# Mental Math with Tricks and Shortcuts 

## Addition

Technique: Add left to right
$326+678+245+567=900,1100,1600,1620,1690,1730,1790,1804, \& 1816$
Note: Look for opportunities to combine numbers to reduce the number of steps to the solution. This was done with $6+8=14$ and $5+7=12$ above. Look for opportunities to form $10,100,1000$, and etc. between numbers that are not necessarily next to each other. Practice!

## Multiplication \& Squaring

Some useful formulae
$(a+b)^{2}=a^{2}+2 a b+b^{2}$
$(a-b)^{2}=a^{2}-2 a b+b^{2}$
$(a+b)(a-b)=a^{2}-b^{2}$
$(a+b)(c+d)=(a c+a d)+(b c+b d)$
$(a+b)(c-d)=(a c-a d)+(b c-b d)$
$(a-b)(c-d)=(a c-a d)-(b c-b d)$
$X=1$ to 9 \& $Y=$ Any Number
$(\mathrm{X} 5)^{2}=100 \mathrm{X}(\mathrm{X}+1)+25$
$25 \times \mathrm{Y}=(\mathrm{Y} \times 100) / 4$
$50 \times \mathrm{Y}=(\mathrm{Y} \times 100) / 2$
$75 \times \mathrm{Y}=3(\mathrm{Y} \times 100) / 4$

## Examples

$49^{2}=(40+9)^{2}=1600+720+81=\mathbf{2 4 0 1}$
$56^{2}=(60-4)^{2}=3600-480+16=3136$
$64 \times 56=(60-4)(60+4)=3600-16=3584$
$23 \times 34=(20+3)(30+4)=600+80+90+12=782$
$34 \times 78=(30+4)(80-2)=2400-60+320-8=\mathbf{2 6 5 2}$
$67 \times 86=(70-3)(90-4)=6300-280-270+12=\mathbf{5 7 6 2}$

$$
\begin{gathered}
65^{2}=600(7)+25=4200+25=4225 \\
25 \times 76=7600 / 4=\mathbf{1 9 0 0} \\
50 \times 67=6700 / 2=\mathbf{3 3 5 0}
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
75 \times 58=(5800 \times 3) / 4=17400 / 4=\mathbf{4 3 5 0}
$$

Square any Two Digit Number ( $\mathrm{a}=10$ 's digit $\& \mathrm{~b}=1$ 's digit )
$(\mathrm{ab})^{2}=100 \mathrm{a}^{2}+20(\mathrm{a} \times \mathrm{b})+\mathrm{b}^{2} \quad 67^{2}=100(36)+20(42)+49=4489$
Multiply any Two 2 Digit Numbers (a \& c = 10's digit, $b \& d=1$ 'a digit)
$\mathrm{ab} \times \mathrm{cd}=100(\mathrm{axc})+10[(\mathrm{bxc})+(\mathrm{axd})]+(\mathrm{bxd}) \quad 53 \times 68=3000+580+24=\mathbf{3 6 0 4}$
Tricks using (X5) ${ }^{2}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\left.(X 5-a)^{2}=(X 5)^{2}-X 5(2 a)+a^{2}\right) & \left.63^{2}=(65-2)^{2}=4225-260+4\right)=\mathbf{3 9 6 9} \\ \left.(X 5+a)^{2}=(X 5)^{2}+X 5(2 a)+a^{2}\right) & \left.67^{2}=(65+2)^{2}=4225+260+4\right)=\mathbf{4 4 8 9}\end{array}$
Squaring Numbers 52 to 99
$\mathrm{a}^{2}=[\mathrm{a}-(100-\mathrm{a})] 100+(100-\mathrm{a})^{2} \quad 93^{2}=(93-7) 100+7^{2}=\mathbf{8 6 4 9}$
Squaring Numbers 101 to 148
$a^{2}=[a+(a-100)] 100+(a-100)^{2} \quad 108^{2}=(108+8) 100+8^{2}=\mathbf{1 1 6 6 4}$

## Mental Math with Tricks and Shortcuts (continued)

Squaring Numbers near 1000
$a^{2}=[a-(1000-a)] 1000+(1000-a)^{2}$
$a^{2}=[a+(a-1000)] 1000+(a-1000)^{2}$

## Examples

$994^{2}=(994-6) 1000+6^{2}=\mathbf{9 8 8 0 3 6}$ $1007^{2}=(1007+7) 1000+7^{2}=\mathbf{1 0 1 4 0 4 9}$

Squaring Numbers that end in 1
$a^{2}=(a-1)^{2}+2 a-1$
$61^{2}=60^{2}+122-1=3600+121=\mathbf{3 7 2 1}$
Squaring Numbers that end in 4
$a^{2}=(a+1)^{2}-(2 a+1)$
$44^{2}=45^{2}-(88+1)=2025-89=\mathbf{1 9 3 6}$
Squaring Numbers that end in 6
$a^{2}=(a-1)^{2}+(2 a-1)$
$56^{2}=55^{2}+112-1=3025+111=\mathbf{3 1 3 6}$
Squaring Numbers that end in 9
$a^{2}=(a+1)^{2}-(2 a+1)$
$79^{2}=80^{2}-(158+1)=6400-159=\mathbf{6 3 4 1}$

## Using Squares to Help Multiply

Two Numbers that Differ by 1
If $a>b$ then $a \times b=a^{2}-a$
If $a<b$ then $a x b=a^{2}+a$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 35 \times 34=1225-35=\mathbf{1 1 9 0} \\
& 35 \times 36=1225+35=\mathbf{1 2 6 0}
\end{aligned}
$$

Two Numbers that Differ by 2
$\mathrm{a} \times \mathrm{b}=[(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) / 2]^{2}-1$
$26 \times 28=27^{2}-1=729-1=\mathbf{7 2 8}$
Two Numbers that Differ by $3(\mathrm{a}<\mathrm{b})$
$\mathrm{a} \times \mathrm{b}=(\mathrm{a}+1)^{2}+(\mathrm{a}-1)$
$26 \times 29=27^{2}+25=729+25=754$
Two Numbers that Differ by 4
$\mathrm{ax} \mathrm{b}=[(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) / 2]^{2}-4$
$64 \times 68=66^{2}-4=4356-4=4352$
Two Numbers that Differ by 6
$\mathrm{ax} \mathrm{b}=[(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) / 2]^{2}-9$
$51 \times 57=54^{2}-9=2916-9=\mathbf{2 9 0 7}$
Two Numbers that Differ by an Even Number: $\mathrm{a}<\mathrm{b}$ and $\mathrm{c}=(\mathrm{b}-\mathrm{a}) / 2$
$\mathrm{a} \times \mathrm{b}=[(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) / 2]^{2}-\mathrm{c}^{2}$
$59 \times 67=63^{2}-4^{2}=3969-16=3953$

## Mental Math with Tricks and Shortcuts (continued)

Two Numbers that Differ by an Odd Number: $\mathrm{a}<\mathrm{b}$ and $\mathrm{c}=[1+(\mathrm{b}-\mathrm{a})] / 2$

## Examples

$\mathrm{a} \times \mathrm{b}=(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{c})^{2}-\left[\mathrm{b}+(\mathrm{c}-1)^{2}\right]$
$79 \times 92=86^{2}-(92+36)=7396-128=7268$

## Other Multiplying Techniques

Multiplying by 11
$a \times 11=a+10 a$
a $\times 11=$ If $\mathrm{a}>9$ insert a 0 between digits and add sum of digits x 10
$76 \times 11=76+760=\mathbf{8 3 6}$
$76 \times 11=706+130=\mathbf{8 3 6}$

Multiplying by Other Two Digit Numbers Ending in 1 ( $\mathrm{X}=1$ to 9 )
$\mathrm{ax} \mathrm{X} 1=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{X} 0 \mathrm{a}$
$63 \times 41=63+(40 \times 63)=63+2520=\mathbf{2 5 8 3}$

Multiplying with Numbers Ending in 5 ( $\mathrm{X}=1$ to 9)
$\mathrm{a} \times \mathrm{X} 5=\mathrm{a} / 2 \times 2$ (X5)
$83 \times 45=41.5 \times 90=415 \times 9=\mathbf{3 7 3 5}$

Multiplying by 15
$a \times 15=(a+a / 2) \times 10$
$77 \times 15=(77+38.5) \times 10=\mathbf{1 1 5 5}$
Multiplying by 45
$a \times 45=50 a-50 a / 10$
$59 \times 45=2950-295=\mathbf{2 6 5 5}$
Multiplying by 55
$a \times 55=50 a+50 a / 10$
$67 \times 55=3350+335=\mathbf{3 6 8 5}$
Multiplying by Two Digit Numbers that End in 9 ( $X=1$ to 9 )
$\mathrm{ax} \mathrm{X} 9=(\mathrm{X} 9+1) \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{a}$
$47 \times 29=(30 \times 47)-47=1410-47=\mathbf{1 3 6 3}$
Multiplying by Multiples of $9(b=$ multiple of 9 up to $9 \times 9)$
$a \mathrm{x} b=$ round b up to next highest 0 multiply then subtract $1 / 10$ of result
$29 \times 54=29 \times 60-(29 \times 60) / 10$

$$
=1740-174=\mathbf{1 5 6 6}
$$

Multiplying by Multiples of $99(b=$ multiple of 99 up to $99 \times 10)$
$\mathrm{ax} \mathrm{b}=$ round up to next highest 0 multiply and then subtract $1 / 100$ of result

$$
\begin{array}{r}
38 \times 396=38 \times 400-(38 \times 400) / 100 \\
=15200-152=\mathbf{1 5 0 4 8}
\end{array}
$$

# Mental Math with Tricks and Shortcuts (continued) 

## SUBTRACTION

## Techniques:

1) Learn to calculate from left to right: $1427-698=(800-100)+(30-10)+9=\mathbf{7 2 9}$
2) Think in terms of what number added to the smaller equals the larger: $785-342=\mathbf{4 4 3}$ (left to right)
3) Add a number to the larger to round to next highest 0 ; then add same number to the smaller and subtract: $496-279=(496+4)-(279+4)=500-283=217$ (left to right)
4) Add a number to the smaller to round to the next highest $10,100,1000$ and etc.; then subtract and add the same number to the result to get the answer: $721-587=721-(587+13)=(721-600)+13=\mathbf{1 3 4}$
5) Subtract a number from each number and then subtract: $829-534=795-500=295$

## DIVISION

## Techniques:

Divide by parts of divisor one at a time:

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Examples } \\
1344 / 24=(1344 / 6) / 4=224 / 4=\mathbf{5 6} \\
\frac{340}{7 \lcm{1792}} \leftarrow \text { Remainders }(3,4, \text { and } 0 \text { during calculations }) \\
\hline \mathbf{2 5 6} \leftarrow \text { Answer }
\end{gathered}
$$

Method of Short Division

Divide both divisor and dividend by same number to get a short division problem
$972 / 27$ divide both by $9=\frac{3108}{\mathbf{3 6}}$
Dividing by 5, 50, 500, and etc.: Multiply by 2 and then divide by $10,100,1000$, and etc.

$$
365 / 5=730 / 10=73
$$

Dividing by $25,250,2500$, and etc.: Multiply by 4 and divide by $100,1000,10000$, and etc.
Dividing by 125: Multiply by 8 and then divide by 1000

$$
36125 / 125=289000 / 1000=\mathbf{2 8 9}
$$

It can be divided evenly by:
2 if the number ends in $0,2,4,6$, and 8
3 if the sum of the digits in the number is divisible by 3
4 if the number ends in 00 or a 2 digit number divisible by 4
5 if the number ends in 0 or 5
6 if the number is even and the sum of the digits is divisible by 3
7 sorry, you must just try this one
8 if the last three digits are 000 or divisible by 8
9 if the sum of the digits are divisible by 9
10 if the number ends in 0

## Mental Math with Tricks and Shortcuts (continued)

11 if the number has an even number of digits that are all the same: $33,4444,777777$, and etc.
11 if, beginning from the right, subtracting the smaller of the sums of the even digits and odd digits results in a number equal to 0 or divisible by 11:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { 406857/11 } \text { Even }=15 \text { Odd }=15=0 \\
1049807 / 11 \text { Even }=9 \text { Odd }=20=11
\end{aligned}
$$

12 if test for divisibility by $3 \& 4$ work
15 if test for divisibility by $3 \& 5$ work
Others by using tests above in different multiplication combinations

## SQUARE ROOTS

## Examples

Separate the number into groups of 2 digits or less beginning from the right

$$
(66049)^{1 / 2}
$$

$$
66049
$$

What number can be squared and be less than $6=2$ with a reminder of 2 Bring down the second group of digits next to the remainder to give 260
Double the first part of the answer to get 4, divide into 26 of the 260 to get 6 as a trial number Use $4 \& 6$ to get 46 and multiply by 6 to equal 276 which is larger than 260, therefore try 5 Use $4 \& 5$ to get $45,45 \times 5=225,260-225=35$, bring down the 49 to get 3549
Double the 25 to get 50, divide 50 into 354 to get 7 as a trial second part of divisor Use $50 \& 7$ to get 507 and multiply $507 \times 7$ to get 3549 with no remainder.

See complete calculations below:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 66049(\mathbf{2 5 7}=\text { Answer } \\
& \underline{4} \\
& 45) 260 \\
& \underline{225} \\
& \text { 507)3549 } \\
& \underline{3549}
\end{aligned}
$$

## CUBE ROOTS

Memorize the following:
Cube of $1=\mathbf{1}, 2=\mathbf{8}, 3=\mathbf{2 7}, 4=\mathbf{6 4}, 5=\mathbf{1 2 5}, 6=\mathbf{2 1 6}, 7=\mathbf{3 4 3}, 8=\mathbf{5 1 2}, 9=\mathbf{7 2 9}$

Note: no result ends in the same digit
$(300763)^{1 / 3} \quad$ Divide in to groups of 3 from right $=300763$
Note: the number ends in a 3 . Last digit of cube will be 7 if this is a cube without a remainder
Since 7 cubed $=343$ and 6 cubed $=216$, the left most group of 300 is between them and we must use the smaller, or 6 .

# Mental Math with Tricks and Shortcuts (continued) 

## Cube Roots the Long Way

$(636056)^{1 / 3}$
What number cubed is less than $636=8$. Put 8 down as first part of answer
Square 8 for 64 and multiply by $300=19200$. Divide into $114056=6$, add the 8 and $6=14$ Multiply $14 \times 30=420$, add 420 to $19200=19620$, square the 6 and add to $19620=19656$ If $6 \times 19656$ is less than 124056, then it is not necessary to use lower number.
636056
19656) $=\mathbf{8 6}^{\mathbf{3}}$
$\frac{112}{124056}$
7120

## USE ESTIMATES

Use estimates to check your answers. Get in the habit of doing this for all calculations.

NOTE: Considerable care has been taken to eliminate errors in this document, but the author does not guarantee that the document is error free by implication or in fact.

