## MAYILADUTHURAI DISTRICT

## MATHEMATICS - MODEL EXAM - FEB - 2023

10th Standard
Maths

Draw a diagram if required
Rough work if any should be done at the bottom of the answer sheet
Exam Time : 03:00:00 Hrs
Reg.No. : $\square$ Date: 20-Mar-23

I) Answer all the questions

Choose the correct answer
All the questions carry equal marks

1) If $A=\{1,2\}, B=\{1,2,3,4\}, C=\{5,6\}$ and $D=\{5,6,7,8\}$ then state which of the following statement is true..
(a) $(\mathrm{A} x \mathrm{C}) \subset(\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{D})$
(b) $(\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{D}) \subset(\mathrm{A} x \mathrm{C})$
(c) $(\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{B}) \subset(\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{D})$
(d) $(\mathrm{D} \times \mathrm{A}) \subset(\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{A})$
2) If the HCF of 65 and 117 is expressible in the form of $65 m-117$, then the value of $m$ is
(a) 4
(b) 2
(c) 1
(d) 3
3) The first term of an arithmetic progression is unity and the common difference is 4 Which of the following will be a term of this A.P.
(a) 4551
(b) 10091
(c) 7881
(d) 13531
4) $\frac{3 y-3}{y} \div \frac{7 y-7}{3 y^{2}}$ is
(a) $\frac{9 y}{7}$
(b) $\frac{9 y^{2}}{(21 y-21)}$
(c) $\frac{21 y^{2}-42 y+21}{3 y^{2}}$
(d) $\frac{7\left(y^{2}-2 y+1\right)}{y^{2}}$
5) The square root of $\frac{256 x^{8} y^{4} z^{10}}{25 x^{6} y^{6} z^{6}}$ is equal to
(a) $\frac{16}{5}\left|\frac{x^{2} z^{4}}{y^{2}}\right|$
(b) $16\left|\frac{y^{2}}{x^{2} z^{4}}\right|$
(c) $\frac{16}{5}\left|\frac{y}{x z^{2}}\right|$
(d) $\frac{16}{5}\left|\frac{x z^{2}}{y}\right|$
6) If in $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}, \mathrm{DE} \| \mathrm{BC}, \mathrm{AB}=3.6 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{AC}=2.4 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{AD}=2.1 \mathrm{~cm}$ then the length of AE is
(a) 1.4 cm
(b) 1.8 cm
(c) 1.2 cm
(d) 1.05 cm
7) How many tangents can be drawn to the circle from an exterior point?
(a) one
(b) two
(c) infinite
(d) zero
8) The slope of the line joining $(12,3),(4, a)$ is $\frac{1}{8}$. The value of ' $a$ ' is
(a) 1
(b) 4
(c) -5
(d) 2
9) The equation of a line passing through the origin and perpendicular to the line $7 x-3 y$ $+4=0$ is
(a) $7 x-3 y+4=0$
(b) $3 x-7 y+4=0$
(c) $3 x+7 y=0$
(d) $7 x-3 y=0$
10) The electric pole subtends an angle of $30^{\circ}$ at a point on the same level as its foot. At a second point ' $b$ ' metres above the first, the depression of the foot of the pole is $60^{\circ}$ The height of the pole (in metres) is equal to
(a) $\sqrt{3} \mathrm{~b}$
(b) $\frac{b}{3}$
(c) $\frac{b}{2}$
(d) $\frac{b}{\sqrt{3}}$
11) The height and radius of the cone of which the frustum is a part are $h_{1}$ units and $r_{1}$ units respectively Height of the frustum is $h_{2}$ units and radius of the smaller base is $r_{2}$ units. If $h_{2}: h_{1}=1: 2$ then $r_{2}: r_{1}$ is
(a) $1: 3$
(b) $1: 2$
(c) $2: 1$
(d) $3: 1$
12) The probability a red marble selected at random from a jar containing $p$ red, $q$ blue and $r$ green marbles is
(a) $\frac{q}{p+q+r}$
(b) $\frac{p}{p+q+r}$
(c) $\frac{p+q}{p+q+r}$
(d) $\frac{p+r}{p+q+r}$
13) If $f(x)=\frac{1}{x}$, and $g(x)=\frac{1}{x^{3}}$ then f o $\mathrm{g} \circ \mathrm{o}(\mathrm{y})$, is:
(a) $\frac{1}{y^{8}}$
(b) $\frac{1}{y^{6}}$
(c) $\frac{1}{y^{4}}$
(d) $\frac{1}{y^{3}}$
14) The ratio of the volumes of two spheres is $8: 27$. If $r$ and $R$ are the radii of sphere respectively, Then ( $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{r}$ ) : r is $\qquad$
(a) $1: 2$
(b) $1: 3$
(c) $2: 3$
(d) $4: 9$
II) Answer any 10 questions
Q. No. 28 is compulsory
15) Let $A=\{1,2,3\}$ and $B=\{x \mid x$ is a prime number less than 10$\}$. Find $A x B$ and $B \times A$.
16) Solve $8 x \equiv 1(\bmod 11)$
17) Which term of an A.P. $16,11,6,1$, is 54 ?
18) If $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}5 & 2 & 2 \\ -\sqrt{17} & 07 & \frac{5}{2} \\ 8 & 3 & 1\end{array}\right]$ then verify $\left(A^{T}\right)^{T}=A$
19) Write each of the following expression in terms of $\alpha+\beta$ and $a \beta$.
$\frac{1}{\alpha^{2} \beta}+\frac{1}{\beta^{2} \alpha}$
20) The perimeters of two similar triangles $A B C$ and $P Q R$ are respectively 36 cm and 24 cm . If $P Q=10 \mathrm{~cm}$, find $A B$

21) A man goes 18 m due east and then 24 m due north. Find the distance of his current position from the starting point?
22) What is the slope of a line whose inclination is $30^{\circ}$ ?
23) prove tha $\frac{\sin A}{1+\cos A}=\frac{1-\cos A}{\sin A}$
24) The radius of a conical tent is 7 m and the height is 24 m . Calculate the length of the canvas used to make the tent if the width of the rectangular canvas is 4 m ?
25) If the total surface area of a cone of radius 7 cm is $704 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, then find its slant height.
26) The range of a set of data is 13.67 and the largest value is 70.08 . Find the smallest value
27) If $f(x)=2 x-3$ and $f(x)=x$ then find $x$
28) Find the equation of the straight line parrellel to $x$ - axis and passing through the mid-point of the line segment joining $(1,-5)$ and $(4,2)$
II) Answer any 10 questions
Q. No. 42 is compulsory
29) Consider the functions $f(x) g(x), h(x)$ as given below. Show that ( $\mathrm{f} \circ \mathrm{g}$ ) o $h=f o(g$ o $h$ ) in each case.
$\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\mathrm{x}^{2}, \mathrm{~g}(\mathrm{x})=2 \mathrm{x}$ and $\mathrm{h}(\mathrm{x})=\mathrm{x}+4$
30) Let $\mathrm{A}=$ The set of all natural numbers less than $8, \mathrm{~B}=$ The set of all prime numbers less than $8, C=$ The set of even prime number. Verify that
$A \times(B-C)=(A \times B)-(A \times C)$
31) Find the sum to $n$ terms of the series $5+55+555+\ldots$
32) Rekha has 15 square colour papers of sizes $10 \mathrm{~cm}, 11 \mathrm{~cm}, 12 \mathrm{~cm}, \ldots, 24 \mathrm{~cm}$. How much area can be decorated with these colour papers?
33) Find the GCD of each pair of the following polynomials

$$
12\left(x^{4}-x^{3}\right), 8\left(x^{4}-3 x^{3}+2 x^{2}\right) \text { whose LCM is } 24 x^{3}(x-1)(x \quad 2)
$$

34) If $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 1\end{array}\right]$ and $B=\left[\begin{array}{cc}2 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2\end{array}\right]$ show that $(A B)^{T}=B^{T} A^{T}$
35) If the points $A(-3,9), B(a, b)$ and $C(4,-5)$ are collinear and if $a+b=1$, then find $a$ and $b$.
36) In the figure, the quadrilateral swimming pool shown is surrounded by concrete patio. Find the area of the patio.

37) From the top of a tower 50 m high, the angles of depression of the top and bottom of a tree are observed to be $30^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$ respectively. Find the height of the tree. $(\sqrt{3}=1.732)$
38) A vessel is in the form of a hemispherical bowl mounted by a hollow cylinder. The diameter is 14 cm and the height of the vessel is 13 cm . Find the capacity of the vessel.
39) The marks scored by 10 students in a class test are $25,29,30,33,35,37,38,40,44$, 48. Find the standard deviation.
40) Some boys are playing a game, in which the stone thrown by them landing in a circular region (given in the figure) is considered as win and landing other than the circular region is considered as loss. What is the probability to win the game?
c
41) Prove that the Square of a hypateneous of a right angle triangle is equat to the sum of other two sides
42) Find the square root of the expression $\frac{x^{2}}{y^{2}}-\frac{10 x}{y}+27-\frac{10 y}{x}+\frac{y^{2}}{x^{2}}$
IV) Answer all the questions
43) 

a) Discuss the nature of solutions of the following quadratic equations. $x^{2}+2 x+5=0$
(OR)
b) Nishanth is the winner in a Marathon race of 12 km distance. He ran at the uniform speed of $12 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and reached the destination in 1 hour. He was followed by Aradhana, Ponmozhi, Jeyanth, Sathya and Swetha with their respective speed of $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}, 4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}, 3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and $2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. And, they covered the distance in 2 hrs , $3 \mathrm{hrs}, 4 \mathrm{hrs}$ and 6 hours respectively. Draw the speed-time graph and use it to find the time taken to Kaushik with his speed of $24 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
44)
a) Draw a triangle ABC of base $\mathrm{BC}=8 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle \mathrm{~A}=60^{\circ}$ and the bisector of $\angle \mathrm{A}$ meets $B C$ at $D$ such that $B D=6 \mathrm{~cm}$.
b) Draw a tangent to the circle from the point P having radius 3.6 cm , and centre at O . Point P is at a distance 7.2 cm from the centre.

