2004 AIIMS May, 2004

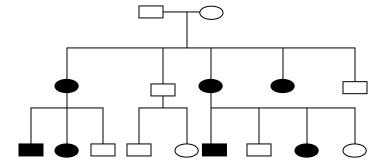
(AIIMS Paper: May-2004)

- 1. A forty four year old man presented with acute onset of low backache radiating to the right lower limb. Examination revealed SLRT<40 on the right side, weakness of extensor hallucis longus on the right side, sensory loss in the first web space of the right foot and brisk knee jerk. Which of the following is the most likely diagnose
 - 1. Prolonged intervertebral disc L4-5
 - 2. Spondylolysis L5-S1
 - 3. Lumbar canal stenosis
 - 4. Sondylolisthesis L4-5
- 2. A woman of forty-five, a known case of pemphigus vulgaris on a regular treatment with controlled primary disease presented with pain in the right hip and knee. Examination revealed no limb length discrepancy but the patient has tenderness in the Scarpa's triangle and limitation of adduction and internal rotation of the right hip joint as compared to the other side. The most probable diagnosis is:
 - 1. Stress fracture of neck of femur.
 - 2. A vascular necrosis of femoral head.
 - 3. Perthes' disease
 - 4. Transient synovitis of hip.
- 3. A 24-year-old male, known epileptic, presented following a seizure with pain in the right shoulder region. Examination revealed that the right upper limb adducted and internally rotated and the movements could not be performed. Which of the following is the most likely diagnosis?
 - 1. Posterior dislocation of shoulder
 - 2. Luxatio erecta
 - 3. Intrathoracic dislocation of shoulder
 - 4. Subglenoid dislocation of shoulder
- 4. A 30-year-old male underwent excision of the right radial head. Following surgery, the patient developed inability to extend the fingers and thumb of the right hand. He did not have any sensory deficit. Which one of the followint is the most likely cause?
 - 1. Injury to posterior interosseous nerve.
 - 2. Introgenic injury to common extensor origin
 - 3. Injury to anterior Interosseous nerve.
 - 4. High radial nerve palsy.
- 5. A ten-year-old boy presenting with a cubitus varus deformity and a history of trauma three months back on clinical examination, has the preserved three bony points relationship of the elbow. The most probable clinical diagnosis is:
 - 1. Old unreduced dislocation of elbow
 - 2. Non-union lateral condylar fracture of humerus.
 - 3. Malunited inter condylar fracture of humerus.

- 4. Malunited supracondylar fracture of humerus.
- 6. All of the following cause a grey-white membrane on the tonsils, except:
 - 1. Infectious mononucleosis
 - 2. Ludwig's angina
 - 3. Streptococcal tonsillitis
 - 4. Diphtheria.
- 7. A 65-year-old smoker presents with hoarseness, haemoptysis and a hard painless lump in the left supraclavicular fossa. Which of the following is the most appropriate diagnostic step?
 - 1. Undertake an open biopsy of the neck lump
 - 2. Undertake a radical neck dissection
 - 3. Do fine needle aspiration cytology.
 - 4. Give a trial of Anti tuberculous therapy.
- 8. All of the following conditions are known to cause diabetes insipidus except:
 - 1. Multiple sclerosis
 - 2. Head injury
 - 3. Histiocytosis
 - 4. Viral encephalitis
- A tracheostomised patient, with portex tracheostomy tube, in the ward, developed sudden complete blockage of the tube. Which of the following is best next step in the management/
 - Immediate removal of the tracheostomy tube
 - 2. Suction of tube with sodium bicarbonate.
 - 3. Suction of tube with saline.
 - 4. Jet ventilation.
- 10. All of the following surgical procedures are used for allergic Rhinitis, except:
 - 1. Radiofrequency ablation of the inferior turbinate.
 - 2. Laser ablation of the inferior turbinate.
 - 3. Submucosal placement of silastic in inferior turbinate.
 - 4. Inferior turbinectomy.

2004

11. Which of the following is the most likely inheritance pattern in the pedigree given below?



- 1. Autosomal dominant
- 2. Mitochondrial
- 3. Autosomal recessive
- 4. X-linked dominant.
- 12. If both husband and wife are suffering with achondroplasia, what are their chances of having a normal child?
 - 1. 0%
 - 2. 25%
 - 3. 50%
 - 4. 100%
- 13. A two-year-old boy has vitamin D resistant rickets. His investigations revealed serum calcium 9 mg/dl, phosphate 2.4 mg/dl, alkaline phosphatase 1041 IU, normal intact parathyroid hormone and bicarbonate 22 mEq/l. Which of the following is the most probable diagnosis?
 - 1. Distal renal tubular acidosis.
 - 2. Hypophosphatemic rickets.
 - 3. Vitamin D dependent rickets.
 - 4. Hypoparathyroidism
- 14. The renal biopsy of a 6-year-old boy with recurrent gross hematuria shows IgA nephropathy. The urinary protein excretion is130 mg/day. Which of the following is the most appropriate next step in the management?
 - 1. Administer corticosteroids.
 - 2. Give azathioprine
 - 3. Start Cyclosporine
 - 4. Urinary bag sample
- 15. Which of the following is the most appropriate method for obtaining a urine specimen for culture in an 8-month-old girl?
 - 1. Suprapubic aspiration
 - 2. Indwelling catheter sample
 - 3. Clean-catch void
 - 4. Urinary bag sample.

AIIMS May, 2004

- 16. An 8 year-old-boy during a routine check up is found to have E.coli 1,00,000 cc/ml on a urine culture. The urine specimen was obtained by midstream clean-catch void. The child is asymptomatic. Which is the most appropriate next step in the management?
 - 1. Treat as an acute episode of urinary tract infection
 - 2. No therapy
 - 3. Prophylactic antibiotics for 6 months
 - 4. Administer long-term urine alkalinizer.
- 17. In which of the following conditions, aniridia and hemihypertrophy are most likely present?
 - 1. Neuroblastoma
 - 2. Wilms' tumour
 - 3. Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma
 - 4. Germ-cell tumor.
- 18. A 2-year-old child comes with discharge, seborrheic dermatitis, polyuria and hepatosplenomagaly. Which of the following is the most likely diagnosis?
 - 1. Leukemia
 - 2. Lymphoma
 - 3. Langerhan's cell histiocytosis
 - 4. Germ cell tumour
- 19. All of the following drugs are contraindicated in patients with G-6-PD deficiency except:
 - 1. Co-trimoxazole
 - 2. Furazolidone
 - 3. Nalidixic acid
 - 4. Ceftriaxone
- 20. Injection glucagons is effective for management persistent hypoiglycemia in all, Except:
 - 1. Large for date baby
 - 2. Galactosemia
 - 3. Infant of diabetic mother.
 - 4. Nesidioblastosis
- 21. The most appropriate management for maintaining patency of ductus arteriosus in a neonate is:
 - 1. Prostaglandin E₁.
 - 2. Nitric oxide.
 - 3. Oxygen.
 - 4. Indomethacin
- 22. During surgery of hernia, the sac of a strangulated inguinal hernia should be opened at the:
 - 1. Neck
 - 2. Body
 - 3. Fundus
 - 4. Deep ring
- 23. Raised serum amylase levels are used to diagnose:
 - 1. Autoimmune disease
 - 2. Degenerative diseases
 - 3. Acute cholecystitis
 - 4. Acute pancreatitis

IAMS

2

2004

- 24. In the mitogen activated protein kinase pathway, the activation of Ras is counteracted by;
 - 1. Protein kinase C.
 - 2. GTPase activating protein
 - 3. Phosphatidyl inositol
 - 4. Inositol triphosphate.
- 25. Wire loop lesions are oftencharacteristic for the following class of lupus nephritis:
 - 1. Mesangial proliferative glomerulonephritis (WHO class II)
 - 2. Focal proliferative glomerulonephritis (WHO class III)
 - 3. Diffuse proliferative glomerulonephritis (WHO class IV)
 - 4. Membranous glomerulonephritis (WHO class V)
- 26. Which one of the following is a cause for "restrictive" cardiomyopathy:
 - 1. Alcohol
 - 2. Hemochromatosis
 - 3. Amyochromatosis
 - 4. Sarcoidosis
- 27. Which of the following lesions is associated with HIV infection?
 - 1. Hairy leukoplakia
 - 2. Erythroplakia
 - 3. Oral lichen planus.
 - 4. Bullous pemphigoid
- 28. The most common site of a benign (peptic) gastric ulcer is:
 - 1. Upper third of lesser curvature
 - 2. Greater curvature
 - 3. Pyloric antrum
 - 4. Lesser curvature near incisura angularis.
- 29. Which of the following would be the best morphological feature to distinguish ulcerative colitis from Crohn's disease:
 - 1. Diffuse distributions of pseudopolyps.
 - 2. Mucosal edema
 - 3. Crypt abscesses.
 - 4. Lymphoid aggregates in the mucosa.
- 30. In Chronic Viral Hepatitis:
 - 1. Hepatisis A virus infection is a common cause in children
 - 2. Morphological classification into Chronic Active Hepatitis and Chronic Persistent Hepatitis are important.
 - 3. Fatty change is pathognomonic of Hepatitis C Virus infection
 - 4. Grading refers to the extent of necrosis and inflammations

AIIMS May, 2004

- 31. Mesangial deposits of monoclonal Kappa/Lambda light chains is indicative of:
 - 1. Mesangioproliferative glomerulonephritis
 - 2. Focal and segmental glomerulosclerosis
 - 3. Kimmelsteil-Wilson lesions
 - 4. Amyloidosis
- 32. A 59-year-old male came with Hb 18.0g/dl on three occasions. The resident doctor wants to exclude Polycythemia Vera. Which of the following is the most relevant investigation/
 - 1. Hematocrit
 - 2. Total leucocyte count
 - 3. Red cell mass
 - 4. Reticulocyte count
- 33. A 20-year-old female, asymptomatic, not requiring blood transfusion, presents with Hb 13.0g/dl. Her HbF levels are 95%, Hb A2 1.5%. Which of the following is the most likely diagnosis?
 - 1. Hereditary persistence of fetal hemoglobin
 - 2. Beta homozygous thalassemia.
 - 3. Thalassemia intermedia
 - 4. Beta heterozygous thalassemia
- 34. In a patient with acute leukemia Immunophenotype pattern is CD 19+ve, CD 10+ve, CD33+ve, CD 13+ve. He may probably have:
 - 1. Biphenotypic leukemia
 - 2. ALL
 - 3. AML-M2
 - 4. AML-MO
- 35. A patient with cirrhosis of liver has the following coagulation parameters, platelet count 200,000, Prothrombin time 25s/12s, Activated partial thromboplastin time 60s/35s, thrombin time 15s/15s. In this patient:
 - 1. D-dimer will be normal
 - 2. Fibrionogen will be<100mg.
 - 3. ATIII will be high
 - 4. Protein C will be elevated.
- 36. The liver biopsy in acute hepatitis due to hepatitis B virus is likely to show all of the following except:
 - 1. Ballooning change of hepatocytes
 - 2. Ground glass hepatocytes
 - 3. Focal or spotty necrosis
 - 4. Acidophil bodies
- 37. Which of the following is not a prodrug:
 - 1. Enalapril
 - 2. Oxcarbazepine
 - 3. Chloralydrate
 - 4. Diazepam

3

2004

- 38. Which of the following antimalarial is a show acting schizontocide;
 - 1. Artemether
 - 2. Mefloquine
 - 3. Pyrimethamine
 - 4. Quinine
- 39. In which of the following condition Thalidomide may be used?
 - 1. Myocardial infarction
 - 2. Erythema nodosum leprosum
 - 3. Wernicke's Encephalopathy
 - 4. Epilepsy
- 40. Aldosterone antagonists are not useful in the treatment of:
 - 1. Hypertension
 - 2. Congestive heart failure
 - 3. Gynecomastia
 - 4. Hirsutism
- 41. The following statements are true for therapy with lithium, except:
 - 1. It is used in bipolar disorder
 - 2. Thiazides are useful in treating lithium induced diabetes insipidus
 - 3. Regular measurements of blood concentration of lithium is necessary
 - 4. Na+ is a specific antidote for lithium intoxication
- 42. Which one of the following is not used in glaucoma
 - 1. Timolol
 - 2. Physostigmine
 - 3. Donepezil
 - 4. Dipivefrine
- 43. Which of the following is fourth generation cephalosporin
 - 1. Ceftriaxone
 - 2. Cefaclor
 - 3. Cefepime
 - 4. Cefuroxime
- 44. Which of the following drug causes Pseudotumor cerebri
 - 1. Sparfloxacin
 - 2. Tetracycline
 - 3. Gentamicin
 - 4. Clofazimine
- 45. Which of the following condition is caused by Amphotericin B
 - 1. Hypokalemia
 - 2. Hyperkalemia
 - 3. Hypermagnesemia
 - 4. Hyponatremia

AIIMS May, 2004

- 46. In renal disease albumin is first to appear in urine because
 - 1. Of its high concentration in plasma
 - 2. Has molecular weight slightly greater than the molecules normally getting filtered
 - 3. High albumin globulin ratio
 - 4. Tubular epithelial cells are sensitive to albumin
- 47. Huntigton's disease is due to the loss of
 - 1. Nigrostrial dopaminergic neurons
 - 2. Intrastriatal cholinergic neurons
 - 3. Intrastriatal GABA ergic neurons
 - 4. Intrastriatal cholinergic and GABA ergic neurons
- 48. Which one of the following clearly states the role of cerebellum in motor performance
 - 1. Planning and programming of movement
 - 2. Convert abstract thought into voluntary action
 - 3. Initiation of skilled voluntary action
 - 4. Smoothers and coordinates ongoing movements
- 49. Lesion in which of the following structure leads to Kluver Bucy syndrome
 - 1. Amygdala
 - 2. Hippocampus
 - 3. Hypothalamus
 - 4. Temporal lobe
- 50. Which of the following phrase adequately describes Pacinian corpuscles
 - 1. A type of pain receptors
 - 2. Slowly adapting touch receptors
 - 3. Rapidly adapting touch receptors
 - 4. Located in the joints
- 51. Ovulation is associated with sudden rise in
 - 1. Prolactin
 - 2. Testosterone
 - 3. LH
 - 4. Oxytocin
- 52. The normal adult human electroencephalogram (EEG)
 - 1. Will not show high frequency waves during stage 3 sleep
 - 2. Shows alpha rhythm when a person is awake but inattentive
 - 3. Has lower frequency waves during mental activity
 - 4. Is predominated by large amplitude waves during REM sleep
- 53. The neuromuscular blocking action of curare is brought about by
 - 1. Blocking acetycholine synthesis
 - 2. Preventing the release of acetycholine
 - 3. Causing persistent depolarization
 - 4. Competitive inhibition

<u>IAMS</u>

2004 AIIMS May, 2004

- 54. The afferent nerve fibres which are most sensitive to local anaesthetic belong to Group
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. C
 - 4. D
- 55. Lower oesophageal sphincter
 - 1. Has no tonic activity
 - 2. Has a tone which is provided by the sympathetic system
 - 3. Relaxes on increasing abdominal pressure
 - 4. Relaxes ahead of the peristaltic wave
- 56. Which of the following is the most common endocrine tumour of pancreas
 - 1. Insulinoma
 - 2. Gastrinoma
 - 3. VIPoma
 - 4. Glucagonoma
- 57. Drinking can be induced by
 - 1. Electrical stimulation of the posterior hypothalamus
 - 2. Osmotic stimulation of supraoptic nucleus
 - 3. Lesions in the paraventricular nucleus
 - 4. Neuronal lesion of the preoptic nucleus
- 58. Meiosis occurs in human males in
 - 1. Epididymis
 - 2. Seminiferous tubules
 - 3. Vas deferens
 - 4. Seminal vesicles
- 59. When information memorized afterwards is interfered by the information learnt earlier, it is called
 - 1. Retroactive inhibition
 - 2. Proactive inhibition
 - 3. Simple inhibition
 - 4. Inhibition
- 60. A 23-year-old engineering student is brought by his family to the hospital with history of gradual onset of suspiciousness, muttering and smiling without clear reason, decreased socialization, volent outbursts, and lack of interest in studies for 8 months. Mental status examination revealed a blunt affect, thought broadcast, a relatively preserved cognition, impaired judgment and insight. He is most likely to be suffering from
 - 1. Delusional disorder
 - 2. Depression
 - 3. Schizophrenia
 - 4. Anxiety Disorder

61. A 34-year-old housewife reports a three month history of feeling low, lack of interest in activities, lethargy, multiple body – aches, ideas of

worthlessness, decreased appetite and disturbed sleep with early morning awakening. She is likely to benefit from

- 1. Anti psychotics
- 2. Anti depressants
- 3. Anxiolytics
- 4. Hypno sedatives
- 62. A 31-year-old male, with mood disorder, on 30 mg of haloperidol and 1000 mg of lithium, is brought to the hospital emergency room with history of acute onset of fever, excessive sweating, confusion, rigidity of limbs and decreased communication for a day. Examination reveals tachycardia and labile blood pressure and investigations reveal increased CPK enzyme levels and leucocytosis. He is likely to have developed
 - 1. Lithium toxicity
 - 2. Tardive dyskinesia
 - 3. Neuroleptic malignant syndrome
 - 4. Hypertensive encephalopathy
- 63. A 19-year-old body suffering from chronic schizophrenia is put on haloperidol in the dose of 20 mg/day. A week after the initiation of medication the patient shows be restlessness, fidgety, irritability and cannot sit still at one place. The most appropriate treatment strategy is
 - 1. Increase in the dose of haloperidol
 - 2. Addition of anticholinergic drug
 - 3. Addition of betablocker
 - 4. Adding another antipsychotic drug
- 64. A 42-year-old male with a past history of a manic episode presents with an illness of a 1 month duration characterized by depressed mood, anhedonia and profound psychomotor retardation. The most appropriate management strategy is prescribing a combination of
 - 1. Antipsychotics and antidepressants
 - 2. Antidepressants and mood stabilizers
 - 3. Antipsychotics and mood stabilizers
 - 4. Antidepressants and benzodiazepines
- 65. A 25-year-old man presented with fever and cough for two months. CT chest showed bilateral upper lobe fibrosis and mediastinal enlarged necrotic nodes with peripheral rim enhancement. What is the most likely diagnosis
 - 1. Sarcoidosis
 - 2. Tuberculosis
 - 3. Lymphoma
 - 4. Silicosis

2004 66 For the evaluation of blunt abdominal trauma

- 66. For the evaluation of blunt abdominal trauma which of the following imaging modalities is ideal
 - 1. Ultrasonography
 - 2. Computed Tomography
 - 3. Nuclear Scintigraphy
 - 4. Magnetic Resonance Imaging
- 67. Which one of the following statements is wrong regarding adult polycystic kidney disease
 - 1. Kidneys are enlarged in size
 - 2. The presentation is unilateral
 - 3. Intracranial aneurysms may be associated
 - 4. Typically manifests in the 3rd decade
- 68. Following are common features of malignant gastric ulcer on barium meal except
 - 1. Location on the greater curvature
 - 2. Carman's meniscus sign
 - 3. Radiating folds which do not reach the edge of the ulcer
 - 4. Lesser curvature ulcer with a nodular rim
- 69. Cock's peculiar tumor is
 - 1. An infected sebaceous cyst
 - 2. A malignant tumor of the scalp
 - 3. A metastatic lesion of the scalp
 - 4. An indicator of underlying osteomyelitis
- 70. Angiographically, the typical "beaded" of "pile or plates" appearance involving the internal carotid artery is observed in
 - 1. Takayu's Disease
 - 2. Non Specific aorto arteritis
 - 3. Fibromuscular dysplasia
 - 4. Rendu Osler Weber Disease
- 71. A 43-year-old lady presents with a 5 cm lump in right breast with a 3 cm node in the supraclavicular fossa. Which of the following TNM stage she belongs to as per the latest AJCC staging system
 - 1. T2N0M1
 - 2. T1N0M1
 - 3. T2N3M0
 - 4. T2N2M0
- 72. What dose of radiation therapy is recommended for plain relief in bone metastases
 - 1. 8 Gy in one fraction
 - 2. 20 Gy in 5 fraction
 - 3. 30 Gy in 10 fraction
 - 4. Above 70 Gy
- 73. Mean hemoglobin of a sample of 100 pregnant women was found to be 10 mg% with a standard deviation of 1.0 mg%. The standard error of the estimate would be
 - 1. 0.01
 - 2. 0.1
 - 3. 1.0
 - 4. 10.0

AIIMS May, 2004

- 74. Which of the following tumors have an increased elevation of placental alkaline phosphates in the serum as well as a positive immunohistochemical staining for placental alkaline phosphatase
 - 1. Seminoma
 - 2. Hepatoblastoma
 - 3. Hepatocellular carcinoma
 - 4. Peripheral neuroectodermal tumor
- 75. A patient with cancer received extreme degree of radiation toxicity. Further history revealed that the dose adjustment of a particular drug was missed during the course of radiotherapy. Which one of the following drugs required a dose adjustment in that patient during radiotherapy in order to prevent radiation toxicity
 - 1. Vinscristine
 - 2. Dactinomycin
 - 3. Cyclophosphamide
 - 4. 6 Mercaptopurine
- 76. On performing refraction using a plane mirror on a patient who has a refractive error of 3 diopter sphere with –2 diopter cylinder at 90° from a distance of 1 meter under no cycloplegia, the reflex would be seen to move
 - With the movement in the horizontal axis and against the movement in the vertical axis
 - 2. With the movement in both the axes
 - 3. Against the movement in both axes
 - 4. With the movement in the verticals and against the movement in horizontal axis
- 77. A 25-year-old male gives a history of redness, pain and mild dminution of vision in one eye for past 3 days. There is also a history of low backache for the past one year. On examination there is circumcorneal congestion, cornea is clear apart from a few fine keratic precipitates on the corneal endothelium, there are 2+ cells in the anterior chamber and the intracular pressure is within normal limits. The patient is most likely suffering from
 - 1. Acute attack of angle closure glaucoma
 - 2. HLA B 27 related anterior uveitis
 - 3. JRA associated uveitis
 - 4. Herpetic keratitis
- 78. A soft contact lens user presents to you with pain, watering, photophobia and a white spot in the center of the cornea. What will be your initial management
 - 1. Start frequent antibiotic eye drops after discontinuing the contact lens
 - 2. Pad and bandage the eye for 12 hrs
 - 3. Frequent instillation of artificial tears
 - 4. Topical non steroidal anti inflammatory drugs (NSAID)

2004 AIIMS May, 2004

- 79. A 3 year old child presents with a right convergent squint of 6 months duration .what is the appropriate management?
 - Immediate surgical correction followed by amblyopia therapy
 - 2. Proper refractive correction, amblyopia therapy followed by surgical correction
 - 3. Prescribe spectacles and defer surgery until the child is 5 year old
 - 4. Botulinum toxin injection followed by occlusion therapy
- 80. A young man aged 30 years, presents with difficulty in vision in the left eye for the last 10 days. He is immunocompetent, a farmer by occupation, comes from a rural community and gives history of trauma to his left eye with vegetative matter 10 15 days back. On examination, there is an ulcerative lesion in the cornea, whose base has raised soft creamy infiltrate. There are a few satellite lesions also. The most probable aetiological agent is
 - 1. Acanthamoebia
 - 2. Corynebacterium diphtheriae
 - 3. Fusarium
 - 4. Streptococcus pneumoniae
- 81. The right lobe of the liver consists which of the following segments
 - 1. V, VI, VII and VIII
 - 2. IV, V, VI, VII and VIII
 - 3. I, V, VI, VII and VIII
 - 4. I, IV, V, VI, VII and VIII
- 82. Which of the following statements about the Holmium: YAG laser is incorrect
 - 1. It has wavelength of 2100 nm
 - 2. Its use for uric acid stones has caused deaths due to generation of cyanide
 - 3. It is effective against the hardest urinary stones
 - 4. It can even cut the wires of stone urinary
- 83. Congenital hypertrophic pyloric stenosis usually presents
 - 1. Within 2 days after birth
 - 2. Around 1 week after birth
 - 3. Around 2 weeks after birth
 - 4. Around 2 months after birth
- 84. Which of the following liver tumour has a propensity to invade the portal or hepatic vein
 - 1. Cavernous haemangioma
 - 2. Hepatocellular carcinoma
 - 3. Focal Nodular hyperplasia
 - 4. Hepatic adenoma
- 85. 'Weak Giants' are produced by
 - 1. Thyroid adenomas
 - 2. Thyroid carcinomas
 - 3. Para thyroid adenomas

- 4. Pituitary adenomas
- 86. Wedged hepatic venous pressure represents the pressure in the
 - 1. Main portal vein
 - 2. Main hepatic vein
 - 3. Sinusoids
 - 4. Central vein radicles
- 87. Which of the following usually products osteoblastic secondaries
 - 1. Carcinoma lung
 - 2. Carcinoma breast
 - 3. Carcinoma urinary bladder
 - 4. Carcinoma prostate
- 88. Carcinoid syndrome produces valcular disease primarily of the
 - 1. Venous valves
 - 2. Triscupid valve
 - 3. Mitral valve
 - 4. Aortic valve
- 89. Carcinoid tumor is most common in
 - 1. Esophagus
 - 2. Stomach
 - 3. Jejunum
 - 4. Appendix
- 90. The treatment of choice for a mucocele of gallbladder is
 - 1. Aspiration of mucous
 - 2. Cholecystectomy
 - 3. Cholecytostomy
 - 4. Antibiotics and observation
- 91. For every 100, 000 population, the highest prevalence of blindness in the world is seen in
 - 1. Sub Saharan Africa
 - 2. South Asia
 - 3. Eastern Europe
 - 4. Latin America
- 92. Vesicoureteric reflux is more common in
 - 1. New born females
 - 2. Older girls
 - 3. Older boys
 - 4. Only during pregnancy
- 93. Most common cause of subarachnoid hemorrhage is
 - 1. Hypertension
 - 2. Aneurysm
 - 3. Arterio venous malformation
 - 4. Bleeding disorders
- 94. The investigation of choice for imagining of urinary tract tuberculosis is
 - 1. Plain X ray
 - 2. Intravenous urography
 - 3. Ultrasound
 - 4. Computed tomography

95. Bag and mask ventilation is contraindicated in

1. Cleft lip

2004

- 2. Meconium Aspiration
- 3. Diaphragmatic hernia
- 4. Multicentric Bronchogenic Cyst
- 96. Subdural hematoma most commonly results from
 - 1. Rupture of intracranial aneurysm
 - 2. Rupture of cerebral AVM
 - 3. Injury to cortical bridging veins
 - 4. Haemophilia
- 97. Virchow's triad includes all of the following except
 - 1. Venous stasis
 - 2. Injury to veins
 - 3. Blood Hypercoagulability
 - 4. Venous thrombosis
- Following drugs are immunosuppressive drug except
 - 1. Cyclosporin
 - 2. Cefaclor
 - 3. Azathioprine
 - 4. Steroids
- 99. The most common cause of superficial thrombophlebitis is
 - 1. Trauma
 - 2. Infection
 - 3. Varicostities
 - 4. Intravenous infusion
- 100. "Sunary appearance" on x-rays is suggestive of
 - 1. A chondrosarcoma
 - 2. A metastatic tumor in the bone
 - 3. An osteogenic sarcoma
 - 4. An Ewing's sarcoma
- 101. Which of the following local anaesthetics is most likely to produce an allergic reaction
 - 1. Prilocaine
 - 2. Ropivacaine
 - 3. Etidocaine
 - 4. Benzocaine
- 102. All of the following drugs can induce methaemoglobinaemia, except
 - 1. Nitroglycerine
 - 2. Procaine
 - 3. Prilocaine
 - 4. Phenytoin
- 103.A six-year-old child is posted for elective urology surgery under general anesthesia. He refuses to allow the anaesthesiol an I.V. access. The best inhalational agent of choice for induction of anaesthesia is
 - 1. Sevoflurane
 - 2. Methoxyflurane
 - 3. Desflurane
 - 4. Isoflurane

- 104.A seventy-year-old patient is posted for a surgery which is likely to last 4-6 hours. The best inhalational agent of choice for maintenance of anaesthesia in such a case is
 - 1. Methoxyflurane
 - 2. Ether
 - 3. Trichlorethylene
 - 4. Desflurane
- 105.A 30-year-old lady is to undergo surgery under intravenous regional anesthesia for her left 'triger finger'. Which one of the following should not be used for this patient
 - 1. Lignocaine
 - 2. Bupivacaine
 - 3. Prilocaine
 - 4. Lignocaine + Ketorolac
- 106.A 21-year-old lady with a history of hypersensitivity to neostigmine is posted for an elective caesarean section under general anesthesia. The best muscle relaxant of choice in this patient should be
 - 1. Pancuronium
 - 2. Atracurium
 - 3. Rocuronium
 - 4. Vecuronium
- 107. What would be the first line of treatment if a patient develops ventricular fibrillation after
- 108. After contrast media injection in the Radiology department, a patient develops severe hypotension, bronchospasm and cyanosis. Which one of the following drugs should be used for treatment
 - 1. Atropine
 - 2. Aminophylline
 - 3. Dopamine
 - 4. Adrenaline
- 109. Which is the enzyme inhibited by aminophylline
 - 1. Monoamine oxidase
 - 2. Alcohol dehydrogenase
 - 3. Cytochrome p-450
 - 4. Phosphodiestetase
- 110. The pressure volume curve is shifted to the left in
 - 1. Mitral regugitation
 - 2. Aortic regugitation
 - 3. Mitral stenosis
 - 4. Aortic stenosis

- 111.A young boy who was driving motorcycle at a high speed collided with a tree & was thrown on his right shoulder. Though there was no fracture, his right arm was medially rotated and forearm pronated. The following facts concerning this patient are correct, except
 - 1. The injury was at Erb's point
 - 2. A lesion of C5 and C6 was present
 - 3. The median and ulnar nerves were affected
 - 4. Supraspinatus, infraspinatus, subclavius & biceps brachii were paralysed
- 112. In a vehicular accident, the musculocutaneous nerve was completely severed, but still the person was able to weakly flex the elbow joint. All of the following muscles are responsible for this flexion, except
 - 1. Brachioradialis
 - 2. Flexor carpi radialis
 - 3. Ulnar head of pronator teres
 - 4. Flexor carpi ulnaris
- 113.A patient presented with normal eyesight and absence of direct and consensual light reflexes.

 Which of the following cranial nerves is suspected to be lesioned
 - 1. Occulomotor
 - 2. Trochlear
 - 3. Optic
 - 4. Abducent
- 114.A baby girl with ambiguous genitalia is found to have 21-hydroxylase deficiency of the salt wasting type. Which of the following karyotypes would you except to find
 - 1. 46, XX
 - 2. 46, XY
 - 3. 47, XXY
 - 4. 47. XYY
- 115. A man is rushed to casualty, nearly dying after a massive blood loss in an accident. There is not much time to match blood groups, so the physician decides to order for one of the following blood groups. Which one of the following blood groups should the physician decide
 - 1. O negative
 - 2. O positive
 - 3. AB positive
 - 4. AB negative
- 116. The intrafusal fibres of the striated skeletal muscles are innervated by one of the following type of motor neurons. Choose the correct answers
 - 1. Alpha
 - 2. Beta
 - 3. Gamma
 - 4. Delta

- 117. Misexpression of which of the following homoeobox genes alters the position of the forelimbs during development
 - 1. HOXA7
 - 2. HOXB8
 - 3. HOXC9
 - 4. HOXD10
- 118. Which of the following nuclei belongs to the general visceral efferent column
 - 1. Facial nerve nucleus
 - 2. Trigeminal motor nucleus
 - 3. Dorsal nucleus of vagus
 - 4. Nucleus ambiguous
- 119. Dislocation of the vertebrae is uncommon in thoracic region because in this region
 - 1. The articular processes are interlocked
 - 2. The vertebral body is long
 - 3. Anterior longitudinal ligament is strong
 - 4. Spinous process is long and pointed
- 120. Joint between epiphysis and diaphysis of a long bone is a type of
 - 1. Plane synovial joint
 - 2. Fibrous joint
 - 3. Symphysis
 - 4. Synchondrosis
- 121.A 30-years-old male patient presents with complains of weakness in right upper and both lower limbs for last 4 months. He developed digitals infarcts involving 2nd and 3rd fingers on right side and 5th finger on left side. On examination, BP was 160/40 mm Hg, all peripheral pulses were palpable and there was asymmetrical neuropathy. Investigations showed a Hb 12 gm, TLC 12000 Cu mm, Platelets 4,30,000 and ESR 49 mm. Urine examination showed protienuria and RBC 10 15/hpf with no casts. What is the most likely diagnosis
 - 1. Polyarteritis nodosa
 - 2. Systemic lupus erythematosus
 - 3. Wegner's granulomatosis
 - 4. Mixed cryoglobulemia
- 122.All of the following statements about LDL are true except
 - 1. It delivers cholesterol to cells
 - 2. It contains only one Apoprotein
 - 3. It is a marker for cardiovascular disease
 - 4. It contains Apo B4
- 123. The protection against small pox by previous infection with cow pox represents
 - 1. Antigenic cross reactivity
 - 2. Antigenic specificity
 - 3. Passive Immunity
 - 4. Innate Immunity

- 124. Which of the following class specific antigenic determinants of an immunoglobulin is associated with
 - 1. L. Chain
 - 2. H. Chain
 - 3. J. Chain
 - 4. Variable region
- 125. The inhibitory neurotransmitter in CNS neurons is
 - 1. Glutamate
 - 2. Aspartate
 - 3. Gamma amino butyric acid
 - 4. Taurine
- 126. The most important source of reducing equivalents for fatty acid synthesis in the liver is
 - 1. Glycolysis
 - 2. TCA cycle
 - 3. Uronic acid pathway
 - 4. HMP pathway
- 127. Insulin increases the activities of all of the following enzymes, except
 - 1. Glucokinase
 - 2. Pyruvate carboxylase
 - 3. Glycogen synthase
 - 4. Acetyl CoA carboxylase
- 128. Which of the following combinations of biologically active molecules does vitamin A consists of
 - 1. Retinol, retinal and retinoic acid
 - 2. Retinol, retinal and tetrahydrofolate
 - 3. Retinol, conjugase and retinoic acid
 - 4. PABA, retinal and retinaldehyde
- 129. The primary structure of a protein refers to the
 - 1. Linear number and order of the amino acids present
 - 2. Regular co nformational forms of a protein
 - 3. Complete three dimensional structure of the polypeptide units of a given protein
 - 4. Subunit structure of the protein
- 130.Excessive ultraviolet (UV) radiation is harmful to life. The damage caused to the biological systems by ultraviolet radiation is by
 - 1. Inhibition of DNA synthesis
 - 2. Formation of thymidine dimmers
 - 3. Ionization
 - 4. DNA fragmentation
- 131.Biological role of metallothioneins is to sequester harmful metal ions. These bind
 - 1. Cd⁺⁺, Cu⁺⁺ & Zn⁺⁺
 - 2. Al⁺⁺⁺, Hg⁺⁺ & NH₄⁺
 - 3. Pt⁺⁺, As⁺⁺⁺ & PO₄
 - 4. Fe⁺⁺⁺, Na⁺ & K⁺

- 132. Which one of the following is not true for an helix
 - 1. It is one of the most important secondary structure
 - 2. It has a net dipole moment
 - 3. All hydrogen bonds are aligned in the same direction
 - 4. Long stretches of left handed Ahelices occur in proteins
- 133. Which one of the following infestations leads to malabsorption
 - 1. Giardia lamblia
 - 2. Ascaris lumbricoides
 - 3. Necater Americana
 - 4. Ancylostoma duodenale
- 134.All of the following statements about plague are wrong, except
 - 1. Domestic rate is the main reservoir
 - 2. Bubonic is the most common variety
 - 3. The causative bacillus can survive up to 10 years in the soil of burrows
 - 4. The incubation period for pneumonic plague is one to two weeks
- 135. National Health Policy of India 2002 includes all the following includes all the following as goals, except
 - 1. Eradicate Polio and yaws by year 2005
 - 2. Achieve zero level transmission of HIV/AIDS by year 2010
 - 3. Eliminate Kala Azar by year 2005
 - 4. Eliminate Lymphatic Filariasis by year 2015
- 136. The incubation period for yellow fever is
 - 1. 3 to 6 days
 - 2. 1 to 2 weeks
 - 3. 3-4 weeks
 - 4. 8-10 weeks
- 137. Which of the following is the mode of transmission of Q fever
 - 1. Bite of infected louse
 - 2. Bite of infected tick
 - 3. Inhalation of aerosol
 - 4. Bite of infected mite
- 138. The following are characteristic features of staphylococcal food poisoning, except
 - 1. Optimum temperature for toxin formation is 37 deg. C
 - 2. Intradictic toxins are responsible for intestinal symptoms
 - 3. Toxins can be destroyed by boiling for 30 minutes
 - 4. Incubation period is 1-6 hours

2004 AIIMS May, 2004

- 139. Which of the following is the best indicates of severity of a short duration acute disease
 - 1. Cause specific death rate
 - 2. 5 year survival
 - 3. Case fatality rate
 - 4. Standardized mortality ratio
- 140.All of the following are risk factors for carcinoma gall bladder, except
 - 1. Typhoid carriers
 - 2. Adenomatous gall bladder polyps
 - 3. Choledochal cysts
 - 4. Oral contraceptives
- 141. Which of the following is the most common cause of maternal mortality in India
 - 1. Hemorrhage
 - 2. Anemia
 - 3. Abortion
 - 4. Sepsis
- 142. Which of the following is the nodal ministry for Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) Programme Centers
 - 1. Ministry for Human Resource Development
 - 2. Ministry for Rural Development
 - 3. Ministry for Health and Family Welfare
 - 4. Social Justice
- 143. The systemic distortion of retrospective studies that can be eliminated by a prospective design is
 - 1. Confounding
 - 2. Effect modification
 - 3. Recall bias
- 144.If we reject Null Hypothesis, when actually it is true, it is known as
 - 1. Type 1error
 - 2. Type 2 error
 - 3. Power
 - 4. Specificity
- 145. Hepatitis C virus is a
 - 1. Toga Virus
 - 2. Flavi Virus
 - 3. Filo Virus
 - 4. Retro virus
- 146.If a new effective treatment is initiated and all other factors remain the same; which of the following is most likely to happen
 - 1. Incidence will not change
 - 2. Prevalence will not charge
 - 3. Neither incidence nor prevalence will change
 - 4. Incidence and prevalence both will change
- 147. Troponin-T is a marker of:
 - 1. Renal diseases
 - 2. Muscular dystrophy
 - 3. Cirrhosis of liver
 - 4. Myocardial infraction

- 148. The gold standard for the diagnosis of osteoporosis is:
 - 1. Dual energy X-ray absorptimetry
 - 2. Single energy X-ray absorptimetry
 - 3. Ultrasonography
 - 4. Quantitative computed tomography
- 149. Which one of the following relationships shown between different parameters of a performances of a test is correct
 - 1. Sensitivity = 1 specificity
 - 2. Positive Predictive Value = 1 negative predictive value
 - 3. Sensitivity is inversely proportional to specificity
 - 4. Sensitivity = 1 Positive predictive value
- 150.A 25-year-old female has been diagnosed to be suffering from tuberculosis categorized as category II (sputum +ve relapse). The treatment regimen recommended under DOTS is
 - 1. $2 (HRZE)_3 + 5 (HR)_3$
 - 2. $2 (HRSZE)_3 + (HRZE)_3 + 5 (HR)_3$
 - 3. $3 (HRZE)_3 + 2 (HRE)_3 + 4 (HR)_3$
 - 4. $3 (HRSZE)_3 + 1 (HRZE)_3 + 6 (HRE)_3$
- 151. Which sampling method is used in assessing immunization status of children under an immunization program
 - 1. Quota sampling
 - 2. Multistage sampling
 - 3. Stratified random sampling
 - 4. Cluster sampling
- 152. All the following statements are true about break point chlorination, except
 - 1. Free chlorine is released in water after break point chlorination
 - 2. Chlorine demand is the amount needed to kill bacteriam oxidize organic matter and neutralize ammonia
 - 3. 1 ppm free chlorine should be present in water after break point has reached
 - 4. Contact period of 1 hour is necessary
- 153.A 9-year-old boy has multiple itchy erythematous wheals all over the body for 2 days. There is no respiratory difficulty. Which is the best treatment
 - 1. Antihelminthics
 - 2. Systemic corticosteroids
 - 3. Antihistamines
 - 4. Adrenaline

2004 AIIMS May, 2004

- 154.A 23-year-old college student has asymptomatic and hyperpigmented macules on both palms for three weeks. The most appropriate diagnostic test is
 - Veneral Diseases Research Laboratory (VDRL) test
 - 2. Skin biopsy
 - 3. Serum cortisol levels
 - 4. Assay for arsenic in skin, hair and nails
- 155.A forty- two year –old engineer developed redness of the glans and radial fissuring of the prepuce 2 weeks ago. A potassium hydroxide preparation of scrapings from the glans showed pseudohyphae and buds. Which one of the following systemic illness should be screened for
 - 1. Pulmonary tuberculosis
 - 2. Diabetes mellitus
 - 3. Systemic candidiasis
 - 4. Chronic renal failure
- 156.A 27-year-old patient was diagnosed to have borderline leprosy and started on multibacillary multi drug therapy. Six weeks later, he developed pain in the nerves and redness and swelling of the skin lesions. The management of his illness should include all of the following except
 - 1. Stop anti leprosy drugs
 - 2. Systemic corticosteroids
 - 3. Rest to the limbs affected
 - 4. Analgesics
- 157.Rakesh, a 7-year-old body had itchy, excoriated papules on the forehead and the exposed parts of the arms and legs for 3 years. The disease was most severe in the rainy season and improved completely in winter. The most likely diagnosis is
 - 1. Insect bite hypersensitivity
 - 2. Scabies
 - 3. Urticaria
 - 4. Atopic dermatitis
- 158.A 23-year-old male had unprotected sexual intercourse with a commercial sex worker. Two weeks later, he developed a painless, indurated ulcer on the glans which exuded clear serum on pressure. Inguinal lymph nodes in both groins were enlarged and not tender. The most appropriate diagnostic test is
 - 1. Gram's stain of ulcer disease
 - 2. Darkfild microscopy of ulcer discharge
 - 3. Giemsa stain of lymph node aspirate
 - 4. ELISA for HIV infection
- 159.A three month-old male infant developed otitis media for which he was given a course of cotrimoxazole. A few days later he developed extensive peeling of the skin; there were no

mucosal lesions and the baby was not toxic. The most likely diagnosis is

- 1. Toxic epidermal necrolysis
- 2. Staphylococcal scalded skin syndrome
- 3. Stevens Johnson syndrome
- 4. Infantile pemphigus
- 160.A 55-year-old male, with uncontrolled diabetes mellitus and hypertension, developed severe air bone contact dermatitis. The most appropriate drug for his treatment would be
 - 1. Systemic corticosteroids
 - 2. Thalidomide
 - 3. Azathioprine
 - 4. Cyclosporine
- 161. In fresh water drowing the death occurs within 4-5 minutes of submersion due to ventricular fibrillation. Which of the following reasons is responsible for his
 - 1. Total asphyxia is produced due to fresh water
 - 2. Laryngospasm causing vagal inhibition
 - 3. Haemoconcentration of blood caused by the osmotic pressure effect
 - 4. Haemodilution, overloading of heart and haemolysis resulting in release of potassium.
- 162.A 25-years females was found in room with 100% burns on her body. The tongue was protruding out, body was in pugilistic attitude with heat ruptures, peeling of skin, heat haematoma and heat fracture of skull. Carboxy haemoglobin was 25% and soot particles were present in trachea. Which of the combinations of two findings will establish that the burns were antemortem in nature
 - 1. Heat Haematoma & heat ruptures
 - 2. Heat fracture of skull and peeling of skin
 - 3. Heat haematoma and pugilistic attitude
 - 4. Carboxy haemoglobin (25%) and soot particles in trachea
- 163. The phenomenon of suspended animation may be seen in
 - 1. Throtting
 - 2. Drowing
 - 3. Strangulation
 - 4. Brain hemorrhage
- 164.A lady died due to unnatural death within seven years after her marriage. The inquest in this case will be done by
 - 1. Forensic medicine expert
 - 2. Deputy Superintendent of Police
 - 3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate
 - 4. Coroner
- 165. Cheiloscopy is the study of prints of
 - 1. Foot
 - 2. Fingers

<u>IAMS</u>

2004

- 3. Palate
- 4. Lips
- 166. All of the following are the electrocardiographic features of hyperkalemia except
 - 1. Prolonged PR interval
 - 2. Prolonged QT interval
 - 3. Sinewave pattern
 - 4. Loss of P waves
- 167.A patient with acute inferior wall myocardial infarction has developed shock. Which of the following is the most likely cause of shock
 - 1. Cardiac rupture
 - 2. Interventricular septal perforation
 - 3. Papillary muscle rupture
 - 4. Right ventricular infarction
- 168. The correct sequence of cell cycle is
 - 1. G0 G1 S G2 M
 - 2. G0 G1 G2 S M
 - 3. G0 M G2 S G1
 - 4. G0 G1 S M G2
- 169. Which one of the following cardiac lesions is at highest risk of occurrence of infective endocarditis
 - 1. Atrial septal defect
 - 2. Mitral valve prolapse without regurgitation
 - 3. Valvular aortic regurgitation
 - 4. Mitral stenosis
- 170. All of the following drugs are used in the management of acute myocardial infarction except
 - 1. Tissue plasminogen activator
 - 2. Intravenous beta blockers
 - 3. Acetysalicylic acid
 - 4. Calcium channel blockers
- 171. The most common cause of sporadic viral encephalitis is
 - 1. Japanese B encephalitis
 - 2. Herpes simplex encephalitis
 - 3. Human immunodeficiency virus encephalitis
 - 4. Rubeola encephalitis
- 172. The only thrombolytic agent approved for the treatment of acute ischemic stroke is
 - 1. Tissue plasminogen activator
 - 2. Streptokinase
 - 3. Urokinase
 - 4. Pro urokinase
- 173. All of the following are neurologic channelopathies except
 - 1. Hypokalemia periodic paralysis
 - 2. Episodic ataxis
 - 3. Familial hemiplegic migraine
 - 4. Huntington's disease
- 174.A 35-year-old male patient presented with history of jaundice for 15 days. The onset was preceded by a prodromal illness. His serum tested positive for

HBsAg. A clinical diagnosis of acute hepatitis B was made. What should be the next best confirmatory investigation

AIIMS May, 2004

- 1. Anti HBeAg antibody
- 2. HBe antigen
- 3. Anti HBe IgM antibody
- 4. HBV DNA by PCR
- 175.A 20-year-old female presents with history of dysponea on exertion. On examination, she has wide, fixed split of S2 with ejection systolic murmur (III/IV) in left second intercostals space. Her EKG shows left axis deviation. The most probable diagnosis is
 - 1. Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection
 - 2. Tricuspid atresia
 - 3. Ostium primum atrial septal defect
 - 4. Tetralogy of Fallot
- 176.In a patient with chronic congestive cardiac failure, all of the following drugs prolong survival except
 - 1. Metoprolol
 - 2. Carvedilol
 - 3. Enalapril
 - 4. Digoxin
- 177. All of the following are features of juvenile myoclonic epilepsy, except
 - 1. Myoclonus on awakening
 - 2. Generalised tonic clonic seizures
 - 3. Automatism
 - 4. Absence seizures
- 178. All of the following statements about Creutzfeldt Jakob disease are true, except
 - 1. It is a neurodegenerative disease
 - 2. It is caused by infectious proteins
 - 3. Myoclonus is rarely seen
 - 4. Brain body is specific for diagnosis
- 179. All the following statements about Wilson's disease are true, except
 - 1. It is an autosomal recessive disorder
 - 2. Serum ceruloplasmin level is < 20 mg/dl
 - 3. Urinary copper excretion is < 100 Fg/day
 - 4. Zine acetate is effective as maintenance therapy
- 180. Which of the following is the most predominant constituent of sulfur granules of actinomycosis is
 - 1. Organisms
 - 2. Neutrophils and monocytes
 - 3. Monocytes and lymphocytes
 - 4. Eosinophlis
- 181.Conjugate vaccines are available for the prevention of invasive disease caused by all of the following bacteria, except
 - 1. Haemophilus influenzae
 - 2. Streptococcus pneumoniae
 - 3. Neisseria meningitides (Group C)

<u>IAMS</u>

- 4. Neisseria meningitides (Group B)
- 182.A clinical specimen was obtained from the wound of a patient diagnosed as Nacrodiosis. For the selective isolation of Nocardia sp. Which one of the following would be the best method
 - 1. Paraffin bait technique
 - 2. Castaneda's culture method
 - 3. Criage's tube method
 - 4. Hair bait technique
- 183. Anti tubercular drug susceptibility can be done by all of the following methods, except
 - 1. Resistance ratio method
 - 2. Disc diffusion method
 - 3. Molecular method
 - 4. Radiometric broth method
- 184. A neonate develops signs of meningitis at seven days of birth. The presence of which of the following infectious agent in the maternal genital can be the causative agent of this disease
 - 1. Neisseria gonorrheal
 - 2. Chlamydia trachomatis
 - 3. Streptococcus agalactiae
 - 4. Haemophilus ducreyi
- 185. Tablets supplied by Govt. of India contain the following amount of iron and folic acid
 - 1. 60 mg elemental iron + 500 Fg FA
 - 2. 100 mg elemental iron + 500 Fg FA
 - 3. 200 mg elemental iron + 1mg FA
 - 4. 100 mg elemental iron + 5mg FA
- 186.All of the following are used for induction of labour except
 - 1. PG F2_tablet
 - 2. PG E1 tablet
 - 3. PG E2 gel
 - 4. Misoprostol
- 187. All of the following agents are used for emergency contraception except
 - 1. Danazol
 - 2. Levonorgesterel
 - 3. Misoprostrol
 - 4. Mifepristone
- 188.In which of the following conditions the medical treatment of Ectopic Pregnancy is contraindicated
 - 1. Sac size is 3 cm
 - 2. Blood in Pelvis is 70 ml
 - 3. Presence of Fetal Heart activity
 - 4. Previan Ectopic Pregnancy
- 189. Emergency contraceptives are effective if administered within following period after unprotected coitus
 - 1. 24 hours
 - 2. 48 hours
 - 3. 72 hours
 - 4. 120 hours

- 190.Minimum effective dose of ethinyl estrodiol in combined oral pills is
 - 1. 20 Fgm
 - 2. 35 Fgm
 - 3. 50 Figm
 - 4. 75 Fgm
- 191. From which of the following layers the regeneration of endometrium takes place
 - 1. Zona basalis
 - 2. Zona pellucidum
 - 3. Zona compacta
 - 4. Zona spongisoa
- 192.All of the following pelvic structures support the vagina, except
 - 1. Perineal body
 - 2. Pelvic diaphragm
 - 3. Levator ani muscle
 - 4. Infundibulopelvic ligament
- 193. Nevirapine is a
 - 1. Protease inhibitor
 - 2. Nucleoside transcriptase inhibitor
 - 3. Non nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor
 - 4. Fusion inhibitor
- 194. Which one of the following substances is the most potent androgen
 - 1. Dihydroepiandrostendione
 - 2. Dihydrotestosterone
 - 3. Androstendione
 - 4. Testosterone
- 195. Women receiving Tamoxifen should be periodically screened by
 - 1. Mammography
 - 2. Pap smear
 - 3. CA 125 level
 - 4. Endometrial sampling
- 196. Conservative management is contraindicated in a case of placenta praevia under the following situations except
 - 1. Evidence of fetal distress
 - 2. Fetal Malformations
 - 3. Mother in a haemodyamic unstable condition
 - 4. Women in labour
- 197.A case of gestational trophoblastic neoplasia is detected to have lung Metastasis. She should be staged as
 - 1. Stage I
 - 2. Stage II
 - 3. Stage III
 - 4. Stage IV

2004 AIIMS May, 2004

198.All of the following are the indications for Myomectomy in a case of fibroid uterus, except

- 1. Associated Infertility
- 2. Recurrent pregnancy loss
- 3. Pressure symptoms
- 4. Red degeneration
- 199. Which one of the following is the best drug of choice for treatment of bacterial vaginosis during pregnancy
 - 1. Clindamycin
 - 2. Metronidazole
 - 3. Erythromycin
 - 4. Rovamycin
- 200.A 33-year-old man presented with a slowly progressive swelling in the middle 1/3rd of his right tibia. X-rays examination revealed multiple sharply demarcated radiolucent lesions separated by areas of dense and sclerotic bone. Microscopic examination of a biopsy specimen revealed island of epithelial cells in a fibrous stroma. Which of the following is the most probable diagnosis
 - 1. Adamantinoma
 - 2. Osteofibrous dysplasia
 - 3. Osteosarcoma
 - 4. Fibrous cortical defect

15