Medical|IIT-JEE|Foundations
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## Answers \& Solutions

for

## NTSE (Stage-I) 2019-20

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Read the following instructions carefully before you open the question booklet.

1. Use blue/black ballpoint pen only. There is no negative marking.
2. Part I: MAT : 1-100 questions

Part II : SAT : 1-100 questions
3. This test booklet contains 200 questions of one mark each. All the questions are compulsory.
4. Answer each question by darkening the one correct alternative among the four choices on the OMR SHEET with blue/black ballpoint pen.

Example:

Student must darkening the right oval only after ensuring correct answer on OMR Sheet.
5. Students are not allowed to scratch / alter / change out an answer once marked on OMR Sheet, by using white fluid / eraser / blade / tearing / wearing or in any other form.
6. Separate sheet has been provided for rough work in this test booklet.
7. Please handover the OMR Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Examination Hall.
8. Darken completely the ovals of your answer on OMR Sheet in the time limit allotted for that particular paper.
9. Your OMR Sheet will be evaluated through electronic scanning process. Incomplete and incorrect entries may render your OMR Sheet invalid.
10. Use of electronic gadgets, calculator, mobile etc., is strictly prohibited.

## PART-I : MENTAL ABILITY TEST (MAT)

## (Questions 1-15)

Direction : Read the questions 1-15 carefully and give answer by filling the circle of the letter denoting your selected answer on the OMR Answer-Sheet.

1. $x^{5}-1$ is divided by $2 x+1$, then the absolute value of the remainder is
(1) 21
(2) 26
(3) $\frac{33}{12}$
(4) $\frac{33}{32}$

## Answer (4)

Sol. $2 x+1=0 \Rightarrow x=-\frac{1}{2}$

$$
x^{5}-1=\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{5}-1=-\frac{1}{32}-1=-\frac{33}{32}
$$

$\therefore$ Absolute value $=\frac{33}{32}$
2. A mother was 30 years old when her son was born. Now the sum of ages of mother and son is 40 years. What would be the age of the son after 10 years?
(1) 5 years
(2) 15 years
(3) 20 years
(4) 10 years

Answer (2)
Sol. Let mother's present age be x years
Son's age $=(x-30)$ years
Given : $\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{x}-30=40$
$\Rightarrow x=35$ years
$\therefore$ Son's age after 10 years $=35-30+10$
= 15 years
3. If the difference between circumference and diameter of a circle is 60 cm , then the area of the circle is
(1) 661 square cm
(2) 166 square cm
(3) 616 square cm
(4) 484 square cm

Answer (3)
Sol. $2 \pi r-2 r=60$
$\Rightarrow 2 r\left(\frac{22}{7}-1\right)=60$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{r}=14 \mathrm{~cm}$
Area $=\frac{22}{7} \times 14^{2}=616 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
4. A metallic spherical shell of internal and external diameters 4 cm and 8 cm respectively, is melted and recast into the form of a cone of base diameter 8 cm . The height of the cone is
(1) 12 cm
(2) 14 cm
(3) 15 cm
(4) 18 cm

Answer (2)
Sol. $\frac{4}{3} \pi\left((4)^{3}-(2)^{3}\right)=\frac{1}{3} \pi \times 4^{2} \times h$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{h}=\frac{56}{4}=14 \mathrm{~cm}$
5. If median of a distribution is 28 and mean is 27.5 , then mode is
(1) 29.5
(2) 28.5
(3) 29.0
(4) 27.0

## Answer (3)

Sol. Mode $=3$ Median -2 Mean

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =3 \times 28-2 \times 27.5 \\
& =29
\end{aligned}
$$

6. The value of $a^{3}+b^{3}+c^{3}-3 a b c$ when $a+b+c$ $=9$ and $\mathrm{a}^{2}+\mathrm{b}^{2}+\mathrm{c}^{2}=29$ is
(1) 9
(2) 3
(3) 27
(4) 81

## Answer (3)

Sol. $(a+b+c)^{2}=9^{2}$
$\Rightarrow a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}+2(a b+b c+c a)=81$
$\Rightarrow 2(a b+b c+c a)=52$
$\Rightarrow a b+b c+c a=26$
Now, $a^{3}+b^{3}+c^{3}-3 a b c$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =(a+b+c)\left(a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}-a b-b c-c a\right) \\
& =9(29-26)=27
\end{aligned}
$$

7. The angles of elevation of top and bottom of a flag kept on a flag post at 30 metre distance are $45^{\circ}$ and $30^{\circ}$ respectively. What is the height of the flag?
(1) 17.32 metre
(2) 14.32 metre
(3) 12.68 metre
(4) 20.78 metre

## Answer (3)

Sol. Let height of flag $=\mathrm{hm}$
Given : $\tan 30^{\circ}=\frac{\mathrm{H}}{30}$

$\Rightarrow \mathrm{H}=10 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~m}=17.32 \mathrm{~m}$
Also, $\tan 45^{\circ}=\frac{\mathrm{H}+\mathrm{h}}{30}$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{h}=30-17.32=12.68 \mathrm{~m}$
8. The average of 11 results is 50 . If the average of first six results is 49 and that of last six numbers is 52 , find the sixth result.
(1) 65
(2) 72
(3) 56
(4) 47

Answer (3)
Sol. $\frac{a_{1}+a_{2}+\ldots \ldots \ldots . .+a_{11}}{11}=50$
$\Rightarrow a_{1}+a_{2}+\ldots \ldots+a_{10}+a_{11}=550$. $\qquad$
$\frac{a_{1}+a_{2}+\ldots \ldots .+a_{6}}{6}=49 \Rightarrow a_{1}+a_{2}+\ldots .+a_{6}=294 \ldots$ (ii)
$\frac{a_{6}+a_{7}+\ldots \ldots . .+a_{11}}{6}=52 \Rightarrow a_{6}+a_{7}+\ldots .+a_{11}=312 \ldots$
(ii) + (iii) - (i) gives
$a_{6}=294+312-550=56$
9. The roots of $2 k x^{2}+5 k x+2=0$ are equal if $k$ is equal to
(1) $\frac{16}{25}$
(2) $\frac{13}{16}$
(3) 2
(4) $1 \frac{2}{15}$

## Answer (1)

Sol. Roots are equal
$\therefore \mathrm{b}^{2}-4 \mathrm{ac}=0$
$\Rightarrow(5 k)^{2}-4 \times 2 \mathrm{k} \times 2=0$
$\Rightarrow 25 \mathrm{k}^{2}-16 \mathrm{k}=0$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{k}(25 \mathrm{k}-16)=0$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{k}=\frac{16}{25}$
10. A fair unbiased die is thrown twice and in both cases the difference of numbers appeared on the upper face was observed. The probability of getting the difference to be 3 is
(1) $\frac{1}{3}$
(2) $\frac{1}{6}$
(3) $\frac{1}{12}$
(4) $\frac{1}{36}$

## Answer (2)

Sol.

| $>$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | $(3)$ |
| 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |

Probability $=\frac{\text { No. of favourable outcomes }}{\text { Total number of outcomes }}=\frac{6}{36}=\frac{1}{6}$
11. If $(p+q): \sqrt{p q}=2: 1$, then $p: q$ will be
(1) $2: 1$
(2) $1: 2$
(3) $1: 1$
(4) $1: 5$

## Answer (3)

Sol. $\frac{p+q}{\sqrt{p q}}=\frac{2}{1} \Rightarrow p+q=2 \sqrt{p q} \Rightarrow p^{2}+q^{2}+2 p q=4 p q$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{p}^{2}+\mathrm{q}^{2}-2 \mathrm{pq}=0 \Rightarrow(\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{q})^{2}=0 \Rightarrow \mathrm{p}=\mathrm{q} \Rightarrow \frac{\mathrm{p}}{\mathrm{q}}=\frac{1}{1}$
12. In the given figure, PA and PB are tangents from $P$ to a circle with centre $O$. If, $\angle A O B=130^{\circ}$ then find $\angle \mathrm{APB}$.

(1) $40^{\circ}$
(2) $55^{\circ}$
(3) $50^{\circ}$
(4) $60^{\circ}$

## Answer (3)

Sol. $\angle A O B=130^{\circ}$ (Given)
$\angle \mathrm{PAO}=\angle \mathrm{PBO}=90^{\circ}$ (since PA and PB are tangents to the circle)
$\therefore \angle \mathrm{APB}=360^{\circ}-\angle \mathrm{AOB}-\angle \mathrm{PAO}-\angle \mathrm{PBO}$
$=360^{\circ}-130^{\circ}-90^{\circ}-90^{\circ}$
$=50^{\circ}$
13. If $\cos ^{4} \theta-\sin ^{4} \theta=\frac{1}{3}$, then the value of $\tan ^{2} \theta$ will be
(1) $\frac{1}{2}$
(2) $\frac{1}{3}$
(3) $\frac{2}{3}$
(4) $\frac{1}{4}$

## Answer (1)

Sol. $\cos ^{4} \theta-\sin ^{4} \theta=\frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow\left(\cos ^{2} \theta-\sin ^{2} \theta\right)\left(\cos ^{2} \theta+\sin ^{2} \theta\right)=\frac{1}{3}$
$\Rightarrow\left(2 \cos ^{2} \theta-1\right)=\frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow 2 \cos ^{2} \theta=\frac{4}{3}$
$\Rightarrow \cos ^{2} \theta=\frac{2}{3}$
$\therefore \sin ^{2} \theta=1-\cos ^{2} \theta=\frac{1}{3}$
$\therefore \tan ^{2} \theta=\frac{\sin ^{2} \theta}{\cos ^{2} \theta}=\frac{1}{2}$
14.


In the figure the value of $\angle B E D$ is
(1) $25^{\circ}$
(2) $40^{\circ}$
(3) $35^{\circ}$
(4) $30^{\circ}$

## Answer (3)

Sol.

$\angle \mathrm{AOD}+\angle \mathrm{DOB}=180^{\circ}$ (Linear pair)
$\therefore \angle \mathrm{BOD}=30^{\circ}$
Now, $\triangle \mathrm{BOD}$ is an isosceles triangle since $\mathrm{OB}=\mathrm{OD}$ (radius of circle)
$\therefore \angle \mathrm{OBD}=\angle \mathrm{ODB}$
Now, in $\triangle B O D$
$\angle \mathrm{BOD}+2 \angle \mathrm{ODB}=180^{\circ} \Rightarrow \angle \mathrm{ODB}=75^{\circ}$
$\therefore \angle \mathrm{OBD}=\angle \mathrm{ODB}=75^{\circ}$
$A B C D$ is a cyclic quadrilateral
$\therefore \angle \mathrm{ACD}+\angle \mathrm{ABD}=180^{\circ}$
$\Rightarrow \angle \mathrm{ACD}=105^{\circ}$

Now, in $\triangle A C E$
$\angle \mathrm{ACE}+\angle \mathrm{CAE}+\angle \mathrm{CEA}=180^{\circ}$
$\Rightarrow 105^{\circ}+40^{\circ}+\angle \mathrm{CEA}=180^{\circ}$
$\therefore \angle \mathrm{AEC}=35^{\circ}$
$\therefore \angle \mathrm{BED}=35^{\circ}$
15. If $\left(1+4 x^{2}\right) \cos \theta=4 x$, then $\frac{1+2 x}{1-2 x}=$
(1) $\operatorname{cosec} \theta+\cot \theta$
(2) $\operatorname{cosec} \theta-\cot \theta$
(3) $\sec \theta+\tan \theta$
(4) $\sec \theta-\tan \theta$

Answer (1)
Sol. $\left(1+4 x^{2}\right) \cos \theta=4 x$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\cos \theta}=\frac{1+4 x^{2}}{4 x} \\
& \Rightarrow \frac{1+\cos \theta}{1-\cos \theta}=\frac{(1+2 x)^{2}}{(1-2 x)^{2}} \text { (Using componendo-dividendo) } \\
& \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{1+\cos \theta}}{\sqrt{1-\cos \theta}}=\frac{1+2 x}{1-2 x} \\
& \Rightarrow \frac{1+2 x}{1-2 x}=\frac{\sqrt{1+\cos \theta}}{\sqrt{1-\cos \theta}} \times \frac{\sqrt{1+\cos \theta}}{\sqrt{1+\cos \theta}} \\
& \Rightarrow \frac{1+2 x}{1-2 x}=\frac{1+\cos \theta}{\sqrt{\sin ^{2} \theta}}=\frac{1+\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \\
& \Rightarrow \frac{1+2 x}{1-2 x}=\operatorname{cosec} \theta+\cot \theta
\end{aligned}
$$

## (Questions 16-25)

Direction : In each question 16 to 25 there are two words separated by ' : ' and other two separated from the first two by the symbol '::'. Find the relation between two sets of words and select one word from the right side of $':$ ' which have the same relation as left set of word of ' $\because:$ '. Fill the circle of the letter denoting your selected answer on the OMR AnswerSheet.
16. Lamp : Oil :: Bulb : ?
(1) Electricity
(2) Bright
(3) Holder
(4) Switch

## Answer (1)

Sol. Electricity
17. Whale : Mammal :: Frog : ?
(1) Amphibian
(2) Reptile
(3) Fish
(4) Mollusc

Answer (1)
Sol. Amphibian
18. King : Palace :: Eskimo : ?
(1) Cavaran
(2) Asylum
(3) Monastery
(4) Igloo

## Answer (4)

Sol. Igloo
19. Cobbler : Leather :: Carpenter : ?
(1) Paper
(2) Wood
(3) Hammer
(4) Cloth

Answer (2)
Sol. Wood
20. Stethoscope : Heartbeat :: ? : Temperature :?
(1) Heat
(2) Mercury
(3) Scale
(4) Thermometer

## Answer (4)

Sol. Thermometer
21. Light: Darkness :: Knowledge : ?
(1) Ignorance
(2) Intelligence
(3) Brightness
(4) Creativity

Answer (1)
Sol. Ignorance
22. 841 : 29 :: 289 : ?
(1) 23
(2) 33
(3) 17
(4) 13

Answer (3)
Sol. $841=(29)^{2} \quad 289=(17)^{2}$
23. C:I::D:?
(1) L
(2) $P$
(3) M
(4) N

Answer (2,1)
Sol. Two possible answers
(2) logic 1: Position of $C$ alphabetically $=3$

Position of I alphabetically =9 = (3) ${ }^{2}$
Position of $D$ alphabetically $=4$
Position of required alphabet $=4^{2}=16$
$\therefore$ Alphabet $=\mathrm{P}$
(1) $\operatorname{logic} 2$ : Position of $C$ alphabetically $=3$

Position of I alphabetically $=9=3 \times 3$
Position of $D$ alphabetically $=4$
Position of required alphabet $=4 \times 3=12$
$\therefore$ Alphabet $=\mathrm{L}$
24. Heart : Cardiologist :: Kidney :?
(1) Endocrinologist
(2) Orthodontist
(3) Nephrologist
(4) Urologist

Answer (3)
Sol. Nephrologist
25. Poet : Poem :: Dramatist : ?
(1) Dialogue
(2) Stage
(3) Play
(4) Direction

## Answer (3)

Sol. Play

## (Questions 26-55)

Direction : In questions 26-55, numbers are placed in figures on the basis of some rules. One place in the figure is indicated by the interrogation sign (?). Find out the correct alternative to replace the question mark and indicate your answer by filling the circle of the corresponding letter of alternatives in the OMR Answer-Sheet.
26.

(1) 105
(2) 60
(3) 30
(4) 45

Answer (3)
Sol. $36=18 \times 2|26=13 \times 2| ?=15 \times 2$
$90=18 \times 5|65=13 \times 5| 75=15 \times 5$
So the answer is $=30$
27.

(1) 94
(2) 86
(3) 82
(4) 78

Answer (2)
Sol. $33=4^{2}+3^{2}+2^{2}+2^{2}$
$54=5^{2}+4^{2}+3^{2}+2^{2}$
$?=4^{2}+3^{2}+6^{2}+5^{2}=86$
So the answer is $=86$
28.

(1) 220
(2) 224
(3) 221
(4) 225

## Answer (4)



So the answer is $=113 \times 2-1=225$
29.

(1) 12
(2) 15
(3) 18
(4) 14

Answer (1)
Sol.


So the answer is $=12$
30.

| 31 | 17 | 58 | 87 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 68 | 19 | 61 | 56 |
| 91 | 22 | 70 | 50 |
| 10 | 142 | 11 | $?$ |

(1) 3
(2) 6
(3) 7
(4) 9

## Answer (3)

Sol.

| 31 | 17 | 58 | 87 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 68 | 19 | 61 | 56 |
| 91 | 22 | 70 | 50 |
| 10 | 142 | 11 | $?$ |

Sum of each column $=200$
So the answer is $=200-(87+56+50)$

$$
=200-193=7
$$

31. 


(1) 2
(2) 3
(3) 4
(4) 5

## Answer (1)

Sol.


So the answer is $=2$
32.

(1) 33
(2) 36
(3) 45
(4) 60

Answer (1)
Sol.


So the answer is $=13+5+8+7=33$
33.

(1) 16

(3) 21

Answer (1)

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Sol.


So the answer is $=16$
34.

(1) 35
(2) 32
(3) 22
(4) 19

## Answer (4)

Sol.


Logic 1 : $|36-30|=6$ (vertically opposite terms)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& |25-21|=4 \\
& |27-33|=6 \\
& |23-x|=4
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { So } x=19
$$

Logic 2 : Alternate sectors

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 19+2=21,21+2=23 \\
& 23+2=25
\end{aligned}
$$

Likewise, $27+3=30,30+3=33,33+3=36$
So the answer is $=19$
35.
(3) 6
189
(4) 8
(448)

(1) 124
(2) 125
(3) 126
(4) 224

Answer (1)

Sol. 36

(4) 8
448
$448=8^{3}-4^{3}$

$?=5^{3}-1=124$

So the answer is $=124$
36.

(1) 27
(2) 21
(3) 28
(4) 33

## Answer (2)

Sol.


So the answer is $=21$
37.

(1) 164
(2) 181
(3) 216
(4) 200

## Answer (3)

Sol.

$27=3^{3} \quad 64=4^{3} \quad 125=5^{3}$
So $?=6^{3}=216$
So the answer is $=216$
38.

(1) 71
(2) 59
(3) 62
(4) 55

## Answer (2)

Sol.


$$
\begin{array}{rlrl}
26=5 \times 4+3 \times 2 & 62=5 \times 6+8 \times 4 & ?=5 \times 7+3 \times 8 \\
& ?=59
\end{array}
$$

So the answer is $=59$
39.

(1) 48
(2) 45
(3) 51
(4) 54

Answer (1)
Sol.


So the answer is $=48$
40.

(1) 50
(2) 90
(3) 218
(4) 64

## Answer (2)

Sol.

$59=(100+12)-(28+25)$
$?=(102+52)-(28+36)$
$?=90$
41.

(1) 27
(2) 35
(3) 54
(4) 30

## Answer (4)

Sol.

$32=\frac{8 \times 4 \times 3}{3}$
$?=\frac{5 \times 9 \times 2}{3}$
$40=\frac{6 \times 5 \times 4}{3}$
$?=30$

So the answer is $=30$
42.

(1) 4
(2) 5
(3) 3
(4) 6

## Answer (4)

Sol.

| 5 | 8 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | 1 | 4 |
| 9 | 3 | $?$ |
| 108 | 27 | 96 |

$108=(5+7) \times 9$
$27=(8+1) \times 3$
$96=(12+4) \times ? \Rightarrow ? \frac{96}{16}=6$
So the answer is $=6$
43.

| B | F | K |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $E$ | I | N |
| $?$ | $N$ | $S$ |

(1) K
(2) O
(3) $F$
(4) J

## Answer (4)

Sol.

| $B$ | $F$ | $K$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $E$ | $I$ | $N$ |
| $?$ | $N$ | $S$ |

B (C) (D) (E) $F \underbrace{\text { (G) (H) (I) (D) } K}_{3}$
$E \underbrace{(G)(G)}_{3}$
I $\underbrace{(J)(L)}_{4}$ (M) $N$
$J \underbrace{\circledR(L) ®}_{3} N \underbrace{@(P)}_{4}$ ® $S$
So the answer is $=\mathrm{J}$
44.

| Z | A | Y | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T | E | S | F |
| Q | L | P | ? |

(1) $M$
(2) N
(3) $P$
(4) O

## Answer (1)

Sol.

| $Z$ | $A$ | $Y$ | $B$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $T$ | $E$ | $S$ | $F$ |
| $Q$ | $L$ | $P$ | $?$ |

$Y \rightarrow Z, \quad A \rightarrow B$
$S \rightarrow T, E \rightarrow F$
$P \rightarrow Q, L \rightarrow M$
So the answer is $=M$
45.

| 7 | 3 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 9 | 6 |
| 5 | 1 | 2 |
| 90 | 91 | $?$ |

(1) 92
(2) 94
(3) 104
(4) 93

## Answer (3)

Sol.

| 7 | 3 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 9 | 6 |
| 5 | 1 | 2 |
| 90 | 91 | $?$ |

$90=7^{2}+4^{2}+5^{2}$
$91=3^{2}+9^{2}+1^{2}$
? $=8^{2}+6^{2}+2^{2}=104$
So the answer is $=104$
46.

| 2 | 7 | 14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 4 | $?$ |
| 75 | 165 | 285 |$\rightarrow$ Let it be $=x$

(1) 7
(2) 5
(3) 1
(4) 4

## Answer (2)

Sol.

| 2 | 7 | 14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 4 | $?$ |
| 75 | 165 | 285 |

then $\frac{75}{3+2}=15$
$\frac{165}{7+4}=15$
$\frac{285}{14+x}=15 \Rightarrow x=5$
So answer is $=5$
47.

| 2 | 1 | 4 | 6 | $?$ | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 0 | 60 | 210 | 120 | 24 |

(1) 2
(2) 8
(3) 5
(4) 7

## Answer (3)

Sol.

| 2 | 1 | 4 | 6 | $?$ | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 0 | 60 | 210 | 120 | 24 |

$$
\begin{array}{l|l}
6=2 \times\left(2^{2}-1\right) \\
0=1 \times\left(1^{2}-1\right) & \text { So } 120=5 \times\left(5^{2}-1\right) \\
60=4 \times\left(4^{2}-1\right) & \text { So the answer is }=5 \\
210=6 \times\left(6^{2}-1\right) &
\end{array}
$$

48. 

\(5 \begin{gathered}3 <br>
5 $$
\begin{array}{c}12 \\
2\end{array}
$$ <br>

4\end{gathered}\)| 6 |
| :---: |
| 3 |
| $\begin{array}{c}18 \\ 9\end{array}$ |
| 2 |

(1) 15
(2) 18
(3) 17
(4) 16

## Answer (2)

Sol.


So the answer is $=18$
49.



(1) 132
(2) 320
(3) 274
(4) 262

## Answer (4)

Sol.

(6)

Likewise : $|5-7|=2,|3-9|=6,|3-1|=2$
So 262 is the answer
50.

(1) 1
(2) 8
(3) 6
(4) 4

## Answer (3)

Sol.


So the answer is $=6$
51.

| $3 C$ | 27 D | 9 E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 I | 21 K | 3 M |
| 4 D | $?$ | 7 J |

(1) 11 E
(2) 28 G
(3) 35 I
(4) 48 F

## Answer (2)

Sol.

| 3C | 27D | 9E | $27=3 \times 9$, C D E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 71 | 21K | 3M | $21=3 \times 7, I J \mathbb{K} L$ M |
| 4D | ? | 7J | $28=4 \times 7, \mathrm{D}$ E F G H I J |

So the answer is $=28 G$
52.

(1) 60
(2) 39
(3) 32
(4) 52

## Answer (4)

## Sol.



So the answer is 52
53.

(1) 5052
(2) 5100
(3) 5094
(4) 4860

## Answer (2)

54. 


(1) 860
(2) 1140
(3) 2880
(4) 3240

## Answer (3)

55. 

| 466 |
| :---: |
| 341 |
| 25 |$\quad$| 398 |
| :---: |
| 283 |

(1) 29
(2) 23
(3) 35
(4) 26

## Answer (2)

## (Questions 56-70)

Direction : In each of the following questions 56 to 70, a number series is given with one term missing. Choose the correct alternative that will continue the same pattern and replace the question mark in the given series.
56. $132,253,374,495$, ?
(1) 5165
(2) 5123
(3) 5116
(4) 5102

Answer (3)
57. $8,18,32,50,72$, ?
(1) 76
(2) 98
(3) 80
(4) 70

## Answer (2)

58. 1, 0, 3, 2, 5, 6, ?, 12, 9, 20
(1) 9
(2) 10
(3) 7
(4) 8

## Answer (3)

59. 7, 8, 18, 57, ?, 1165
(1) 174
(2) 232
(3) 224
(4) 228

## Answer (2)

60. $10,11,14,23,50$,?
(1) 10
(2) 104
(3) 70
(4) 131

Answer (4)
Sol. $+3^{0}$
$+3^{1}$
$+3^{2}$
$+3^{3}$
So $+3^{4}=81$
61. $4,8,28,80,244, ?$
(1) 278
(2) 428
(3) 628
(4) 728

## Answer (4)

Sol. 4, 8, 28, 80, 244, ?

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
8 \times 3+4 & 80 \times 3+4 & \\
9 \times 3-4 & 28 \times 3-4 & \begin{array}{l}
244 \times 3-4 \\
\\
\end{array} \\
& & \\
& & 728
\end{array}
$$

62. $1,1,2,6,24, ?, 720$
(1) 100
(2) 104
(3) 108
(4) 120

Answer (4)

$1 \times 1=1$
$1 \times 2=2$
$2 \times 3=6$
$6 \times 4=24$
$24 \times 5=120$
$120 \times 6=720$
63. $2,7,27,107,427$, ?
(1) 1262
(2) 1707
(3) 4027
(4) 4207

## Answer (2)

Sol. 2, 7, 27, 107, 427, $\qquad$
$\begin{array}{rll}520 & 80 & 320 \\ \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 & \times 4 \\ & =1280\end{array}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x_{4} 4280+427=1707 \\
& =120
\end{aligned}
$$

64. $3,8,18, ?, 53,78$
(1) 30
(2) 35
(3) 33
(4) 32

Answer (3)
Sol. $\underset{5}{3,8,18}$
65. $11,29,55, ?, 131$
(1) 110
(2) 81
(3) 89
(4) 78

## Answer (3)

Sol.

66. $198,194,185,169, ?$
(1) 92
(2) 136
(3) 144
(4) 112

Answer (3)

67. $4,11,30,67,128$, ?
(1) 219
(2) 228
(3) 231
(4) 237

Answer (1)
Sol. $\begin{gathered}4113067128215 \\ 719376191 \\ 12182430\end{gathered}$
12182430
68. $17,43,81,131$, ?
(1) 375
(2) 468
(3) 300
(4) 193

## Answer (4)

Sol. 174381131193
26385062
69. How many terms are there in the series ? $4,7,10,13, \ldots, 148$
(1) 25
(2) 49
(3) 37
(4) 51

## Answer (2)

Sol. $\frac{148-4}{3}+1=\frac{144}{3}+1=49$
70. In the series $4,10,16, \ldots \ldots$. what will be the 23 rd term ?
(1) 136
(2) 150
(3) 161
(4) 125

Answer (1)
Sol. $4+(23-1) \times 6$
$4+22 \times 6=136$

## (Question 71-80)

Direction : In each of the questions 71 to 80 there are four items, three of which are alike by some means or other while one is out of the class. Find out the odd item and indicate your answer by filling the circle of the corresponding letter on the OMR AnswerSheet.
71. (1) Iron
(2) Steel
(3) Gold
(4) Tin

## Answer (2)

Sol. Steel is not element
72. (1) RKD
(2) UNG
(3) MTF
(4) SLE

## Answer (3)

Sol. Not difference by 7
73.
(1) Botany
(2) English
(3) Physics
(4) Chemistry

## Answer (2)

Sol. English is not Science
74. (1) Mumbai
(2) Chennai
(3) Kolkata
(4) Bengaluru

Answer (4)
Sol. Bengaluru is not port city
75. (1) Carrom
(2) Golf
(3) Cricket
(4) Hockey

Answer (1)
Sol. Carrom
76. (1) Eye
(2) Ears
(3) Throat
(4) Nose

## Answer (3)

Sol. Throat
77. (1) Cumin
(2) Groundnut
(3) Clove
(4) Pepper

## Answer (2)

Sol. Groundnut
78.
(1) Temple
(2) Worship
(3) Church
(4) Mosque

## Answer (2)

Sol. Worship
79. (1) 70,80
(2) 54,62
(3) 28,32
(4) 42,24

Answer (4)
Sol. First term is greater than second term
80.
(1) Square
(2) Circle
(3) Parallelogram
(4) Rectangle

## Answer (2)

Sol. Circle

Direction (Q. 81 to Q.83) : Choose the correct one.
81. If the clock reads $6: 20$ and if the minute hand points North-East, in which direction will the hour hand point?
(1) West
(2) South-East
(3) East
(4) North-East

Answer (3)
Sol. East
82. A boy starts walking toward West, he turns right and again he turns right and then turns left at last. Towards which direction is he walking now?
(1) West
(2) North
(3) South
(4) East

## Answer (2)

Sol. North

83. Arun travels 8 km towards the North, turns left and travels 3 km and then again turns right and covers another 4 km . He then turns right and travels another 3 km . How far is he from the starting point?
(1) 18 km
(2) 11 km
(3) 12 km
(4) 15 km

Answer (3)

Sol. 12 km


Direction (Q. $84 \&$ Q.85) : Choose the correct one.
84. Arrange the given words in the sequence in which they occur in dictionary and then choose the correct sequence.
(1) Leaf
(2) Learned
(3) Leave
(4) Leak
(5) Leader
(1) $5,1,4,2,3$
(2) $5,1,4,3,2$
(3) $3,5,1,4,2$
(4) $1,4,2,3,5$

Answer (1)
85. Arrange the given words in the sequence in which they occur in dictionary and then choose the correct sequence.
(1) Select
(2) Seldom
(3) Send
(4) Selfish
(5) Selter
(1) $1,2,4,5,3$
(2) $2,1,5,4,3$
(3) $3,5,4,1,2$
(4) $5,3,2,1,4$

Answer (3)
Sol. (in descending order)
(Questions 86-90)
86. If $P$ means,$- Q$ means,$+ R$ means $\div$ and $S$ means $\times$, then what is the value of 18P6Q4S6R2?
(1) 24
(2) 12
(3) 26
(4) 128

Answer (1)
Sol. $18-6+4 \times 6 \div 2=24$
87. If $5 * 6=35,8^{*} 4=28,6 * 8=$ ?
(1) 46
(2) 34
(3) 23
(4) 38

Answer (1)
88. If ' + ' stands for 'multiplication', '<' stands for 'division', ' - ' stands for 'subtraction', '-' stands for 'addition' and ' $x$ ' stands for 'greater than', identify which expression is correct ?
(1) $20-4 \div 4+8<2 \times 26$
(2) $20 \times 8+15<5 \div 9-8$
(3) $20<2+10 \div 4-6 \times 100$
(4) $20<5+25 \div 10-2 \times 96$

Answer (3)
Sol. $20 \div 2 \times 10-4+6>100$
$10 \times 10-4+6>100$
$100-4+6>100$
102>100
89. If ' - ' $^{\prime}$ means ' + ', ' - ' means ' $-\div$ ', ' $x$ ' means ' - ' and ' + ' means ' $x$ ', then $32 \div 8-4 \times 12+4=$ ?
(1) 12
(2) 21
(3) -41
(4) -14

Answer (4)

$$
\text { Sol. } 32+8 \div 4-12 \times 4 \quad=32+2-48, ~=34-48=-14
$$

90. Which one of the following will be possible when you interchange the numbers 4 and 5 and the signs ' + ' and ' $x$ ' ?
(1) $5 \times 4+10=30$
(2) $10 \times 4+5=50$
(3) $20+5 \times 4=85$
(4) $5+15 \times 4=90$

Answer (3)
Sol. $20 \times 4+5=85$
(Q. 91 to Q.95) :

Direction : Study the following figure carefully and answer the questions given below it. The rectangle represents employed persons and the triangle represents educated persons and the circle represents villagers.

91. Which regions indicate villagers are neither employed nor educated?
(1) 6,1
(2) 8,9
(3) 3, 2
(4) 7, 8

## Answer (2)

92. Which regions represent educated persons are villagers?
(1) 7,4
(2) 4,6
(3) 6,1
(4) $7,4,6$

## Answer (4)

93. Which region represents educated persons are both villagers and employed?
(1) 2
(2) 8
(3) 4
(4) 9

Answer (3)
94. Which region represents educated persons are neither villagers nor employed?
(1) 9
(2) 1
(3) 3
(4) 6

Answer (2)
95. Which region indicates employed persons are neither villagers nor educated ?
(1) 8
(2) 7
(3) 9
(4) 2

Answer (4)

## (Q. 96 \& Q.97) :

Direction : Choose the correct one.
96. If $A+B$ means $A$ is the brother of $B, A-B$ means $A$ is the sister of $B$ and $A \times B$ means $A$ is the father of $B$, Which of the following means that $C$ is the son of $A$ ?
(1) $A-B \times C+B$
(2) $B-C+A \times B$
(3) $A+B-B \times C$
(4) $A \times B-C+B$

Answer (4)
97. Looking at a photograph a person said "I have no brother or sister but that man's father is my father's son". At whose photograph was the person looking at?
(1) His son's
(2) His nephew's
(3) His father's
(4) His own

Answer (1)
(Q. 98 to Q.100) :

A is B's brother, C is A's mother, D is C's father and $E$ is B's son.
98. How is E related to $A$ ?
(1) Cousin
(2) Nephew
(3) Uncle
(4) Grandson

Answer (2)
99. How is $D$ related to $B$ ?
(1) Father
(2) Uncle
(3) Brother
(4) Grandfather

## Answer (4)

100. How is E related to $C$ ?
(1) Uncle
(2) Nephew
(3) Cousin
(4) Grandson

## Answer(4)

## PART-II : SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST (SAT)

1. If $23 x-29 y=98$ and $29 x-23 y=110$, then the value of $\sqrt{x^{2}+y^{2}}$ is
(1) $\sqrt{10}$
(2) $\sqrt{5}$
(3) 10
(4) 7

Answer (1)
Sol. $23 x-29 y=98$
$29 x-23 y=110$
$x-y=4$
[(i) + (ii)]
$x+y=2$
[(ii) - (i)]
$2 x=6$
$x=3$
$y=-1$
$\therefore \quad \sqrt{\mathrm{x}^{2}+\mathrm{y}^{2}}=\sqrt{10}$
2. If $x=\frac{y}{y+1}$ and $y=\frac{a-2}{2}$, then the value of $x(y+2)+\frac{x}{y}+\frac{y}{x}$ is
(1) 1
(2) 0
(3) -1
(4) $a$

Answer (4)
Sol. $x=\frac{y}{y+1} \quad y=\frac{a-2}{2}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x=\frac{\frac{a-2}{2}}{\frac{a-2}{2}+1}=\frac{a-2}{a} \\
& \therefore \quad x(y+2)+\frac{x}{y}+\frac{y}{x} \\
& \frac{a-2}{a}\left(\frac{a-2}{2}+2\right)+\left(\frac{\frac{a-2}{a-2}}{\frac{a-2}{2}}\right)+\left(\frac{\frac{a-2}{2}}{\frac{a-2}{a}}\right)=a
\end{aligned}
$$

3. If $\sin \theta+\sin ^{3} \theta=\cos ^{2} \theta$, then the value of $\cos ^{6} \theta-4 \cos ^{4} \theta+8 \cos ^{2} \theta$ is
(1) 1
(2) 4
(3) 2
(4) 0

Answer (2)

Sol. $\sin \theta+\sin ^{3} \theta=\cos ^{2} \theta$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sin \theta\left(1+1-\cos ^{2} \theta\right)=\cos ^{2} \theta \\
& \sin ^{2} \theta\left(2-\cos ^{2} \theta\right)^{2}=\cos ^{4} \theta \\
& \left(1-\cos ^{2} \theta\right)\left(4+\cos ^{4} \theta-4 \cos ^{2} \theta\right)=\cos ^{4} \theta \\
& 4+\cos ^{4} \theta-4 \cos ^{2} \theta-4 \cos ^{2} \theta-\cos ^{6} \theta+4 \cos ^{4} \theta \\
& =\cos ^{4} \theta \\
& \cos ^{6} \theta-4 \cos ^{4} \theta+8 \cos ^{4} \theta=4
\end{aligned}
$$

4. If $x^{2}+y^{2}=2 \sqrt{2} x+4 \sqrt{2} y-10$, then the value of $\frac{x}{y}$ is
(1) $\frac{1}{2}$
(2) $\frac{1}{4}$
(3) 2
(4) 4

## Answer (1)

Sol. $x^{2}+y^{2}=2 \sqrt{2} x+4 \sqrt{2} y-10$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (x-\sqrt{2})^{2}+(y-2 \sqrt{2})^{2}=0 \\
& x=\sqrt{2} ; y=2 \sqrt{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

5. If $x+y=12$, then the maximum value of $x y$ will be
(1) 20
(2) 30
(3) 36
(4) 40

Answer (3)
Sol. $A M \geq G M$
$\frac{x+y}{2} \geq \sqrt{x y}$
$\frac{12}{2} \geq \sqrt{x y}$
$x y \leq 36$
6. If $\frac{4+\sqrt{5}}{2}$ and $\frac{4-\sqrt{5}}{2}$ be the roots of a quadratic equation, then the quadratic equation will be
(1) $4 x^{2}-17 x-9=0$
(2) $6 x^{2}-16 x-9=0$
(3) $x^{2}-5 x+8=0$
(4) $4 x^{2}-16 x+11=0$

Answer (4)

Sol. $x_{1}=\frac{4+\sqrt{5}}{2}$
$x_{2}=\frac{4-\sqrt{5}}{2}$
$x_{1}+x_{2}=4$
$x_{1} \cdot x_{2}=\frac{11}{4}$
$x^{2}-\left(x_{1}+x_{2}\right) x+x_{1} x_{2}=0$
$x^{2}-4 x+\frac{11}{4}=0$
$4 x^{2}-16 x+11=0$
7. If $\sin ^{4} x+\sin ^{2} x=1$, then the value of $\cot ^{4} x+\cot ^{2} x$ will be
(1) 0
(2) 1
(3) 2
(4) 4

Answer (2)
Sol. $\frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec}^{4} x}+\frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec}^{2} x}=1$
$1+\operatorname{cosec}^{2} x=\operatorname{cosec}^{4} x$
$1+1+\cot ^{2} x=1+\cot ^{4} x+2 \cot ^{2} x$
$\cot ^{4} x+\cot ^{2} x=1$
8. $\sqrt{a \sqrt{b \sqrt{c \sqrt{d}}}}=$
(1) $a^{1 / 2} b^{1 / 4} c^{1 / 8} d^{1 / 16}$
(2) $(a b c d)^{1 / 16}$
(3) $(a b c d)^{1 / 8}$
(4) $a^{1 / 2} b^{1 / 2} c^{1 / 2} d^{1 / 2}$

## Answer (1)

Sol. $\sqrt{a \sqrt{b \sqrt{c \sqrt{d}}}}=a^{\frac{1}{2}} b^{\frac{1}{4}} c^{\frac{1}{8}} d^{\frac{1}{16}}$
9. A train goes from Sealdah to Ranaghat with velocity $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and returns from Ranaghat to Sealdah with velocity $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. The average velocity of the train will be
(1) $70 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(2) $68 \frac{4}{7} \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(3) $70 \frac{4}{7} \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(4) $68 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer (2)

Sol. Average Velocity $=\frac{2 V_{1} V_{2}}{V_{1}+V_{2}}=\frac{2 \times 60 \times 80}{60+80}$
$=\frac{2 \times 60 \times 80}{140}=\frac{480}{7}=68 \frac{4}{7} \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
10. The triangle formed by the points $(7,9),(3,-7)$ and $(-3,3)$ is
(1) Equilateral
(2) Isosceles
(3) Scalene
(4) Right angled and Isosceles

Answer (4)
Sol. $A(7,9) \quad B(3,-7) \quad C(-3,3)$
$A B=\sqrt{272}$
$B C=\sqrt{136}$
$C A=\sqrt{136}$
$A B^{2}=B C^{2}+A C^{2}$
11. In a cuboid the length of the diagonal is $p$, the sum of areas of all the surfaces is $q$ and the sum of lengths of coinitial edges is $r$. Then which one of the following relations is true?
(1) $r=4 \sqrt{p^{2}+q^{2}}$
(2) $r=\sqrt{4\left(p^{2}+q\right)}$
(3) $r=\sqrt{p^{2}+q}$
(4) $r=4 \sqrt{p^{2}-q}$

## Answer (3)

Sol. $\mathrm{p}=\sqrt{\ell^{2}+\mathrm{b}^{2}+\mathrm{h}^{2}}$
$q=2(\ell b+b h+\ell h)$
$r=\ell+b+h$
$\mathrm{p}^{2}+\mathrm{q}^{2}=(\ell+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{h})^{2}$
$\ell+b+h=\sqrt{p^{2}+q}$
$r=\sqrt{p^{2}+q}$
12. If a cube has surface area $s$ and volume $V$, then the volume of the cube with surface area 2 s will be
(1) 2 V
(2) $2 \sqrt{2} V$
(3) 4 V
(4) $\sqrt{2} \mathrm{~V}$

Answer (2)

Sol. $S=6 a^{2}$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
V=a^{3} & a_{1}=\sqrt{2} a \\
& V_{1}=a_{1}^{3}=2 \sqrt{2} a^{3}=2 \sqrt{2} V \\
& \therefore V_{1}=2 \sqrt{2} V
\end{array}
$$

13. Average of $1^{\text {st }} 100$ natural numbers is
(1) 50
(2) 50.5
(3) 505
(4) 51.5

## Answer (2)

Sol. $\operatorname{Avg}=\frac{5050}{100}=50.5$
14. In the figure given bellow, $A B C D$ is a quadrilateral and if $\overline{\mathrm{AB}}=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \quad \overline{\mathrm{AD}}=12 \mathrm{~cm}, \quad \overline{\mathrm{BC}}=\overline{\mathrm{CD}}=13 \mathrm{~cm}$, then the area of the quadrilateral $A B C D$ is

(1) $\frac{1}{4}(120+169 \sqrt{3}) \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
(2) $\frac{1}{4}(120-169 \sqrt{3}) \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
(3) $\frac{1}{4}(60+169 \sqrt{3})$ sq. cm
(4) $\frac{1}{4}(60-169 \sqrt{3})$ sq. cm

## Answer (1)

Sol. Area of $(\square A B C D)=\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 12+\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times(13)^{2}$

$$
=30+\frac{169 \sqrt{3}}{4}=\frac{120+169 \sqrt{3}}{4}
$$

15. Area of a triangle whose lengths of medians are $9 \mathrm{~cm}, 12 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 15 cm will be
(1) 72 sq. cm
(2) 36 sq. cm
(3) 154 sq. cm
(4) 108 sq. cm

Answer (1)

Sol. Area $=\frac{4}{3} \sqrt{s(s-p)(s-q)(s-r)}$
Where $p, q, r$ are lengths of medians and $\mathrm{s}=\frac{\mathrm{p}+\mathrm{q}+\mathrm{r}}{2}$; Hence area of triangle $=72 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
16. The relation which will be obtained by eliminating $\theta$ from $x=a \sec ^{n} \theta$ and $y=\operatorname{btan}^{n} \theta$ is
(1) $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}+\left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}=1$
(2) $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{2}-\left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^{2}=1$
(3) $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}-\left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}=1$
(4) $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{n}}-\left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{n}}=1$

## Answer (4)

Sol. $\sec \theta=\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \quad \tan \theta=\left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}$

$$
\sec ^{2} \theta-\tan ^{2} \theta=1
$$

17. If $A B C D$ is a cyclic quadrilateral, then the value of $\left(\tan \frac{A}{2} \tan \frac{C}{2}+\tan \frac{B}{2} \tan \frac{D}{2}\right)$ is
(1) 1
(2) $\frac{1}{2}$
(3) 3
(4) 2

Answer (4)
Sol. $\tan \left(\frac{\pi-C}{2}\right) \cdot \tan \frac{C}{2}+\tan \left(\frac{\pi-D}{2}\right) \cdot \tan \frac{D}{2}$
$=1+1=2$
18. 4 unbiased coins are tossed simultaneously. The probability that two tails occur will be
(1) $\frac{3}{8}$
(2) $\frac{3}{16}$
(3) $\frac{4}{16}$
(4) $\frac{5}{16}$

Answer (1)
Sol. $\left|\begin{array}{cccc}T & T & H & H \\ T & H & T & H \\ T & H & H & T \\ H & T & T & H \\ H & T & H & T \\ H & H & T & T\end{array}\right| \therefore \frac{6}{16}=\frac{3}{8}$
19. The roots of the equation $x^{2}-5 x-2=0$
(1) Real and Rational
(2) Imaginary
(3) Real and equal
(4) Real and Irrational

## Answer (4)

Sol. $X^{2}-5 x-2=0$
$x=\frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25+8}}{2}$
$x=\frac{5 \pm \sqrt{33}}{2}$
20. If $\sum f_{i} x_{i}=216, \sum f_{i}=16$ and weighted mean
$=13.5+P$, then the value of $P$ will be
(1) 1
(2) 0.1
(3) 0.01
(4) 0

## Answer (4)

Sol. $\frac{\sum \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}} \mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{i}}}{\sum \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}}}=13.5+\mathrm{P}$

$$
\frac{216}{16}=13.5+P
$$

$13.5=13.5+P$
$P=0$
21. The distance-time graph of a particle at time $t$ makes an angle $45^{\circ}$ with the time axis. After 1 s it makes an angle $60^{\circ}$ with the time axis. What is the average acceleration of the particle during this time interval ?
(1) $(\sqrt{3}-1)$ unit
(2) $(\sqrt{3}+1)$ unit
(3) $\sqrt{3}$ unit
(4) 1 unit

## Answer (1)

Sol. $\langle\mathrm{a}\rangle=\frac{\Delta \mathrm{v}}{\Delta \mathrm{t}}=\frac{\tan 60^{\circ}-\tan 45^{\circ}}{1}=\sqrt{3}-1$
22. Two blocks of mass 4 kg and 2 kg are placed side by side on a smooth horizontal table and a horizontal force of 20 N is applied on the 4 kg block as shown in the figure. The normal reaction between the two blocks will be

(1) $10 / 3 \mathrm{~N}$
(2) $20 / 3 \mathrm{~N}$
(3) $25 / 3 \mathrm{~N}$
(4) $40 / 3 \mathrm{~N}$

Answer (2)
Sol. $a_{c}=\frac{20}{6}=\frac{10}{3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} \therefore \mathrm{~F}_{42}=2 \times \frac{10}{3}=\frac{20}{3} \mathrm{~N}$
23. All other conditions remaining same, if the velocity of sound in oxygen and hydrogen gases are given by $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ respectively, then which one of the following is correct?
(1) $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}=2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$
(2) $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}=4 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$
(3) $V_{H}=V_{O}$
(4) $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=4 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{H}}$

Answer (2)
Sol. $\mathrm{V}_{\text {sound }}=\sqrt{\frac{\gamma \mathrm{RT}}{\mathrm{M}}} \therefore \frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}}{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}}=\sqrt{\frac{2}{32}}=\frac{1}{4}$
24. All other conditions remaining same, if the temperature of a gas medium drops by $1 \%$, the velocity of sound in that medium will
(1) Increase by 0.5\%
(2) Remain unchanged
(3) Decrease by 0.5\%
(4) Decrease by 2\%

Answer (3)
Sol. $\mathrm{v} \propto \sqrt{\mathrm{T}} \therefore \frac{\Delta \mathrm{v}}{\mathrm{v}}=\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta \mathrm{~T}}{\mathrm{~T}}=-\frac{1}{2} \times 1=-0.5 \%$
25. A beam of light is incident at $60^{\circ}$ to a plane separating two medium. The reflected and refracted rays are found to be perpendicular to each other. What is the refractive index of the second medium with respect to the first medium ?
(1) $1 / \sqrt{3}$
(2) $1 / 3$
(3) $\sqrt{3}$
(4) 3

## Answer (3)

Sol. $\tan 60^{\circ}=\mu_{21}=\sqrt{3}$
26. The peak value of A.C. voltage on a 220 V mains is
(1) $240 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~V}$
(2) $230 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~V}$
(3) $220 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~V}$
(4) $110 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~V}$

## Answer (3)

Sol. $\mathrm{V}_{\text {rms }}=\frac{\mathrm{V}_{\text {peak }}}{\sqrt{2}} \therefore \mathrm{~V}_{\text {peak }}=220 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~V}$
27. Two rain drops reach the earth with terminal velocities in the ratio $4: 9$. What is the ratio of their radii ? [Take all other conditions remain same.]
(1) $4: 9$
(2) $2: 3$
(3) $16: 81$
(4) $9: 4$

Answer (2)
Sol. $v_{T} \propto r^{2} \therefore \frac{v_{1}}{v_{2}}=\frac{4}{9}=\left(\frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}}\right)^{2} \therefore \frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}}=\frac{2}{3}$
28. The absolute refractive indices of water and glass are $4 / 3$ and $3 / 2$ respectively. Which is the refractive index of glass with respect to water?
(1) 1.125
(2) 1.5
(3) 1.25
(4) 1.52

## Answer (1)

Sol. $\frac{\mu_{\text {glass }}}{\mu_{\text {water }}}=\frac{3 / 2}{4 / 3}=\frac{9}{8}=1.125$
29. A block of ice is floating in water keeping $1 / 11$-th part of its volume above water level. Taking density of water as $1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$, what is the nearest value of density of the ice block ?
(1) $0.81 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$
(2) $0.91 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$
(3) $0.11 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$
(4) $1.11 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$

## Answer (2)

Sol. $\frac{\rho_{\text {ice }}}{\rho_{\text {water }}}=\frac{V_{\text {submerged }}}{V_{\text {ice }}}=\frac{10}{11} \therefore \rho_{\text {ice }}=\frac{10}{11} \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cc} \approx 0.91 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cc}$
30. $A$ and $B$ are two radioactive substances having half life periods $T_{A}$ and $T_{B}$ respectively. If $T_{A}=3 T_{B}$ and $\lambda_{A}$ and $\lambda_{B}$ are the respective disintegration constants, what relation between them is correct?
(1) $\lambda_{B}: \lambda_{A}=3: 1$
(2) $\lambda_{B}: \lambda_{A}=1: 3$
(3) $\lambda_{B}: \lambda_{A}=2: 3$
(4) $\lambda_{B}: \lambda_{A}=3: 2$

## Answer (1)

Sol. $T_{\text {haff }} \propto \frac{1}{\lambda} \therefore \frac{T_{A}}{T_{B}}=\frac{\lambda_{B}}{\lambda_{A}}=3$ or, $\lambda_{B}=3 \lambda_{A}$
31. In the equation of motion $S=a t^{2}+b t$; $S$ and $t$ are distance and time respectively and $a$ and $b$ are constants. The unit of $a$ and $b$ are respectively given by
(1) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(2) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{3}$
(4) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$

Answer (1)
Sol. $a=\frac{S}{t^{2}}=m / s^{2}, b=\frac{S}{t}=m / s$
32. When electromagnetic wave propagates, the angle between the electric field and the magnetic field is given by
(1) $0^{\circ}$
(2) $90^{\circ}$
(3) $45^{\circ}$
(4) $135^{\circ}$

## Answer (2)

Sol. $\bar{E} \cdot \bar{B}=0 \quad \therefore$ Required angle $90^{\circ}$.
33. The three sides of a triangle are of equal resistances of value $R$ each. What is the equivalent resistance between any two vertexes of the triangle?
(1) $3 R$
(2) $2 R$
(3) $R / 3$
(4) $2 R / 3$

## Answer (4)

Sol. $R_{\text {eq }}=\frac{2 R . R}{3 R}=\frac{2 R}{3}$
34. Number of neutrons in a parent nucleus ' $A$ ' which gives ${ }_{7}^{14} \mathrm{~N}$ after two successive $\beta$ emission would be
(1) 6
(2) 7
(3) 8
(4) 9

## Answer (4)

Sol. $\quad{ }_{5}^{14} \mathrm{Y} \xrightarrow{-\beta}{ }_{6}^{14} \mathrm{X} \xrightarrow{-\beta}{ }_{7}^{14} \mathrm{~N}$
$\therefore$ Number of neutron in Parent nucleus $=14-5=9$
35. The anhydride of Pyrosulphuric acid is
(1) $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{SO}_{3}$
(3) $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
(4) $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$

## Answer (2)

Sol. Pyrosulphuric acid $\equiv$

$\therefore \quad \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{6}$ or $\mathrm{SO}_{3}$
36. Which Ammonium compound does not produce Ammonia gas on heating?
(1) $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
(2) $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
(3) $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$
(4) $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$

Answer (3)
Sol. $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{NO}_{2} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \mathrm{~N}_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
37. The compound which contains lonic as well as Covalent bond is
(1) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
(2) KCN
(3) KCl
(4) $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}$

Answer (2)
Sol. $K^{\oplus} \stackrel{\ominus}{C} \equiv N$
38. In the following compounds which two are not isomer to each other ?
(1) $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CHCH}_{3},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
(2) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
(3) $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{7}$
(4) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHO}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$

Answer (1)
Sol. As $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CHCH}_{3}$ and $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ are homologous but not isomer as they have different molecular formula.
39. The reaction of $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ with Acetylene shows which type of property of Acetylene ?
(1) Acidic
(2) Oxidizing
(3) Basic
(4) Reducing

Answer (1)
Sol. $2 \mathrm{AgNO}_{3}+\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{HNO}_{3}+\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{2}$
As acetylene contains acidic hydrogen, so it is acidic.
40. In the titration of a weak acid and weak base, no indicator is suitable for locating the end point. This is due to
(1) Indicator not changing its colour
(2) pH change being much less at the equivalence point
(3) Neutralization reaction is very slow
(4) Neutralization reaction is very fast

## Answer (2)

Sol. Fact
41. What is the number of molecules of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ which contains 8 gms of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ ?
(1) $1.5 \times 10^{23}$ molecules
(2) $2.0 \times 10^{23}$ molecules
(3) $1.5 \times 10^{22}$ molecules
(4) $2.0 \times 10^{22}$ molecules

## Answer (1)

Sol. Number of moles of $\mathrm{O}_{2}=$ Number of moles of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
$\therefore \frac{\text { Number of molecules }}{6.023 \times 10^{23}}=\frac{8}{32}$
$\mathrm{N}=\frac{6.023}{4} \times 10^{23}=1.5 \times 10^{23}$
42. Which reagent will be helpful in differentiating ethanoic acid from ethanol?
(1) $\mathrm{Br}_{2} / \mathrm{CCl}_{4}$
(2) Dilute NaOH solution
(3) Dilute HCl solution
(4) $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ solution

## Answer (4)

Sol. As
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}+\mathrm{NaHCO} 3_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COONa}+\mathrm{CO}_{2} \uparrow+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
$\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}+\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3} \rightarrow$ no reaction
Acetic acid shows effervescence when dissolved in $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ solution but with ethanol reaction does not occur.
43. Which statement about the Cathode and Anode of an electrolytic cell is correctly applicable ?
(1) Oxidation occurs at Cathode and Cathode is a negative electrode
(2) Reduction occurs at Cathode and Anode is a negative electrode
(3) Oxidation occurs at Anode and Anode is a positive electrode
(4) Reduction occurs at Anode and Cathode is a positive electrode

## Answer (3)

Sol. In anode oxidation takes place
i.e. $A^{\Theta} \longrightarrow A+e^{-}$
or $\quad \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{A}^{+}+\mathrm{e}^{-}$
Also as the electrode accepts $\mathrm{e}^{-}$, hence it must be +ve in charge.
44. A sample of aqueous $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ was divided into two equal parts. Through one of these, $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ gas was passed and through the other a small amount of dilute $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ solution was added. The colour of the precipitates formed in these two cases will be respectively
(1) Black and Brown
(2) Bluish-White and Black
(3) Brown and Black
(4) Black and Bluish-white

Answer (4)
Sol. $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ (aq.) $+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow \mathrm{CuS} \downarrow+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ (aq.)

## Black

$\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ (aq.) $+2 \mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}$ (aq.) $\rightarrow \mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{OH})_{2} \downarrow+\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ Bluish
White
45. Among the four element $\mathrm{Li}, \mathrm{Na}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{Be}$, which one has the highest first lonization energy ?
(1) Li
(2) Be
(3) K
(4) Na

## Answer (2)

Sol. As 'Be' have fulfilled s-orbital, therefore it is difficult to remove the 1st electron. Hence have highest first lonization energy.
46. Under the identical conditions of temperature, the density of a gas ' A ' is three times that of gas ' B ' while molecular mass of gas ' B ' is twice that of gas ' A '. The ratio of pressures of ' A ' and ' B ' will be
(1) $6: 1$
(2) $1: 6$
(3) $2: 3$
(4) $3: 2$

## Answer (1)

Sol. $P_{A} M_{A}=d_{A} R T_{A}$
$P_{B} M_{B}=d_{B} R T_{B}$
$\therefore \frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{A}} \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{A}}}{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{A}} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}}=\frac{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{B}}}{\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{B}}}$
$d_{A}=3 d_{B}$
$M_{B}=2 M_{A}$
$T_{A}=T_{B}$
$\therefore \frac{P_{A}}{P_{B}}=\frac{M_{B} d_{A}}{M_{A} d_{B}}=\frac{2 M_{A} 3 d_{B}}{M_{A} \cdot d_{B}}=6: 1$
47. ACTH stimulates production of
(1) Glucocorticoids
(2) Adrenaline
(3) Thyroxine
(4) Gonadotropins

## Answer (1)

Sol. ACTH is Adreno Cortico Tropic Hormone that is released by anterior pituitary. It acts on adrenal cortex to stimulate the production of adrenal cortex hormones, like glucocorticoids. The release of adrenaline from adrenal medulla is under the control of sympathetic nervous system. The release of thyroxine is under the control of TSH [Thyroid Stimulating Hormone] released from anterior pituitary. Gonadotropins are under the control of GnRH.
48. The enzyme, secreted in your mouth helps to digest the rice that you are having in your lunch is
(1) Salivary amylase
(2) Pepsin
(3) Trypsin
(4) Intestinal lipase

Answer (1)
Sol. Rice contains complex carbohydrates like starch which is hydrolysed by salivary amylase enzyme also called ptyalin.

Starch $\xrightarrow{\text { Salivary amylase }}$ Maltose
49. Mendel choose the following plant for his experiment related to heredity :
(1) Pisum sativum (Matar)
(2) Hibiscus rosasinensis (Jaba)
(3) Mirabilis jalapa (Sandhyamalati)
(4) None of the above

## Answer (1)

Sol. Mendel selected pea plant because it has many distinct alternative traits, it produces large number of seeds, complete its life span in one season, shows self pollination and it is easy to cross pollinate them artificially to develop fertile hybrids.
50. The membrane enclosing the heart is known as
(1) Epicardium
(2) Pericardium
(3) Supracardium
(4) Endocardium

## Answer (2)

Sol. Heart is protected by a two layered covering called pericardium. The outer layer of pericardium is parietal pericardium and the inner layer is visceral pericardium. In between these two layers, pericardial cavity is present which is filled with pericardial fluid.
51. Analogous organs are those which have
(1) Common origin and common functions
(2) Common origin but different functions.
(3) Similar functions but different origins.
(4) Different functions and different origins.

## Answer (3)

Sol. Analogous organs are similar in function but differ in origin and show no common ancestry. They are anatomically different. For example : Wings of bat and bird
52. Plants that have pneumatophores and show vivipary are known as
(1) Mesophytes
(2) Halophytes
(3) Psammophytes
(4) Hydrophytes

## Answer (2)

Sol. Halophytes grow in swampy area, so to carry out respiration some negatively geotropic roots develop to get oxygen called pneumatophores.

And because of salty water seed germination starts white it is inside the fruits, which remains attached to the plant. Such condition is called vivipary.
53. Passive immunity is obtained through injecting
(1) Antibiotics
(2) Vaccines
(3) Antigens
(4) Antibodies

## Answer (4)

Sol. When preformed antibodies are injected to provide quick immune response it is called as passive immunisation. Vaccines are antigenic proteins of pathogens that stimulate antibody production in the body. This is called active immunisation.
54. A transition area between two biomes is known as
(1) Ecozone
(2) Biotope
(3) Ecotone
(4) Buffer zone

## Answer (3)

Sol. Ecotone is the transition zone or overlapping zone between two communities. Example- an area of marshland between a river and the river bank.
55. Identify the wrong one.
(1) Mollusca $\rightarrow$ Pseudopodia
(2) Cnidaria $\rightarrow$ Nematocyst
(3) Annelida $\rightarrow$ True coelome
(4) Echinodermata $\rightarrow$ Water vascular system

## Answer (1)

Sol. Pseudopodia are cytoplasmic processes found in protozoans like Amoeba that help in their movement.
56. Air sacs in birds help in
(1) Double respiration
(2) Increase of body weight
(3) Storage of more food
(4) Loss in lung functions

## Answer (1)

Sol. In birds lungs receive fresh air from air sacs during expiration also. It is called as double breathing.
57. Vasopressin is synthesized in
(1) Adenohypophysis
(2) Thyroid
(3) Hypothalamus
(4) Neurohypophysis

Answer (3)
Sol. Vasopressin also called Anti-Diuretic Hormone [ADH] is synthesized in hypothalamus and is released from posterior pituitary / neurohypophysis.
58. The Acharya Jagadish Chandra Bose Indian Botanic Garden is situated in
(1) Shibpur, Howrah (near Kolkata)
(2) Dehradun
(3) Lucknow
(4) Chennai

Answer (1)
Sol. Acharya Jagadish Chandra Bose Indian Botanic Garden previously known as Indian Botanic Garden and the Calcutta Botanic Garden. It exhibits a wide variety of rare plants.
59. Chromosomes are made up of
(1) DNA
(2) RNA
(3) Protein
(4) All of the above

## Answer (4)

Sol. Chromosome composed of DNA, basic proteins histones, RNA and some non-histone proteins.
60. The symbol of WWF (World Wildlife Fund) is
(1) Giant Panda
(2) Tiger
(3) Rhododendron
(4) White Bear

## Answer (1)

Sol. The inspiration for the WWF logo come from ChiChi : a giant panda that was living at the London Zoo in 1961, the same year WWF was created. Panda symbolizes peace and gentle strength and also good luck and positive thought.
61. "I am the Revolution and I destroyed the Revolution"- Whose speech it was?
(1) Louis XIV
(2) Alexander II
(3) Nepoleon Bonaparte
(4) Bismarck

## Answer (3)

Sol. Napoleon Bonaparte
62. Which of the following countries, mentioned was not the member of the Axis power in the First World War?
(1) Germany
(2) Austria
(3) Italy
(4) Turkey

Answer (3)
Sol. Italy
63. The Russian Revolution took place in
(1) 1789 AD
(2) 1857 AD
(3) 1911 AD
(4) 1917 AD

Answer (4)
Sol. 1917 AD
64. The first Secretary General of the UNO was
(1) Trygve Lie
(2) Ban Ki Moon
(3) Hammer Shield
(4) Boutros Boutros Ghali

Answer (1)
Sol. Trygve Lie
65. Sui Munda was the leader of
(1) The Munda Rebellion
(2) The Kol Rebellion
(3) The Chuarh Rebellion
(4) The Santhal Rebellion

## Answer (2)

Sol. Kol Rebellion
66. The editor of the 'Bengal Gazette' was
(1) Marshman
(2) Surendranath Bandyopadhyay
(3) James Augustus Hickey
(4) William Carrey

Answer (3)
Sol. James Augustus Hickey
67. The first woman graduate of Calcutta University was
(1) Kadambini Ganguly
(2) Sarala Devi Chaudhurani
(3) Swarna Kumari Devi
(4) Kalpana Dutta

## Answer (1)

Sol. Kadambini Ganguly
68. Mr. Allan Octavian Hume, who was the founder of the Indian National Congress was a
(1) Journalist
(2) Civil Servant
(3) Politician
(4) Police

## Answer (2)

Sol. Civil Servent
69. The first president of "All India Trade Union Congress" was
(1) Byomkesh Chakraborty
(2) Surendranath Halder
(3) Lala Lajpat Rai
(4) Qutubuddin Ahmed

## Answer (3)

Sol. Lala Lajpat Rai
70. 'Vaikom Satyagraha' was started in
(1) Kerala
(2) Andhra Pradesh
(3) Maharashtra
(4) Gujarat

## Answer (1)

Sol. Kerala
71. The Poona Pact (1932) was signed between
(1) Gandhiji and Lord Irwin
(2) Gandhiji and B. R. Ambedker
(3) Gandhiji and Chamberlin
(4) Gandhiji and Ramsay Macdonald

## Answer (2)

Sol. Gandhiji and B.R. Ambedkar
72. The writer of the book named 'Udbastu' was
(1) Hiranmoy Bandyopadhayay
(2) Prafulla Kumar Chakraborty
(3) Prabhash Chandra Lahiri
(4) Dakshinaranjan Basu

## Answer (1)

Sol. Hiranmoy Bandyopadhayay
73. We separate our planet as two hemispheres East and West. If you want to put your two legs in two hemisphere, then you must visit following country
(1) Italy
(2) Germany
(3) Netherlands
(4) France

## Answer (4)

74. Limestone is an example of
(1) Igneous rock
(2) Sedimentary rock
(3) Metamorphic rock
(4) None of the above

Answer (2)
75. If the location of Kolkata is $22^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ North and $88^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ East, what will be the latitude and longitude of the Antipode of Kolkata?
(1) $22^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ South and $88^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ West
(2) $22^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ South and $91^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ West
(3) $58^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ South and $88^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ West
(4) $91^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ South and $108^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ West

Answer (2)
76. The processes of waste management involve
(1) Reuse of waste
(2) Recycling of waste
(3) Reduction of waste
(4) All of the above

Answer (4)
77. One depositional feature of the Glacier is
(1) Roche Mountonnee
(2) Cravasse
(3) Fjords
(4) Drumlins

Answer (4)
78. Which of the following is not suitable for the character of an 'Isobar' ?
(1) The unit of isobar is millibar
(2) When the isobars are very near to each other, the wind blows faster
(3) When the isobars are not very close to each other, the movement of wind is slower
(4) Sometimes the isobars are perpendicular to each other

## Answer (4)

79. Canary current flows along the coast of
(1) Portugal
(2) Peru
(3) Japan
(4) India

## Answer (1)

80. Which of the following is not a right bank tributary of the Ganga river ?
(1) Yamuna
(2) Son
(3) Damodar
(4) Gomti

Answer (4)
81. Crops grown during April, May and June are known as
(1) Zayed crops
(2) Kharif crops
(3) Rabi crops
(4) Spring crops

Answer (1)
82. Lamba in Gujarat is famous for
(1) Hydel Power
(2) Wind Power
(3) Atomic Power
(4) Thermal Power

## Answer (2)

83. India's first petro-chemical industry is
(1) UCIL
(2) HPL
(3) IPL
(4) NOCIL

## Answer (4)

84. Diamond Quadrilateral related to
(1) Metro Rail
(2) High Speed Railways
(3) Roadways
(4) Waterways

Answer (2)
85. 'The Prience' was written by
(1) Plato
(2) Aristotle
(3) Laski
(4) Machiavelli

## Answer (4)

86. 'Fundamental Duties' of the citizen of India are described in the Constitution of India under chapter
(1) III
(2) IV
(3) V
(4) VI

Answer (2)
87. How many members of the Rajya Sabha can be nominated by the President of India ?
(1) 2
(2) 4
(3) 6
(4) 12

Answer (4)
88. The President of India can Proclaim 'National Emergency' according to Article $\qquad$ .
(1) 350
(2) 352
(3) 356
(4) 360

Answer (2)
89. The 'Joint Session' of the Parliament in India is presided over by the $\qquad$ -.
(1) Vice-President
(2) Speaker of the Lok Sabha
(3) Governor
(4) President

## Answer (2)

90. In Parliamentary System of the Cabinet remains responsible to the $\qquad$ -.
(1) President
(2) Prime Minister
(3) Legislature
(4) Supreme Court

Answer (3)
91. The term of the non-permanent members of the Security Council of the U.N.O. is $\qquad$ .
(1) 2 years
(2) 3 years
(3) 4 years
(4) 5 years

Answer (1)
92. The Upper House of the State Legislature is
$\qquad$ .
(1) Legislative Assembly
(2) Legislative Council
(3) Lok Sabha
(4) Rajya Sabha

## Answer (1)

93. National Income of a country is the total of
(1) All the incomes of the persons of a country
(2) The income generated by the public sector
(3) The factor incomes
(4) (2) and the total of all incomes from abroad

## Answer (3)

94. Which of the following taxes is not useful to lower the inequality in income?
(1) Goods and Service Tax
(2) Income Tax
(3) Wealth Tax
(4) Profession Tax

## Answer (1)

95. In which form of market there is no control on price by an individual seller?
(1) A market where there is a large number of buyers and large number of sellers
(2) A market where there is a large number of buyers and a single seller
(3) A market where there is a single seller and a single buyer
(4) A market where there is few sellers and a large number of buyers

## Answer (1)

96. Suppose, $x$ denotes the rate of interest on the securities sold by Central Bank to Commercial Banks and $y$ denotes the rate of interest on the loans taken by Commercial Banks from Central

Bank. Now to lower the capacity of Commercial Banks to provide loans which one is necessary in the time of inflation?
(1) $y$ must be less than $x$
(2) $y$ must be greater than $x$
(3) $x$ and $y$ must be equal
(4) It is not dependent on $x$ and $y$

## Answer (2)

97. The earning of a factor of production from an alternative use is known as the $\qquad$ of that factor of production.
(1) Money Cost
(2) Real Cost
(3) Average Cost
(4) Opportunity Cost

## Answer (4)

98. If the price elasticity of demand for a goods is inelastic and there is no substitute goods in the market, an increase in its price will cause the total expenditure of consumers of the goods to
(1) Increase
(2) Decrease
(3) Remain same
(4) Become zero

Answer (3)
99. Which one of the following is not a characteristic of a Capitalist Economy ?
(1) Private Ownership of resources
(2) Freedom of enterprise
(3) Consumer sovereignty
(4) Existence of Central Planning Authority

## Answer (4)

100. Human Development Index measures $\qquad$ of an economy.
(1) Birth rate
(2) Death rate
(3) Quality of education
(4) Quality of life

Answer (4)

