	00	MMON	hosted at www.educationobserver.com/foi ENTRANCE TEST - 2011				
	Lauran	1		VUE II			
	DATE		BJECT		TIME		
2	7-04-2011	BIO	LOGY	10.	30 AM to 11.50 AM		
MAX	IMUM MARKS	TOTAL	DURATION	MAXIMU	M TIME FOR ANSWERING		
	60	80 M	INUTES		70 MINUTES		
	MENTION	YOUR	QUEST	ION BOO	KLET DETAILS		
	CET NU		VERSION	CODE	SERIAL NUMBER		
			Α.	1	222833		
0s :							
Cl	heck whether the CET	'No. has been e	entered and shade	d in the respe	ctive circles on the OMR answer sheet.		
Tł	nis Question Booklet is	s issued to you	by the Invigilator	after the 2 nd 1	Bell, i.e., after 10.30 a.m.		
Tł	ne Serial Number of th	nis question boo	oklet should be en	tered on the C	OMR answer sheet.		
			oklet should be e	ntered on the	OMR answer sheet and the respective		
	rcles should be shaded						
	ompulsory sign at the	bottom portion	of the OMR answ	er sheet in th	e space provided.		
ONTs				El La L	이상 전망 전 집안 집안 집안 했다.		
				sheet should	not be damaged/mutilated/spoiled.		
Tł	ne 3 rd Bell rings at 10	.40 a.m. till the	en;				
۲				nand side of th	nis question booklet.		
•	Do not look inside						
•	Do not start answe	ring on the OM	R answer sheet.				
		IMPORTANT	INSTRUCTION	IS TO CANI	DIDATES		
	This question booklet contains 60 questions and each question will have one statement and four distracters (four different options / choices).						
				/staple preser	nt on the right hand side of this question		
	oklet and start answe uring the subsequent 7	•	in answer sheet.				
•	Read each question						
			out of the four av	ailable distrat	cters (options/choices) given under each		
	question/statemen						
•	Completely darke against the quest				OR BLACK INK BALLPOINT PEN		
1	CORRECT METHOD	OF SHADING	THE CIRCLE ON	THE OMR S	HEET IS AS SHOWN BELOW:		
1.13			1 3 4)			
	ease note that even a the scanner. Therefor				et will also be recognized and recorded OMR answer sheet.		
	e the space provided eet for the same.	on each page	of the question be	ooklet for Rou	ngh Work. Do not use the OMR answer		
	ter the last bell is run HUMB IMPRESSION				ver sheet and affix your LEFT HAND ons.		
Ha	and over the OMR ans	wer sheet to th	e room Invigilator	as it is.			
Afi	ter senarating and ret	aining the ton	sheet (KEA Conv) the Invigila	tor will return the bottom sheet replica		

8. After separating and retaining the top sheet (KEA Copy), the Invigilator will return the bottom sheet replica (Candidate's copy) to you to carry home for self-evaluation.

9. Preserve the replica of the OMR answer sheet for a minimum period of ONE year.

SR - 1

Turn Over

3 A - 1 BIOLOGY Four children belonging to the same parents have the following blood groups A, B, AB 1. and O. Hence, the genotypes of the two parents are 1) Both parents are homozygous for 'A' group 2) One parent is homozygous for 'A' and another parent is homozygous for 'B' 3) One parent is heterozygous for 'A' and another parent is heterozygous for 'B' 4) Both parents are homozygous for 'B' group 2. Mitotic stages are not observed in 1) Cosmarium 2) E.coli 3) Saccharomyces 4) Chlorella 3. The types of ribosomes found in prokaryotic cell are 1) 100 S 2) 80 S 3) 60 S 4) 70 S The name of Smt. Thimmakka is associated with the 4. 1) planting and conservation of avenue trees 2) agitations against hydroelectric project 3) 'Appiko' movement 4) conservation of fauna and flora of the western ghats Dog distemper is a disease carried by a 5. 1) bacterium 2) viroid 4) virus 3) prion

A - 1

4

6. When a fresh water protozoan is placed in marine water,

- 1) the contractile vacuole disappears
- 2) the contractile vacuole increases in size
- 3) a number of contractile vacuoles appear
- 4) the contractile vacuole remains unchanged
- 7. The 2005 Nobel Prize for Physiology/Medicine was awarded to Barry Marshall and Robin Warren of Australia for their discovery of
 - 1) human papilloma virus causing cervical cancer
 - 2) bacterium helicobacter pylori causing peptic ulcer
 - 3) prions, a new biological principle of infection
 - 4) Human Immunodeficiency Virus
- 8. The following is the diagram of T.S. of Anther. Identify the parts labelled *A*, *B*, *C*.
 - 1) A = Connective, B = Endothecium,
 - C = Pollen grain
 - 2) A = Endothecium, B = Connective,C = Pollen grain
 - 3) A = Pollen grain, B = Connective,
 - C =Endothecium
 - 4) A = Endothecium, B = Pollen grain,
 C = Connective
- 9. Pick the mammal with true placenta :
 - 1) Kangaroo
 - 3) Platypus

- 2) Echidna
- 4) Mongoose
- 10. Which one of the following is correct?
 - 1) Introns are present in m-RNA and exons are present in t-RNA.
 - 2) Codons are present in m-RNA and anticodons in t-RNA.
 - 3) Every intron is a set of three terminator codons.
 - 4) Exons are present in eukaryotes while introns are present in prokaryotes.



A - 1

5

4) endodermis

11. Casparian strips are present in the of the root.

- 1) epiblema 2) cortex
- 3) pericycle
- 12. How do you differentiate a frog from a toad?
 - 1) Frog has no exoskeleton but toad has scales.
 - 2) Frog respires through lungs but toad respires through skin.
 - 3) Frog has a tail but toad has no tail.
 - 4) Frog has no parotid glands but toad has a pair of parotid glands.
- 13. Column I contains larval stages and column II contains the group to which it belongs. Match them correctly and choose the right answer.

	Column I		Column II
A	Planula	р	Annelida
В	Tornaria	q	Mollusca
С	Trochophore	r	Arthropoda
D	Bipinnaria	s	Chordata
E	Glochidium	t	Echinodermata
· · .		u	Coelenterata

1) A = u, B = s, C = p, D = t, E = q3) A = t, B = s, C = r, D = q, E = p4) A = s, B = r, C = q, D = s, E = u5) A = t, B = s, C = r, D = q, E = p5) A = s, B = r, C = q, D = p, E = t

14. Read the following statements A and B.

A : Many organs of aquatic plants float in water.

B : Large air gaps are present in the collenchyma tissues of lotus leaf. Select the correct answer.

- 1) Statement A is correct and B is wrong.
- 2) Statement B is correct and A is wrong.
- 3) Statements A and B both are correct.
- 4) Statements A and B both are wrong.

15. Arrange the following in the ascending order of Linnaean hierarchy.

- 1) Kingdom order species genus class family phylum.
- 2) Kingdom family genus species class phylum order.
- 3) Kingdom phylum class order family genus species.
- 4) Species genus family order class phylum kingdom.

(Space for Rough Work)

Turn Over

SR - 1

A - 1

6

- 16. Animals which possess cleidoic eggs exhibit.
 - 1) External fertilization and internal development
 - 2) Internal fertilization and internal development
 - 3) Internal fertilization and external development
 - 4) External fertilization and external development
- 17. The diagram given below represents the histology of a striped muscle. Label the parts A, B, C, D, E and F.



- F Light band.
- 2) A Sarcoplasm, B Light band, C Myofibril, D Sarcolemma, E Nucleus, F Dark band.
- 3) A Light band, B Sarcoplasm, C Myofibril, D Sarcolemma, E Nucleus, F Dark band.
- 4) A Sarcolemma, B Nucleus, C Dark band, D Light band, E Sarcoplasm, F Myofibril.
- 18. Populations are said to be allopatric when
 - 1) they are physically isolated by natural barriers
 - 2) they are sharing the same area but cannot interbreed
 - 3) they live together and breed freely to produce viable offspring
 - 4) they are isolated but often come together for breeding
- 19. The World Intellectual Property Day is observed on
 - 1) February, 29th 2) June, 30th
 - 3) April, 26th 4) September, 5th
- 20. Which one of the following is an example of chlorophyllous thallophyte?
 - 1) Volvarialla 2) Spirogyra
 - 3) Nephrolepis

(Space for Rough Work)

4) Gnetum

		7 A - 1
21.	Pinus belongs to the class	
	1) Gnetopsida	2) Cycadopsida
	3) Coniferopsida	4) Sphenopsida
22.	With reference to enzymes, which one	e of the following statements is true?
	1) Apoenzyme = Holoenzyme +	Coenzyme
	2) Holoenzyme = Apoenzyme +	Coenzyme
	3) Coenzyme = Apoenzyme + H	Ioloenzyme
	4) Holoenzyme = Coenzyme - A	Apoenzyme
23.	Gametophyte is the dominant phase i	n the lifecycle of
	1) Hibiscus	2) Nephrolepis
	3) Cycas	4) Riccia
24.	both dominant traits and another par	s a dihybrid cross, one parent is homozygous for ent is homozygous for both recessive traits. In the tions and recombinations appear. The phenotypic mbinations is
	1) 10:6	2) 12:4
	3) 9:7	4) 15:1
25.	A balanced diet does NOT include	
	1) Carbohydrates and fats	2) Nucleic acids and enzymes
	3) Proteins and vitamins	4) Minerals and salts

Turn Over

A - 1

8

26. Match the types of the fruits listed in column I, with the examples listed in column II. Choose the answer which gives the correct combination of alphabets of the two columns.

	Column I		Column II
A	Capsule	р	Paddy
В	Berry	q	Mango
С	Drupe	r	Sunflower
D	Cypsela	S	Tomato
4		t	Ladies finger

	1)	A = t, B	= s, (C = q, I	$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{r}$	2)	A = t, B = t	r, C = p,	$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{q}$
--	----	----------	--------	----------	---------------------------	----	--------------	-----------	---------------------------

3) A = s, B = t, C = q, D = r4) A = p, B = q, C = r, D = t

27. In genetic code, 61 codons code for 20 different types of amino acids. This is called

- 1) Colinearity 2) Commaless
- 3) Degeneracy 4) Nonambiguity

28. By the statement 'survival of the fittest', Darwin meant that

- 1) The strongest of all species survives
- 2) The most intelligent of the species survives
- 3) The cleverest of the species survives
- 4) The most adaptable of the species to changes survives

29. Which one of the following plants is considered as lesser known species of food crops?

- 1) <u>Psophocarpus tetragonolobus</u> 2) <u>Sorghum Vulgare</u>
- 3) <u>Eleusine Coracana</u> 4) <u>Pennisetum typhoides</u>
- **30.** When 2 to 3 drops of Benedicts reagent are added to a urine sample and heated gently, it turns yellow. This colour change indicates that
 - 1) Urine contains 2% glucose 2) Urine contains 0.5% glucose
 - 3) Urine contains 1.5% glucose 4) Urine contains 1% glucose

A - 1

.9

31. BT brinjal is an example of transgenic crops. In this, BT refers to

- 1) <u>Bacillus</u> tuberculosis
- 3) Betacarotene 4) <u>Bacillus thuringiensis</u>

2) Biotechnology

32. Which one of the following is NOT an antitranspirant?

- 1) PMA 2) BAP
- 3) Silicon oil 4) Low viscosity

33. The brainstem is made up of

- 1) Midbrain, pons, cerebellum
- 2) Midbrain, pons, medulla oblongata
- 3) Diencephalon, medulla oblongata, cerebellum
- 4) Cerebellum, cerebrum, medulla oblongata

34. The loosely arranged nonchlorophyllous parenchyma cells present in lenticels are called

- 1) Complementary cells 2) Passage cells
- 3) Water stomata 4) Albuminous cells
- **35.** Column I contains terms and column II contains definitions. Match them correctly and choose the right answer.

	Column I		Column II
A	Parturition	' p'	Attachment of zygote to endometrium
В	Gestation	q	Release of egg from Graafian follicle
C	Ovulation	r	Delivery of baby from uterus
D	Implantation	S	Duration between pregnancy and birth
Е	Conception	t.	Formation of zygote by fusion of the egg and sperm
		u	Stoppage of ovulation and menstruation

1) A = q, B = s, C = p, D = t, E = r2) A = s, B = r, C = p, D = t, E = q3) A = t, B = p, C = q, D = r, E = s4) A = r, B = s, C = q, D = p, E = t

			10	A - 1
36.	CAM pa	thway is observed in		
	1)	Pineapple	2)	Maize
	3)	Sunflower	4)	Sugarcane
37.	The nur	nber of ATP produced when a m	nolecu	le of glucose undergoes fermentation is
	1)	4	2)	36
	3)	2	4)	38
38.	Silk pro	duced by <u>Antheraea mylitta</u> is a	lso ca	lled
	1)	Muga silk	2)	Tassar silk
	3)	Eri silk	4)	Mysore silk
39.	Which o	f the following hormones is a st	eroid?	
	1)	Estrogen	2)	Insulin
	3)	Glucagon	4)	Thyroxine
40.	More me	en suffer from colour blindness t	han w	omen because
	1)	women are more resistant to di	isease	than men
	2)	the male sex hormone testoster	rone c	auses the disease
	3)	the colour blind gene is carried	on th	ne 'Y' chromosome
	4)	men are hemizygous and one de colour blind	efectiv	ve gene is enough to make them

SR - 1

11 A - 1 41. Which one of the following theories on the origin of life is mostly accepted? 1) Special creation 2) Steady state 3) Panspermia 4) Chemical origin 42. The rosette habit of cabbage can be changed by application of 1) IAA 2) GA 3) ABA 4) Ethaphon 43. Effective filtration pressure in glomerulus is caused due to 1) powerful pumping action of the heart 2) secretion of adrenalin -3) Afferent arteriole is slightly larger than efferent arteriole 4) Vacuum develops in proximal convoluted tubule and sucks the blood 44. Banana bunchytop virus is transmitted through 1) Pentalonia nigronervosa 2) Aedes aegypti 3) Culex sp 4) Agribacterium sp In a tissue culture media, the resource of the phytohormone is 45. 1) Agar agar 2) Glucose 3) Micronutrients 4) Coconut milk

(Space for Rough Work)

Turn Over

SR - 1

2) A = q, B = r, C = s, D = p

A - 1

12

46. With reference to the pituitary, which of the following statements is true?

- 1) Neurohypophysis secretes vasopressin and oxytocin.
- 2) Neurohypophysis secretes TSH and STH.
- 3) Neurohypophysis collects and stores vasopressin and oxytocin.
- 4) Adenohypophysis secretes vasopressin and oxytocin.
- 47. Column I contains some terms and column II contains their meanings. Match them properly and choose the right answer.

	Column I	1.5	Column II
Α	Glycogenesis	р	Conversion of glycogen to glucose
В	Glycosuria	q	Conversion of glucose to glycogen
C	Glyconeogenesis	r	Excretion of glucose in urine
D	Glycogenolysis	s	Conversion of noncarbohydrate sources to glucose
		t	Conversion of glucose to starch

1)
$$A = p, B = q, C = r, D = s$$

3)
$$A = q, B = p, C = r, D = s$$

4) $A = p, B = t, C = q, D = s$

- 48. The term, genetic RNA refers to
 - 1) genetic material of RNA viruses
 - 2) the RNA that carries genetic message
 - 3) the RNA that helps gene regulation in lac-operon
 - 4) the RNA present in mitochondria
- **49.** As per the guidelines of the Indian Red Cross society, which of the following persons is recommended for blood donation?
 - 1) People not in good health, under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
 - 2) Ladies during menstruation, pregnancy and breast feeding.
 - 3) Healthy women but unwed and below the age of 35.
 - 4) Persons who are immunized with live vaccines.
- **50.** In a typical heart, if EDV is 120 ml of blood and ESV is 50 ml of blood, the stroke volume (SV) is

1)	120 - 50 = 70 ml	2)	120 + 50 = 170 ml
3)	$120 \times 50 = 6000 \text{ ml}$	4)	$120 \div 50 = 2.4 \text{ ml}$

(Space for Rough Work)

SR - 1

13

A - 1

51. The term, 'southern blotting' refers to

- 1) transfer of DNA fragments from <u>invitro</u> cellulose membrane to electrophoresis gel
- 2) attachment of probes to DNA fragments
- 3) transfer of DNA fragments from electrophoresis gel to nitrocellulose sheet
- 4) comparison of DNA fragments from two sources

52. In some chordates, the notochord is modified as the vertebral column. Such animals are called vertebrates. Which of the following statements make sense?

- 1) All chordates are vertebrates but all vertebrates are not chordates.
- 2) All vertebrates are chordates and all chordates are vertebrates.
- 3) All vertebrates are chordates but all chordates are not vertebrates.
- 4) Chordates are not vertebrates and vertebrates are not chordates.

53. A clone is

- 1) a group of genetically similar organisms produced through asexual reproduction
- 2) a group of genetically similar organisms produced through sexual reproduction
- 3) a group of dissimilar organisms produced as a result of asexual reproduction
- 4) a group of genetically dissimilar organisms produced as a result of sexual reproduction

54. The space between the plasma membrane and the cell wall of a plasmolyzed cell surrounded by a hypertonic solution is occupied by the

- 1) hypotonic solution 2) isotonic solution
- 3) hypertonic solution 4) water
- 55. When the blood contains a high percentage of CO_2 and a very low percentage of O_2 , the breathing stops and the person becomes unconcious. This condition is known as
 - 1) suffocation 2) asphyxia
 - 3) emphycema 4) eupnoea

A - 1

14

56. Which one of the following is not related to guttation?

- 1) Water is given out in the form of droplets.
- 2) Water given out is impure.
- 3) Water is given out during daytime.
- 4) Guttation is of universal occurrence.

57. The force responsible for upward conduction of water against gravity comes from

- 1) transpiration 2) photosynthesis
- 3) translocation 4) respiration

58. Column I contains names of the sphincter muscles of the alimentary canal and column II contains their locations. Match them properly and choose the correct answer.

	Column I		Column II
A	Sphincter of ani internus	р	opening of hepatopancreatic duct into duodenum
В	Cardiac sphincter	q	between duodenum and posterior stomach
С	Sphincter of oddi	r	guarding the terminal part of alimentary canal
D	Ileocaecal sphincter	s	between oesophagus and anterior stomach
Е	Pyloric sphincter	t	between small intestine and bowel

A = r, B = q, C = s, D = p, E = t
 A = q, B = t, C = p, D = s, E = r
 A = r, B = s, C = p, D = t, E = q
 A = s, B = r, C = p, D = q, E = t

59. Which one of the following reactions is an example of oxidative decarboxylation?

- 1) Conversion of succinate to fumerate.
- 2) Conversion of fumerate to malate.
- 3) Conversion of pyruvate to acetyl CoA.
- 4) Conversion of citrate to isocitrate.

60. Chemiosmosis hypothesis given by Peter Mitchel proposes the mechanism of

- 1) synthesis of NADH
- 2) synthesis of ATP
- 3) synthesis of FADH,
- 4) synthesis of NADPH