







Transition Elements

Objective Questions - I [Only one correct option]

- 1. Which of the following dissolves in concentrated NaOH solution?
 - (a) Fe

(b) Zn

(c) Cu

- (d) Ag
- 2. One of the constituent of German silver is
 - (a) Ag

(b) Cu

(c) Mg

- (d) Al
- 3. How many unpaired electrons are present in Ni²⁺?
 - (a) 0

(b) 2

(c) 4

- (d) 8
- 4. Zinc-copper couple that can be used as a reducing agent is obtained by
 - (a) mixing of zinc dust and copper gauge
 - (b) zinc coated with copper
 - (c) copper coated with zinc
 - (d) zinc and copper wires welded together
- 5. The reaction which proceed in the forward direction is
 - (a) $Fe_2O_3 + 6HCI \longrightarrow 2FeCl_3 + 3H_2O$
 - (b) $NH_3 + H_2O + NaCl \longrightarrow NH_4Cl + NaOH$
 - (c) $SnCl_4 + Hg_2Cl_2 \longrightarrow SnCl_2 + 2HgCl_2$
 - (d) $2Cul + l_2 + 4H^+ \longrightarrow 2Cu^{2+} + 4KI$
- 6. Ammonium dichromate is used in some fireworks. The green coloured powder blown in the air is
 - (a) CrO₃

(b) Cr₂O₃

(c) Cr

- (d) CO
- 7. Which of the following compounds is expected to be coloured?
 - (a) Ag₂SO₄
- (b) CuF₂

(c) MgF₂

- (d) CuCl
- 8. In the dichromate dianion
 - (a) 4 Cr O bonds are equivalent
 - (b) 6 Cr O bonds are equivalent
 - (c) All Cr O bonds are equilvalent
 - (d) all Cr O bonds are nonequivalent.
- 9. On heating ammonium dichromate, the gas evolved is
 - (a) oxygen

- (b) ammonia
- (c) nitrous oxide
- (d) nitrogen
- 10. Amongst the following, identify the species with an atom in + 6 oxidation state











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(a) MnO_4^-

(b) $Cr(CN)_{6}^{3-}$

(c) NiF_6^{2-}

- (d) CrO₂ Cl₂
- 11. When MnO₂ is fused with KOH, a coloured compound is formed, the product and its colour is
 - (a) K₂MnO₄, purple green
 - (b) KMnO₄, purple
 - (c) Mn₂O₃, brown
 - (d) Mn₃O₄, black
- 12. (NH₄)₂Cr₂O on heating gives a gas which is also given by
 - (a) heating NH₄NO₂
- (b) heating NH₄NO₃
- (c) $Mg_3N_2 + H_2O$
- (d) Na(comp.) + H_2O_2
- 13. The pair of compounds having metals in their highest oxidation state is
 - (a) MnO₂, FeCl₂
- (b) $[MnO_4]^-$, CrO_2Cl_2
- (c) $[Fe(CN)_{,6}]^{3-}$, $[Co(CN)_3]$
- (d) [NiCl₄]²⁻, [CoCl₄]⁻
- 14. When I is oxidised by MnO a in alkaline medium, Icon errs into
 - (a) 10_{3}^{-}

(b) I₂

(c) IO₄

- (d) IO⁻
- 15. Which of the following pair is expected to exhibit same colour in solution?
 - (a) VOCl₂; FeCl₂
- (b) CuCl₂; VOCl₂
- (c) MnCl₂; FeCl₂
- (d) FeCl₂; CUCl₂
- 16. Which of the following will not be oxidised by O₃?
 - (a) KI

(b) FeSO₄

- (c) KMnO₄
- (b) K₂MnO₄

Objective Questions II [One or more than one correct option]

- 1. Potassium manganate (K₂MnO₄) is formed when
 - (a) chlorine is passed into aqueous KMnO₄ solution
 - (b) manganese dioxide is fused with KOH in air
 - (c) formaldehyde reacts with potassium permanganate in presence of strong alkali
 - (d) potassium permanganate reacts with conc. H₂SO₄
- 2. The aqueous solution of the following salts will be coloured in case of
 - (a) $Zn(NO_3)_2$
- (b) LiNO₃
- (c) $Co(NO_3)_2$
- (d) CrCl₃
- 3. Which of the following alloys contains Cu and Zn?
 - (a) Bronze

- (b) Brass
- (c) Gun metal
- (d) Type metal













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- 4. Which of the following statement (s) is/are correct when a mixture of NaCl and K₂Cr₂O₇ is gently warmed with conc. H₂SO₄?
 - (a) A deep red vapours in formed
 - (b) Vapours when passed into NaOH solution gives a yellow solution of Na₂CrO₄
 - (c) Chlorine gas is evolved
 - (d) Chromyl chloride is formed
- 5. Which of the following statement (s) is/are correct?
 - (a) The electronic configuration of Cr is [Ar] 3d⁵ 4s¹ (Atomic number of Cr = 24)
 - (b) The magnetic quantum number may have a negative value
 - (c) In silver atom, 23 electrons have a spin of one type and 24 of the opposite type (Atomic number of Ag = 47)
 - (d) The oxidation state of nitrogen in HN_3 is -3
- 6. Reduction of the metal centre in aqueous permanganate ion involves
 - (a) three electrons in neutral medium
 - (b) five electrons in neutral medium
 - (c) three electrons in alkaline medium
 - (d) five electrons in acidic medium

Assertion and Reason

Read the following questions and answer as per the direction given below:

- (a) Statement I is true; Statement II is true; Statement II is the correct explanation of Statement I.
- (b) Statement I is true; Statement II is true; Statement II is not the correct explanation of Statement I.
- (c) Statement I is true; Statement II is false.
- (d) Statement I is false; Statement II is true.
- Statement I: To a solution of potassium chromate if a strong acid is added, it changes its colour from yellow to orange.

Statement II: The colour change is due to the change in oxidation state of potassium chromate.

2. Statement I: Zn²⁺ is diamagnetic.

Statement II: The electrons are lost from 4s orbital to form Zn2+.

Fill in the Blanks

- 1. Mn²⁺ can be oxidized to MnO₄ by(SnO₂, PbO₂, BaO)
- 2. The salts and are isostructural. (FeSO_{4.7}H₂O,

CuSO₄.5H₂O,MnSO₄ .4H₂O, ZnSO₄.7H₂O)

3. Fehling's solution A consists of an aqueous solution of copper sulphate while Fehling's solution B consists of an alkaline solution of











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- 4. The outermost electronic configuration of Cr is
- 5. The compound YBa₂CU₃O₇ which show super conductivity has copper in oxidation state assuming that the rare earth element Yttrium in its usual +3 oxidation state.

True/False

- 1. Copper metal reduces Fe²⁺, in an acid medium.
- 2. Dipositive zinc exhibit paramagnetism due to loss of two electrons from 3d orbitals of neutral atom.

Subjective Questions

1. Complete and balance the following reactions

(i)
$$Zn + NO_3^- \longrightarrow Zn^{2+} + NH_4^+$$

(ii)
$$Cr_2 Cr_2O_7^{2-} + C_2H_2O \longrightarrow C_2H_4O_2 + Cr^{3+}$$

2. State the conditions under which the following preparations are carried out. Give necessary equations which need not be balanced.

"Potassium permanganate from manganese dioxide"

- 3. Show with balanced equations for the reactions when
 - (i) Potassium permanganate interacts with manganese dioxide in presence of potassium hydroxide.
 - (ii) Potassium ferricyanide is heated with concentrated sulphuric acid.
- 4. Give reason in one or two sentences

"Most transition metal compounds are coloured."

5. Complete and balance the following reactions

(i)
$$Mn^{2+} PbO_2 \longrightarrow MnO_4 + H_2O$$

(ii)
$$Ag^+ + AsH_3 \longrightarrow H_3ASO_3 + H^+$$

- 6. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following reactions
 - (i) A mixture of potassium dichromate and sodium chloride is heated with concentrated H₂SO₄.
 - (ii) Potassium permanganate is added to a hot solution of manganous sulphate.
- 7. Complete and balance the following reaction

$$(NH_4)_2S_2O_8 + H_2O + MnSO_4 \longrightarrow \dots + \dots + \dots$$

8. Complete and balance the following reactions

(i)
$$[NInO_4]^{2-} + H^+ \longrightarrow + [MnO_4]^- + H_2O$$

(ii)
$$SO_2(aq) + Cr_2 O_7^{2-} + 2H^+ \longrightarrow \dots + \dots +$$

- 9. Write balanced equations for the following:
 - (i) Oxidation of hydrogen peroxide with potassium permanganate in acidic medium.







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- (ii) Reaction of zinc with dilute nitric acid.
- 10. A compound of vanadium has a magnetic moment of 1.73 13M. Work out the electronic configuration of the vanadium ion of the compound.
- 11. Give reasons: CrO₃ is an acid anhydride.

12.

Identify the metal M and hence MCI₄. Explain the difference in colours of MCI₄ and A.

Answers

Objective Questions 11

Assertion and Reason

1. (c) 2. (b)

Fill in the Blanks

- 1. PbO
- 2. FeSO₄.7HO and ZnSO₄.7H₂O
- 3. Rochelle salt
- 4. 3d⁵ 4s¹

5.
$$x = +\frac{7}{3}$$

True / False

1. F 2. F