.