PT-1
SUBJECT: ACCOUNTANCY
MARKS: 50
CLASS XI COMMERCE
TIME ALLOWED: 90 MINUTES

## General guidelines:

(i) Attempt all the questions, all questions are compulsory.
(ii) QUESTIONS : Q1 AND Q2 CARRIES 2 MARKS EACH
(iii) QUESTIONS : Q3 TO Q11 CARRIES 3 MARKS EACH
(iv) QUESTIONS : Q12 TO 14, CARRIES 4 MARKS EACH
(v) QUESTIONS : Q15 and Q16 CARRIES 8 MARKS EACH

Q1. What is meant by Accounting?
Q2. Give any two examples of Revenue?
Q3. Record the following transactions in the journal of Vishal
(i) April 1 Commenced business with cash 5,00,000
(ii) 2 Goods purchased from Mohan for cash 50,000
(iii) 3 Goods purchased from Mohan 1,20,000
(iv) 4 Goods returned to Ajay 5,000
(v) 8 Goods sold to Rajiv 40,000
(vi) 12 Rajiv returned $10 \%$ of goods

Q4. Classify the following into Assets, Liabilities, Revenue, and Expenses.
(a) Sales
(d) Creditors
(b) Cost of good sold
(e) Bank overdraft
(c) Bank balance
(f) Discount to debtors

Q5.On which side increase of the following accounts be recorded? Also mention the nature of account-

1. Cash
2. Proprietor's account
3. Machinery
5.rent received
4. Debtors
6.Salary paid
(a) All anticipated losses should be recorded in the books of accounts,but all anticipated or unrealized gain should be ignored.
(b) Items having an significant effect or being irrevelent to the users of financial statement needed not to be disclosed.
(c) The financial statement should disclose all significant informations.

Q7. Name the steps involved in the process of Accounting.
Q8. What is the Accural basis of accounting?
Q9. Distinguish between Fixed assets and Current assets.
Q10. Give two characteristics of business transactions.
Q11. Mr Jaspal Singh dealing in electronic goods sold 20 TV sets costing @30,000 each at 40,000 each. Out of this Rs 50,000 wre received in cash and the balance not yet received . state the amount of revenue?

Q12. What is meant by 'window dressing' in accounting?
Q13. Surendra Mohan started business on $1^{\text {st }}$ April , 2011 with cash of 7,50,000and a loan of $2,00,000$ taken from the Punjab national bank. On $31^{\text {st }}$ march, 2012 his assets were Rs $15,00,000$. Find out his capital on $31^{\text {st }}$ march 2012 and profit mad or losses incurred during the year 2011-12?

Q14. Classify the following accounts into Real Account, Personal Account and Nominal Account and in which account decrease of these will recorded
(i) Machinery
(iv) drawing
(ii) Capital
(v) Salary
(iii) Goods purchased
(vi) Rent paid

Q15. Prove that the accounting equation is satisfied in all the following transactions of Sudhir.

1. Started business with cash $\nexists 50,000$ and goods $\nexists 20,000$.
2. Bought goods for cash $\mathfrak{z 1 5}, 000$ and on credit for $\nexists 10,000$.
3. Goods coasting $z 24,000$ sold at a profit of $331 / 3 \%$, Half the payment received in cash.
4. Purchased furniture for office use $\nexists 6,000$ and household use of Sudhir z4,000.

Prove that the accounting equations is satisfied in the following transactions :-

1. Brij Mohan commenced business with cash $1,00,000$
2. Bought goods for cash $z 60,000$
3. $1 / 3$ rd of the above goods sold at a profit of $20 \%$ on cost. Half the payment received in cash.
4. Purchased typewriter for office use $Z 15,000$.
5. Purchased goods on credit from $X \neq 25,000$
6. Paid to X $\mathcal{Z} 15,000$
7. Paid salary $\nexists 3,000$
8. Sold goods for cash (costing $z 50,000$ ) $z 60,000$

Q16.The following balance appeared in the books of Vishal stores on $1^{\text {st }}$ April ,

## 2011.

Assets :- cash z 15,000, Bank balance z 5,000, Stock Z 40,000 , furniture z 3,600
Debtors z 24,000(X Z 6,000, Y Z 8,000and Z z 10,000)
Liabilities:- bank loan z 10,000 , Creditors z 12,500, ( Ajay z 5,000 Vijay z7,
Following transactions took place during April 2011:-

April 2 Bought goods from Kailash for $\mathfrak{Z 2 0 , 0 0 0}$ at a Trade discount of $2 \%$.
April 4 Sold goods to X for $\bar{Z} 9,000$.
April 5 Received $z 14,800$ from $X$ in full settlement of account.
April 6 cash deposited into bank $\mathcal{Z} 10,000$.
April 8 Cheque received from $Y$ for $\mathcal{Z} 7,850$ in full settlement of his account. This cheque was immediately deposited into the bank.
April 10 Received a cheque from $Z z 2,000$.
April 12 Cheque received from $Z$ deposited into Bank.
April 15 Cheque received from $Y$ dishonoured.
April 16 cash sales $z 15,000$. Out of this amount $z 12,000$ deposited into Bank.
April 16 Amount due to Ajay paid by cheque.
April 18 Old newspaper sold $\not \approx 50$.
Old furniture sold $\begin{aligned} & \\ & 750\end{aligned}$.
April 20 Z became insolvent and 40paise in rupee could be received from his estate.
April 22 Purchased goods from Gopal and paid by cheque $\mathcal{Z 8 , 0 0 0}$.
April 24 Sold half of the above goods to Chandrakant at a profit of $30 \%$ On cost.
April 25 Proprietor withdrew for private use $\neq 2,000$ from office and $\neq 3,000$ from
Bank.
April 30 Paid salary to Motilal by cheque z 2,000.
OR

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Jan5 Purchased goods from Henry for Z 50,000 on 10\% trade discount and 4\% Cash discount and paid $60 \%$ by cheque.

Jan15 Bought goods from Amit for z 2,00,000 at terms of 5\% cash discount and $20 \%$ trade discount. Paid $3 / 4$ th of the amount in cash at the time of purchase.

Jan18 Sold goods to Sherpa at the list price of Z 50,000 less $20 \%$ trade discount
and 4\% cash
discount .If the payment is made within 7 days. $75 \%$ payment is received by cheque on jan $23^{\text {rd }}$.
Jan 25 Sold goods to Garima for $\mathcal{Z} 1,00,000$ allowed her $20 \%$ trade discount and
$5 \%$ cash discount if the payment is made within 15 days. She paid $1 / 4$ of the
amount by cheque on Feb $5^{\text {th }}$ and $60 \%$ of the remainder on Feb $15^{\text {th }}$ in cash.

