## तर्क श्र कित परी क्ष प

 ＇ $\mathrm{F} \geq \mathrm{C}$＇को निश्चितस्ये स यस बितकरने के लिएप्र झ चिन ह（？）के सथ T न प प ये गा ？
$\mathrm{A}>\mathrm{B} \geq \mathrm{C}$ ？ $\mathrm{D} \leq \mathrm{E}=\mathrm{F}$
（1）$>$
（2）＜
（3）$\leq$
（4）$=$
（5）य ता＝अ T वए

2．निग नलिखित तमे से कौ＂न से अभि T ठ यक्ता तस यहा＇गी गय ठ यं जक R ＜ P ＇एं＇ $\mathrm{S}>\mathrm{Q}$＇निश्चितस्ससे स यहै ？
（1）$S>T \geq R>Q>P$
（2） $\mathrm{S}>\mathrm{T} \geq \mathrm{R}>\mathrm{Q}<\mathrm{P}$
（3） $\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{R} \leq \mathrm{T}>\mathrm{P} \geq \mathrm{S}$
（4） $\mathrm{P}>$ Q $=$ R $\leq$ T $<$ S
（5）इनमें से कौ इ नही
निदे＂：स्सी गई सू चना को स वधा T नी पू र्व कप्ट़＇एवं प्र सा＇${ }^{\circ}$ के उ ₹ Tरदे＇।
＇ $\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{B}$＇का अस $\mathrm{T}^{\circ}$＇＇है， B का फिता है＇।
＇ $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}$＇का अ $\mathrm{T}^{\prime}$＇＇है， B की पु ラT $\dagger$＇है ।

＇ $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{B}$＇का अस $\mathrm{T}^{\prime}$＇＇ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{B}$ की बहन है＇।
3．नी चे दी गई अभिकर्यक्तमे प्र स के चि ह के आ एा ，ज｀ $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{S}$ का दा मा द’हैम्र’ से यस बित करता है P $\times \mathrm{Q}+\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{T}$ ？ S
（1）+
（2）$\times$
（3）－
（4）$\div$
（5）य ता＇＋अए वF

निदे ${ }^{\circ}$（ 7 （ 8 8）：दी गई सू चना को स वध $T$ नी पू र्व कप्ढ़ दिएगएप्र शा＇के उ ₹ $T$ रदे＇।
स तमा वे ${ }^{\circ}$ 万 टि＇ग मै， $\mathrm{FB} \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{F}$ एं H हप ते के चा रदि －मं गलवा र，बु ध्रा र，शु，क्रवा र एं पनिवा र का बा जर का जाते है । दिये गएप्र त्ये कदिन क्म－से－क्मएएं अधि－से－ दाँ बा जारका दाँ रा करने जाते है । इनमे से प्रत ये कीि
 एं आ ई डि य से संबं धि तहै ।
$D$ शु क्रवा रको जता है एं एटर १ मएलकं प्मी से सं बं वह $\overline{0}$ यक त，जो बी एमम एल से सं बं धिहह ，ना Eाऐखं H के सा थT दाँ रा करने जता है अै रना ही उ सदिन जा है जिस्सिन यु मै ने ज़ाता हैम अा ई डि य से संबं धिहै एं मं गलवा रक ही दाँ रा करने जाताBहैबु।ध्वा र का दाँ रा करने जा है बी एसम एल से सं बं धि तनही है बु क्षा र का दाँ रा करने जा ज़का $H$ एलट लसे संबं धिनही है । वहठ र्यकत，जो बी एस संबं धिहै ，उस० यक तके सा $2 T$ दाँ रा करने जाता है ，जं सं बं धिहै । वह० र्यक तएस्रट लसे सं बं धि तहै ，शु क्रवा रव जता है A पनिवा रका दाँ रा करने जता है तथा T यु निना है ।
ट ली का म के
（1）यु निनाॅ र
र
（2）वा＇ड T प i＇न
（3）बी एसम एल
（4）ड T ट T अपर $\tau$ है
（5）इनमे से को इ नही

5．सता ह के किस्सिन E दाँ रा करने जता है ？
（1）बु ध्रा र
（2）ज निवा र
（3）बु ध्रा रय चनिवा र
（4）शु क्रवा र
（5）इनमे से का इ नही
6．इनमे से कौA के सथा बा जारका दाँ रा करने जता
（1）का ई नही
（2） H

चे दिएसमे E
（4）D
（5）य ता＇H अ T वD
7．सता ह के किसदिन सट १ एमएलमै ने ज एं एरट｀लमै ने ज़ दाँ रा करने जते है ？
（1）बु क्षा र
（2）शु क्रवा र
（3） y निवा र
（4）ड T ट T अपर्य टत है ।

प（5）य नमे से को ई नही
8．निエन $T$ लिखित तमे से क्सकं पही सेसबं धि्न है ？
（1）बी एसमएल
（2）वा＇ड † प i＇न
（3）यु निनाॅ र
（4）ड Tटा अपव प्तहै ।
（5）इनमे से का इ नही


 हैं य नहीं है । दो नां केशं नाऐंं के त्प्प रदे－
दाँ 1 ाए करनिके वलका ना मे दिये गये आं कड ．प्र स का उत्र T रदे ने अधि क लिएपष प्तहै ，ज्ञकिके वलका $H$ में दिये गये अं कड．प्र स


लिएप्म ट्तहै ，ज्ञाकके वलकए समें दिये गये आं कड
Tरदे ने
प्र स

धि तहै का उ ₹ ररदे ने के लिएप्य च्तनही है ।
（3）यदि य ता के वल का सा ये के काT नII मे दिये गम
निनाॅ अंक्कड ．प्र स्स का उ₹ारदे ने के लिएप्य चतहै ।

खं वह का उ₹ारदे ने के लिएप्म टतनही है ।
 एलसे उ₹ Tरदे ने के लिएआ वश्कहै ।

दाँ से करसम न स्ससे कम उ म्र का है ？
रसे संबं धिक के वल P से कमउ प्र का है ।
II． S ，के वलR से बड ．$\uparrow$ उ म्र का है ।

## REASONING

1. Which of the following symbols should replace question mark (?) in the given expression in order to make the expressions ' $\mathrm{A}>\mathrm{D}$ ' and ' $\mathrm{F} \geq \mathrm{C}$ ' definitely true ?
$\mathrm{A}>\mathrm{B} \geq \mathrm{C} ? \mathrm{D} \leq \mathrm{E}=\mathrm{F}$
(1) $>$
(2) <
(3) $\leq$
(4) $=$
(5) Either $=$ or $\geq$
2. Which of the following expressions is definitely true if the given expressions ' $\mathrm{R}<\mathrm{P}$ ' as well as ' $\mathrm{S}>\mathrm{Q}$ ' are definitely true ?
(1) $S>T \geq R>Q>P$
(2) $\mathrm{S}>\mathrm{T} \geq \mathrm{R}>\mathrm{Q}<\mathrm{P}$
(3) $\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{R} \leq \mathrm{T}>\mathrm{P} \geq \mathrm{S}$
(4) $\mathrm{P}>\mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{R} \leq \mathrm{T}<\mathrm{S}$
(5) None of these

Directions : Read the following information carefully and answer the following question :
' $\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{B}$ ' means ' A is the father of B '.
' $A+B$ ' means ' $A$ is the daughter of $B$ '.
' $A \div B$ ' means ' $A$ is the son of $B$ '.
' $A$ - B' means ' $A$ is the sister of $B$ '.
3. What will come in place of question mark to establish that P is the son-in-law of S in the following expression ?
P $\times \mathrm{Q}+\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{T}$ ? S
(1) +
(2) $\times$
(3) -
(4) $\div$
(5) Either + or $\div$

Directions (4-8) : Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below: Seven marketing managers - A, B, C, D, E, F and H visit market on four days - Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday in a week. At least one manager but not more than two managers visit in market on each of these days. Each of them belongs to different Telecom companies - Vodafone, Reliance, BSNL, MTNL, Uninor, Airtel and Idea.

D visits on Friday and belongs to MTNL company. The person who belongs to BSNL neither visits on the day Uninor's manager visits nor with E and $\mathrm{H} . \mathrm{F}$ belongs to Idea and visits alone on Tuesday. B visits on Wednesday and he does not belong to BSNL. C visits on Wednesday, H does not belong to Airtel. The person who belongs to BSNL visit with the person who belongs to Vodafone. The person who belongs to Airtel visits on Friday. A visits on Saturday and belongs to Uninor.
4. The person belongs to which of the following Telecom company visits with the person related to Reliance ?
(1) Uninor
(2) Vodafone
(3) BSNL
(4) Data inadequate
(5) None of these
5. On which day of the week does E visit?
(1) Wednesday
(2) Saturday
(3) Wednesday or Saturday
(4) Friday
(5) None of these
6. Who among them visit the market along with A ?
(1) None
(2) H
(3) E
(4) D
(5) Either H or D
7. On which day MTNL manager and Airtel manager visit ?
(1) Wednesday
(2) Friday
(3) Saturday
(4) Data inadequate
(5) None of these
8. With which company does C belong to ?
(1) BSNL
(2) Vodafone
(3) Uninor
(4) Data inadequate
(5) None of these

Directions (9-13) : Each of the questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II are given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and Give answer:
(1) If the data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
(2) If the data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
(3) If the data either in statement I alone or in Statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.
(4) If the data given in both the statement I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.
(5) If the data in both the statement I and II together are necessary to answer the question.
9. Among P, Q, R, S and T each having different age, who is the youngest among them ?
I. Q is younger than only P .
II. S is older than only R.

I．स＂रव स＇मवा रके बा द कि तु गु ख्बा रके फ्लले सता ह के
（1） 19
（2） 97 विषा मदिन परदिल ली जा है।
（3）gold
（4）drink


जा ता है।
11．किसे कतारमे बा एं का सथाTनक य है ？
I． M क्ता रके बा एं से 10 वे ₹थाTन पर है ।
II． M एं R के बी च 16 बच चे है।
12．य सि का ज मकिसदिन हु आ थT T ？（उ सरे ज मदिन की ता री ख प रवरी 29 है । ）
I．उ सका ज मस्् 2005 एं 2011 के बी चहु आ थT T
 बी च कितने अ० T य T है ？
（1）ए
（2）ती न
（3）चा र
（4）प＂च
（5）इनमे से का इ नही

17．निエ T लिखितमें से का न चा＇wih̀＇कर्रिपस्मेथं T तिका दश्र ${ }^{\wedge}$ ता है ？
II．वह प रवरी 29,2012 का 4 वषा $^{\circ}$ का हा＇ज ये गा
（1）बा एं से आ ठ वा
（2）दा एं से प＂चवा

（4）बा एं से प＂चवा
（5）इनमें से का इ नही
18．नहीना－करते है लिखि ते मे से कौ IV च्दरणे गा ？
（1） 1989 who root 46 near link gold 6123 क्से nder 7197 drink
（2） 716146231989 who under 97 drink gold link near root
（3） 6146231989 who root under 7197 निदे ${ }^{\circ}$（\＄4－18）निम नलिखि तजा नका री का हय नपू र्व कऋयम क्र नी चे दिएगएप झां के उ ₹ $T$ रदी जिए

की एकइनपु ट ला ई नदी जत है ，वहम $\bar{\Gamma}$ ये कचरप में एकख $T$ स
（4） 97897161462319 drink gold link नियम का प लन करते हु एउ न हे पुर्न क यर्वि थT त कती है इनपु ट अै रपुर्न ० यमस्थT क एकड दा हरप दिय गय है （सं Tी संखा एं दां अं क्ं＇）की है ।
इनपु ट：talk 6126 mold boom 888147 work known ink 3669 cold
चरप I： 26 talk 61 mold 888147 work known ink 3669 cold boom
चरण II：$\quad 3626$ talk 61 mold 888147 work known ink 69 boom cold
चरप III： 473626 talk 61 mold 8881 work known 69 boom cold ink
चरप IV ： 61473626 talk mold 8881 work 69 boom cold ink known
चरप V ： 6961473626 talk 8881 work boom cold ink known mold
चरप VI ： 1696147362688 work boom cold ink known mold talk
चरण VII ： 88816961473626 boom cold ink known mold talk work
चरप VII इसुप र्न ० यमस था $T$ का अं तिमचरप है । उत पदिएगएा के अनु सारप्र सां ${ }^{\circ}$ के उ चितउ ₹ Tरदें ।
इनपु ट 89 who root 1946 near drink link gold 6123 under 7197
14．दिये गएआ उट पु ट के लिएचरण संख ज्ञातकरें।
46231989 who root near 61 under 97 71 gold drink link
（1）चरप V
（2）चरप VI
（3）चरप IV
（4）चरप III
（5）ऐस का इ ₹ चरण नही है ।

## near root under who

（5）None of these
निदे ${ }^{\circ}$（ $(19-22)$ ：दी गई सू चना को स वधT नी पू र्व नी चे दिएगएप्र कां के उ ₹ Tरदें।
किसि निश्चित का＇ड म्र‘‘always create new ideas＇का＇ba ri sha gi＇，लिख T जा ता हैंideas and new thoughts＇का ＇fa gi ma ri＇，लिख $T$ ज ता है＇create thoughts and insights＇का＇ma jo ba fa＇，लिख $T$ जा ता है एकंew and better solutions＇का＇ki ri to fa＇लिख T जा ता है ।
19．＇fa＇क्य निरूप्त करता है ？
（1）thoughts
（2）insights
（3）new
（4）and
（5）इनमे से का इ
नही

20．निम नलिखि तमे से किस्द⿸⿻一丿又⿰亻⿱丶⿻工二灬 lo ba＇का का＇ड हा＇रकता
（1）thoughts and action
（2）create and innovate
（3）ideas and thoughts
（4）create new solutions

21．＇new＇का का ड क्य है ？
（1） ki
（2） ri
（3）to
（4）fa
（5）इनमे से का इ नही

22．निग्नलिखितमे से कौौडचाghts always better＇का दष $\mathrm{T}^{`}$ ता है ？
（1）jo ki to
（2）ki to ri
（3）sha jo ri
（4）to sha jo
（5）इनमे से का इ नही
10. On which day of the week did Sourav visit Delhi ?
I. Sourav visited Delhi after Monday but before Thursday but not on an odd day of the week.
II. Sourav visited Delhi before Friday but after Monday.
11. What is R's position from the left end in a row?
I. M is tenth from the left end of the row.
II. There are sixteen children between M and R .
12. On which day was Yasir born ? (His date of birth is February 29.)
I. He was born between year 2005 and 2011.
II. He will complete 4 years on February 29,2012.
13. Out of 64 students, 38 play both chess and cricket. How many students play only chess ?
I. Out of 64 students, 22 students don't play any game. 4 students play only cricket.
II. Out of 64 students, 20 are girls and 10 of them don't play any game.
Directions (14-18) : Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions: The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement.
(All the numbers are two digits numbers)
Input : talk 6126 mold boom 888147 work known ink 3669 cold
Step I: 26 talk 61 mold 888147 work known ink 3669 cold boom
Step II : $\quad 3626$ talk 61 mold 888147 work known ink 69 boom cold
Step III : 473626 talk 61 mold 8881 work known 69 boom cold ink
Step IV : 61473626 talk mold 8881 work 69 boom cold ink known
Step V : 6961473626 talk 8881 work boom cold ink known mold
Step VI: 1696147362688 work boom cold ink known mold talk
Step VII : 88816961473626 boom cold ink known mold talk work
Step VII is the last slep of the above input, as the desired arrangement is obtained. Answer the following quetions based on given arrangement.
Input: 89 who root 1946 near drink link gold 6123 under 7197
14. Which step number is the following output?

46231989 who root near 61 under 97 71 gold drink link
(1) Step V
(2) Step VI
(3) Step IV
(4) Step III
(5) There is no such step
15. Which word/number would be at $\mathbf{5}^{\text {th }}$ position from the right in Step V ?
(1) 19
(2) 97
(3) gold
(4) drink
(5) None of these
16. How many elements (words or numbers) are there between 'gold' and '46' as they appear in the last step of the output?
(1) One
(2) Three
(3) Four
(4) Five
(5) None of these
17. Which of the following represents the position of who' in the fourth step?
(1) Eighth from the left
(2) Fifth from the right
(3) Sixth from the left
(4) Fifth from the left
(5) None of these
18. Which of the following would be step IV?
(1) 1989 who root 46 near link gold 6123 under 7197 drink
(2) 716146231989 who under 97 drink gold link near root
(3) 6146231989 who root under 7197 drink gold link near
(4) 97897161462319 drink gold link near root under who
(5) None of these

Directions (19-22) : Study the following information to answer the given questions:
In a certain code, 'always create new ideas' is written as 'ba ri sha gi', 'ideas and new thoughts' is written as 'fa gi ma ri', 'create thoughts and insights' is written as 'ma jo ba fa', and 'new and better solutions' is written as 'ki ri to fa'.
19. What does 'fa' stand for ?
(1) thoughts
(2) insights
(3) new
(4) and
(5) None of these
20. 'fa lo ba' could be a code for which of the following ?
(1) thoughts and action
(2) create and innovate
(3) ideas and thoughts
(4) create new solutions
(5) None of these
21. What is the code for 'new'?
(1) ki
(2) ri
(3) to
(4) fa
(5) None of these
22. Which of the following may represent 'insights always better' ?
(1) jo ki to
(2) ki to ri
(3) sha jo ri
(4) to sha jo
(5) None of these

निदे ${ }^{\circ}$ (23-25) : नी चे प्र $\bar{c}$ ये कप्र झाम्में राI दां का न

 सक्ते है । इनमें से एक क्र न दू से कृ न का परिप $T$ मा नहीं है।
सकत है । दो नां का नां को पढ़ ए अ र तय की जिए कि
 बी चस्ही संबं धबत त है ।
(1) यदि कथ T नI का रण है आ रकथान सकत्र परिण T म है ।
(2) यदि कथ T नII का रण है आ र कथाअ सकत परिण I म है ।


(5) यदि कथ T नI औ गा दा' ना̀ कथ न किसे समा न का रा परिप $T$ म है •
23. का T न:
I. विस्ष विद्य लयने अप्मे अधित्र रक्ष' ${ }^{\prime} T$ में आ ने वा का ले ज' का' उ नके परिस्मे ' मा' बा इलए T प्र तिबं धिक्रिने का निर्द ज्य दिय है ।
II. काॅ ले जके अध्तित पि कि क्षा का ने विहन की पि लिएए सं यु क्तय चिका पर हस ता क्ष र किय है ।
24. कौ T:
I. दे प मे इस्प तउ $\overline{\ulcorner } प$ दककं पनय' ${ }^{\prime}$ मे ${ }^{`}$ से अध्का

 आ य तकरते रहे है ।
25. कृ Т न:
I. सक्त रने सहा या रहितसं सथT T ना' द्वा रा उ फ्लब ० य्वसा यिकप ठ क्रमा' की पु ल कतयकी है , जो पि की दे यरा पि से का प १ी कम है ।
II. इचछु कछा ラT T ${ }^{\circ}$ के मा ता - प्ति ने फिछ ले वष्ण संसथाग ना' द्वारा ली गई $+T T$ री शु ल कके प्र चण्ड आं दा' लन किय थाT।
निदे ${ }^{\circ}$ (26-30) : दिएगएस चना कर स वधा $T$ नी पू र्व कप्ढ नी चे प्र झां के उ ₹ Tरदे ।
 $T$ एं $U$ के रहने के लिएछ : क्मरे है । उ फ्लब धक्मरे सं खा है $22,33,44,55$ एं 661 हा' ट लके प्र $\bar{c}$ ये ककमरे अलग-अलम जै से नी ला, हरा, पे ला, का ला, गु ला बी एं सेग द रं ग के है में दा' ठर्यकतय' के रहने की जाह है ।

सुु ह में के वल़ु, $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{T}$ एं U पु रुषा है । महिला आं की ता ${ }^{\text {के }}$ क्मरा - संख 55 अै रना ही क्मरा - संख 44 नी ला अथ वा का ला है।
III. गु ला बी रं ग वा ला कमरा विष्ण म- सं ख वा ला है कि तु क्मरा - सं ख 33 नही Fहैक्मरा - सं ख 55 में के सा था है ।
IV. P का क्मरा स थ $\mathrm{T}^{\$}$ नही है । नी ला रं गवा ला क्मरा समसं ख के परिप कम है है
के. خे.

है
VI. S क्मरा - संख 33 में नहीТं ही लो रं ग वा ले क्मरे में है । स T $\dagger$ 26. निन्नलिखित तमे से क्सिका आवा सगु ला बी रं ग वा ले कमरे मे
है ?
(1) E औ S
(2) $C$ औ $\$$
(3) P औ $\mathbb{C}$
(4) ड T ट T अप्य $\tau$ है
(5) इनमे से का इ नही

(1) $P$ आ $\mathbb{C}$
(2) $P$ औ $E$
(4) क्ट आ E
(4) ड T टT अप्य $\tau$ है
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
28. इइ इनमे से किसमे एवं B रहते है ?
(1) 22
(2) 44
(3) 66
(4) ड T ट T अप्य $\tau$ है


I. $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{T}$ का स थाी है II. $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{D}$ का स थाी है।

एं
III. R, Q का स था१ है IV. U, R का स था१ है।
$\begin{array}{ll}(1) \text { के वला } & (2) \text { के वल II }\end{array}$
(3) के वलIII
(4) I एवं II दा' ना’

रं गा' (5) का` ई नही
प्र $\overline{\text { c }}$ ये कक्मरे

Directions (23-25) : In each of the following questions, two statements numbered I and II are given. These may to cause and effect relationship between the two statements. These two statements may be the effect of the same cause or independent causes. These statements maybe independent causes without having any relationship. Read both the statements in each question and mark your answer as:
(1) If statement I is the cause and II is its effect.
(2) If statement II is the cause and I is its effect.
(3) If both the statements I and II are independent causes.
(4) If both the statements I and II are effects of independent causes.
(5) If both the statements I and II are effects of some common cause.
23. Statements :
I. The university has instructed all the colleges under its jurisdiction to ban use of mobile phones inside the college premises.
II. Majority of the teachers of the colleges signed a joint petition to the university complaining the disturbances.
24. Statements :
I. Most of the steel producing companies in the country have made considerable profit during the last financial year.
II. Many Asian countries have been importing huge quantities of steel from India.
25. Statements :
I. The government has recently fixed the fees for professional courses offered by the unaided institutions which are much lower than the fees charged last year.
II. The parents of the aspiring students launched a severe agitation last year protesting against the high fees charged by the unaided institutions.

Directions (26-30) : Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.
Hotel Hilton accommodates twelve persons in six rooms. The persons are A, B, C, D, E, F, P, Q, R, S, $T$ and $U$. The room numbers are $11,22,33,44$, 55 and 66. Each room of the guest house is coloured with different colours. Those colours are blue, green, yellow, black, pink and white. Each room accommodates two persons.
$\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{T}$ and U are the only males in the group. Female's rooms are odd - numbered whereas male's rooms are even-numbered.
I. A and B share room. C's roommate is not D.
II. E does not live in room no.66, which is yellow. Neither room no. 55 nor room no. 44 is blue or black.
III. The pink room is an odd number but it is not room no.33. F lives in room 55 with D
IV. P's roommate is not S . The blue room is even numbered.
V. R lives in the green room whereas D lives in the white room.
VI. S does not live in room no. 33. T's room is blue.
26. Who among the following are accommodated in the pink-coloured room ?
(1) E and S
(2) C and S
(3) P and C
(4) Data inadequate
(5) None of these
27. Who among the following are accommodated in room no. 33 ?
(1) $P$ and $C$
(2) P and E
(4) C and E
(4) Data inadequate
(5) None of these
28. In which A and B are accommodated ?
(1) 22
(2) 44
(3) 66
(4) Data inadequate
(5) None of these
29. Which of the following statements are definitely true ?
I. U is the partner of T
II. Q is the partner of D
III. $R$ is the partner of $Q$
IV. $U$ is the partner of $R$
(1) Only I
(2) Only II
(3) Only III
(4) Both I and II
(5) None
30. निम्नलिखितमें से का न सा कथ $\dagger$ न अस यहै ?
(A) A एं B पी ले वा ले क्मरे में रहते है ।
(B) Q य ता' नी ले रं गवा ले क्मरे में अथा वा हरे रं ग मे रहता है ।
(C) C य ता गु ला बी रं गवा ले क्मरे में अथ वा का कमरे में रहता है ।
(D) U कमरा - संख्य 22 मे रहता है ।
(1) का इ नही
(2) के वलD
(3) के वलA आ P
(4) के वलB आ D
(5) सा T स स यहै ।
 निष्क्काf एं II निहितहै । अ फ्म इन क्र T ना' को स यमा नना है
 क' प्ढ़ ‘ि रतयकों किस Tी की ना' को निए नलिखि तको निष्कार त र्कि कर्बसे अनु सप करते है ।
(1) यदि के वलनिष्कषाँ अनु सण करता है ।
(2) यदि के वलनिष्कषाI अनु सरण करता है ।
(3) यदि य ता निष्कषार्य II अनु सप करता है ।
(4) यदि न ता निष्कषा औ रन हीII अनु सप करता है ।
(5) यदि निष्कषाई औ सा दा' नां अनु सप करते है ।

## 31. कृ Т न:

कु छ पी क्ष $T$ जाँच है ।
का इ परी क्ष T प्र स नहीं है ।
निष्काT:
I. का ई प्र स जँ च नही है ।
II. कु छ ज"ँचनिश्चित स्वसे पी क्ष $T$ नही है।

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { सFT निष्कमT } \hat{\mathrm{T}}^{\circ} \\
& 34 . \text { का T }^{\circ}
\end{aligned}
$$

32. कृ Т

स T १ बलउन जा है ।

का इ प वितउत ष्मा नहीं है।
निष्काT:
रं ग वा ले
ले
II. कु छ बला ${ }^{\prime}$ के उत ठमा हॉ' ने की सं $\%$ T वना

33
का
का ई ना` ट सिम का नही है ।
कु छ सिक के ध तु है।
स $\dagger$ फी फ्ला टि कना' ट है ।
निष्काT:
I. का ई सिक का ट्ला सिट्टन की है ।


न से
स $\boldsymbol{T} \uparrow$ सं के तआ रे ख है।
का इ आ रे ख चिड नहीं है ।
निष्काT:
I. कु छ आ रे ख आँकड . है।
II. का इ सं के तचिए $T$ नही है।
35. क्टТ $\boldsymbol{Z}$

स $\uparrow \uparrow$ रिकितय नाँ करी है।
कु छ नाँ करी पे पा है।
निष्काए:
I. सं Tी रिक्ति पे पा है ।
II. स T $\dagger$ पे प $\mathrm{T}^{\prime}$ के रिकितय हा' ने की सं $\mathrm{T} T$ वना है ।
30. Which of the following statements is/are definitely false?
(A) A and B are accommodated in the yellow room
(B) Q is accommodated either in the blue room or in the green room
(C) C is accommodated either in the Pink room or in the black room
(D) U is accommodated in room no. 22
(1) None
(2) Only D
(3) Only A and D
(4) Only B and D
(5) All are true

Directions (31-35) : In each group of questions below are two/three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the two/ three statements disregarding commonly known facts give answer.
(1) If only conclusion I follows.
(2) If only conclusion II follows.
(3) If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows
(4) If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows.
(5) If both conclusions I and II follow.
31. Statements :

Some exams are tests.
No exam is a question.

## Conclusions :

I. No questions is a test.
II. Some tests are definitely not exams.
32. Statements :

All forces are energies.
All energies are powers.
No power is heat.

## Conclusions :

I. No energy is heat.
II. Some forces being heat is a possibility.

33 Statements :
No note is a coin.
Some coins are metals.
All plastics are notes.

## Conclusions :

I. No coin is plastic.
II. All plastics being metals is a possibility.
34. Statements :

Some symbols are figures.
All symbols are graphics.
No graphic is a picture.

## Conclusions :

I. Some graphics are figures.
II. No symbol is a picture.
35. Statements :

All vacancies are jobs.
Some jobs are occupations.

## Conclusions :

I. All vacancies are occupations.
II. All occupations being vacancies is a possibility.

## संख ₹ मक अभि $T$ यं ग या

 स्थT न पर अ ने वा ले संख अं का मा न बत एं -
36. $18.5 \times 21.4 \times$ ? $=6255.22$
(1) 15.8
(2) 14.6
(3) 17.4
(4) 17.2
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
37. $1.5 \times 78 \div 0.5=$ ?
(1) 238
(2) 234
(3) 243
(4) 216
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
38. $302.46+395.72-123.47=$ ?
(1) 576.77
(2) 547.17
(3) 547.77
(4) 574.71
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
39. $\sqrt[3]{4096}, \sqrt[3]{64}=\sqrt[3]{?}$
(1) 16
(2) 8
(3) 64
(4) 4
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
40. 800 का ? $\%=293-750$ का $22 \%$
(1) 14
(2) 18
(3) 12
(4) 16
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
 दी गई है , जिमे एकसंख गल्तहै । गल्तसंख ज्ञातक्रें।
41. $2 \begin{array}{lllllll}11 & 38 & 197 & 1172 & 8227 & 65806\end{array}$
(1) 11
(2) 38
(3) 197
(4) 1172
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
42. $\begin{array}{llllllll}16 & 19 & 21 & 30 & 46 & 71 & 107\end{array}$
(1) 19
(2) 21
(3) 30
(4) 46
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
43. $7 \begin{array}{llllllll}7 & 9 & 16 & 25 & 41 & 68 & 107 & 173\end{array}$
(1) 107
(2) 16
(3) 41
(4) 68
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
44. $\begin{array}{lllllll}4 & 2 & 3.5 & 7.5 & 26.25 & 118.125\end{array}$
(1) 118.125
(2) 26.25
(3) 3.5
(4) 2
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
45. $\begin{array}{lllllll}16 & 4 & 2 & 1.5 & 1.75 & 1.875\end{array}$
(1) 1.875
(2) 1.75
(3) 1.5
(4) 2
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
46. फ थ र रके एटु कड . ' की की मतउ सके $9 \mathrm{~T} T$ रके वर्ग बदलती है । एप थ 2 र जिक्री की मस 5,184 है , का
 फ थारका` काटने में हु इ हा नि ज्ञातकरें ?
(1) ₹ 3,068
(2) ₹ 3,088
(3) ₹ 3,175
(4) ₹ 3,168
(5) इनमे से का इ नही

प इप A अके ला एट ${ }^{\circ}$ की का 3 हा ट' मे ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{T}$ रतB अके ला 8 हां ट` मे \({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{T}\) रता है । यदिदाॅना' प इप का ए  प इपटौ • का कितने समयमे क Tरप एा ? (1) 6 हा ट`
(2) 3.5 हा ट`
(3) 4 हा ट'
(4) 2.5 हा ट’
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
48. यदि $₹ 5,000,1$ वष्ष झेडे, 700 हा' जा ता है , ता सा ध रप ब य जकी समा न दर पर ₹ $7,000,5$ वषा ग ${ }^{\circ}$ में कितने हा' गा ?
(1) ₹ 10,500
(2) ₹ 11,900
(3) ₹ 12,700
(4) ₹ 7,700
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
49. दा' अर्ध गा' ला कारबर्त ना' की क्षा मता 6.4 ली टरतथा T 21.6 है । उनके अंतः 乞िएजय का अनु प तज्ञातकरे
(1) $4: 9$
(2) $16: 81$
(3) $\sqrt{2}: \sqrt{3}$
(4) $2: 3$
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
50. प"चवष्ट पले चा रलड. का की आ सतआ यु 9 कणष ${ }^{\circ}$ था नये लड के का पा मिलकरने पप" चा' की वर्त मा न अैस 15 वण $^{\circ}$ है । नयें लड. के की वर्त मा न अ यु कितनी है ?
(1) 14 वषण ${ }^{\circ}$
(2) 6 वष्T ${ }^{\circ}$
(3) 15 वष $\mathrm{T}^{\circ}$
(4) 19 वषा ${ }^{\circ}$
(5) इनमे से का इ नही

निदे ${ }^{\bullet}$ (\$1-55) : निम नलिखि तम्र झा' ${ }^{\circ}$ में प्र झ- चि ह (?) के स थTT न पअ ने वा ले संख अं का निक्ट तममा न बत एं (वा स त्विक मा न की गप ना कना अ वश्क्तही है )
51. $\frac{150}{17}, \frac{199}{13}, \frac{16}{91}=$ ?
(1) 650
(2) 700
(3) 770
(4) 820
(5) 850
52. $151.011-419.999+649.991=$ ?
(1) 380
(2) 420
(3) 350
(4) 410
(5) 360
53. $1299 \div 19.99 \times 25.01+400.01=$ ?
(1) 2025
(2) 2300
(3) 1925
(4) 2200
(5) 1700
54. 499 का $30.06 \%+799$ का $39.99 \%=$ ?

के अनु (1) (3) 420
(2) 380
(5) 510

गय्ड5. $(14.99)^{2}-(7.01)^{2}+(4.99)^{3}=$ ?
(1) 250
(2) 200
(3) 150
(4) 300
(5) 350

## QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE

Directions (36-40) : What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions ?
36. $18.5 \times 21.4 \times ?=6255.22$
(1) 15.8
(2) 14.6
(3) 17.4
(4) 17.2
(5) None of these
37. $1.5 \times 78 \div 0.5=$ ?
(1) 238
(2) 234
(3) 243
(4) 216
(5) None of these
38. $302.46+395.72-123.47=$ ?
(1) 576.77
(2) 547.17
(3) 547.77
(4) 574.71
(5) None of these
39. $\sqrt[3]{4096}, \sqrt[3]{64}=\sqrt[3]{?}$
(1) 16
(2) 8
(3) 64
(4) 4
(5) None of these
40. ? $\%$ of $800=293-22 \%$ of 750
(1) 14
(2) 18
(3) 12
(4) 16
(5) None of these

Directions (41-45) : In each question below, a number series is given in which one number is wrong. Find out the wrong number.
41. $2 \begin{array}{lllllll}11 & 38 & 197 & 1172 & 8227 & 65806\end{array}$
(1) 11
(2) 38
(3) 197
(4) 1172
(5) None of these
42. $16 \begin{array}{lllllll}16 & 21 & 30 & 46 & 71 & 107\end{array}$
(1) 19
(2) 21
(3) 30
(4) 46
(5) None of these
43. $7 \begin{array}{llllllll}7 & 9 & 16 & 25 & 41 & 68 & 107 & 173\end{array}$
(1) 107
(2) 16
(3) 41
(4) 68
(5) None of these
44. $\begin{array}{lllllll}4 & 2 & 3.5 & 7.5 & 26.25 & 118.125\end{array}$
(1) 118.125
(2) 26.25
(3) 3.5
(4) 2
(5) None of these
45. $16 \begin{array}{llllll}16 & 4 & 2 & 1.5 & 1.75 & 1.875\end{array}$
(1) 1.875
(2) 1.75
(3) 1.5
(4) 2
(5) None of these
46. The cost of a piece of stone varies with the square of its weight. A stone of ₹ 5,184 value is cut into 3 pieces whose weights are in the ratio $1: 2: 3$. Find the loss involved in the cutting ?
(1) ₹ 3,068
(2) ₹ 3,088
(3) ₹ 3,175
(4) ₹ 3,168
(5) None of these
47. Pipe A alone can fill a tank in 8 hours. Pipe $B$ alone can fill it in 6 hours. If both the pipes are opened and after 2 hours pipe A is closed, then the other pipe will fill the tank in -
(1) 6 hours
(2) 3.5 hours
(3) 4 hours
(4) 2.5 hours
(5) None of these
48. If ₹ 5,000 becomes ₹ 5,700 in a year's time, what will ₹ 7,000 become at the end of 5 years at the same rate of simple interest ?
(1) ₹ 10,500
(2) ₹ 11,900
(3) ₹ 12,700
(4) ₹ 7,700
(5) None of these
49. The capacities of two hemispherical vessels are 6.4 litres and 21.6 litres. The ratio of their inner radii is -
(1) $4: 9$
(2) $16: 81$
(3) $\sqrt{2}: \sqrt{3}$
(4) $2: 3$
(5) None of these
50. The average age of four boys, five years ago was 9 years. On including a new boy, the present average age of all the five is 15 years. The present age of the new boy is -
(1) 14 years
(2) 6 years
(3) 15 years
(4) 19 years
(5) None of these

Directions (51-55) : What approximate value should come in place of question mark (?) in the following question ? (Note: You are not expected to calculate the exact value)
51. $\frac{150}{17}, \frac{199}{13}, \frac{16}{91}=$ ?
(1) 650
(2) 700
(3) 770
(4) 820
(5) 850
52. $151.011-419.999+649.991=$ ?
(1) 380
(2) 420
(3) 350
(4) 410
(5) 360
53. $1299 \div 19.99 \times 25.01+400.01=$ ?
(1) 2025
(2) 2300
(3) 1925
(4) 2200
(5) 1700
54. $30.06 \%$ of $499+39.99 \%$ of $799=$ ?
(1) 420
(2) 380
(3) 440
(4) 470
(5) 510
55. $(14.99)^{2}-(7.01)^{2}+(4.99)^{3}=$ ?
(1) 250
(2) 200
(3) 150
(4) 300
(5) 350



अभ्ता स्ही उ $₹ T$ रतयक्रना है । उ ₹Tरदे $:$

1. यदि $x>y$
2. यदि $x \geq y$
3. यदि $x<y$
4. यदि $x \leq y$
5. यदि $x=y$ य सं बं धस था T पित्तिं किय जा सकता
6. 

I. $x^{2}+5 x+6=0$
II. $y^{2}+7 y+12=0$
57.
I. $x^{2}+20=9 x$
II. $y^{2}+42=13 y$
I. $2 x+3 y=14$
II. $4 x+2 y=16$
I. $x=\sqrt{625}$
II. $y=\sqrt{676}$
60.
I. $x^{2}+4 x+4=0$
II. $y^{2}-8 y+16=0$

निदे ${ }^{\circ}$ (क1-65) : नी चे दिएगएप $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ ये क्प झ में एक्प झ अै उ स्फे नी चे दा क्स जै $\mathbf{M}$ दिएगएहै । अ फ्म स तयकना है किक्ष $T$ ना' में दिये गये अंकड. प्र से के के लिएमूर्म प् है य नही है । दो नां काजं स्के पढ़ि ए
(1) यदि के वलकथ $T$ ना में दिये गये आं कड . ' प्र स का उच Tरदे ने के लिएप्य त्तहै , ज्माकिके वलका $\mathrm{T} H$ में दिये गये आं कड का उ₹Tरदे ने के लिएष्य रतनही है।
(2) यदि के वलकセ न II में दिये गये आंकड . प्र झ का उ
 का उ ₹ Tरदे ने के लिएप्य चतनही है ।
(3) यदि य ता' के वल कथ $T$ \# य के वल कथ $T$ नII में दिये ग आ ${ }^{\prime}$ कड . प्र झ का उ ₹ Tरदे ने के लिएप्य ${ }^{\text { }}$ त्तहै ।
 का उ ₹ारदे ने के लिएप्य पतनही है ।
 उ ₹ Tरदे ने के लिएआ वश्कहै
61. पँचमहिला एं एक म का कितने दिना' में पू रा सरें गी
I. दाँ महिला एं , प"चलड. के एवं तीन पुरुषा एसा का मिलकर ? N दा' ना'
प्रें C त त है उसकाम का छः दिन में पू रा करते है।
II. आ ठ महलला एं उ से का मका बा रह दिन में पू रा
62. छ: वषण पष्चा त् स्य मी आ यु कितनी हां गी ?
I. रा मतथT T श्य मी वर्त मा न आ यु का अन्मु प़अहै
II. रा मश्स म से तवषण ${ }^{\circ}$ बड. $T$ है।
63. एका रकी आ समचा लक्य है ?
I. का रकी आ सीचा लट, ककी आ समचा लके पँच है , ज्राक बसकी आ स्सचा ल45 क्मी / हा . है
II. ट ककी आ सचा ल, ट`, न की आ सचा लकी आ धि है ज्राकिबसकी आ समा ल 45 किमी / हा. है।

क्रती है
(1) $55 \%$
(2) $14 \%$
(3) $33 \%$
(4) $42 \%$
(5) $24 \%$
 जा तकरे ?
(1) 69
(2) 56
(3) 76
(4) 63
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
69. गाँ $\Phi, M$ के बचचा' की कु लसंख तथ $\mathbb{L} \mathbb{L}$ साँ ${ }^{\circ} \mathbb{Z} N$ के विद्य लयजा ने वा ले बच्चा' की कु लंख खितनी हा'
(1) 1422
(2) 1499
(3) 1129
(4) 1211
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
70. गाँ \# से विद्यलयज ने वा ले बच्चा' की संख, उ सग बच चा ' की कु लसंख का लगक $\dagger$ ग कितना प्र तिश तहै
(1) $78 \%$
(2) $72 \%$
(3) $57 \%$
(4) $66 \%$

ये) इनमें से का इ नही

विद्यल्यजा नें वा ले बच्चां की कु लसंख्य 1450

रदे ने के
प्र F

66. गाँ (\#) के बचचा' की कु लसं ख एं उस गाँ व से विद्य स्या ने वा ले बचचां की कु लसंख्य का पस पस अनु प तज्ञात तनें ?
(1) $204: 145$
(2) $179: 131$
(3) $167: 111$
(4) $266: 137$
67.

Directions (56-60) : In the following questions two equations numbered I and II are given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer.

1. If $x>y$
2. If $x \geq y$
3. If $x<y$
4. If $x \leq y$
5. If $x=y$ or the relationship cannot be established.
6. I. $x^{2}+5 x+6=0$
II. $y^{2}+7 y+12=0$
7. I. $x^{2}+20=9 x$
II. $y^{2}+42=13 y$
8. I. $2 x+3 y=14$
II. $4 x+2 y=16$
9. I. $x=\sqrt{625}$
II. $y=\sqrt{676}$
10. I. $x^{2}+4 x+4=0$
II. $y^{2}-8 y+16=0$

Directions (61-65) : Each of the questions below
consists of a question and two statements numberd I and II given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statement are sufficient it answer the question.
Read both the statements and given answer.
(1) If the data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
(2) If the data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
(3) If the data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.
(4) If the data given in both statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.
(5) If the data in both statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question.
61. In how many days will five women complete a work ?
I. Two women, five boys and three men together complete the work in six days.
II. Eight women complete the same work in twelve days.
62. What will be Shyam's age after 6 years ?
I. The ratio between Ram's and Shyam's present age is 4:3 respectively.
II. Ram is seven years older than Shyam.
63. What is the average speed of a car ?
I. Average speed of the car is five times average speed of a truck whereas the average speed of a bus is $45 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
II. Average speed of the truck is half the average speed of a train wherease the average speed of a bus is $45 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
64. What is the simple interest accrued on a principal of ₹ 5,000 in six years ?
I. The rate of the simple interest for the first three years is 5 p.c.p.a. ?
II. The rate of simple interest for the next three years is 8 p.c.p.a. ?
65. What is the total cost of 4 kgs of apples and 3 kgs of mangoes together ?
I. Cost of 2 kgs of apples is ₹ 170 and one kg of mangoes is ₹ 50 .
II. The total cost of 5 kg of apples and 4 kgs of mangoes is ₹ 410 .
Directions (66-70) : Study the pie-chart carefully to answer the questions that follow: Percentage breakup of number of children in five different villages and breakup of children attending school from those villages

Total No. of children $=2040$


Total no. of children attending school $=1450$

66. What is respective ratio of total number of children from village $O$ to the number of children attending school from the same village ?
(1) $204: 145$
(2) $179: 131$
(3) $167: 111$
(4) $266: 137$
(5) None of these
67. The number of children attending school from village $N$ is approximatly what percent of the total number of children of village $M$ and N together ?
(1) $55 \%$
(2) $14 \%$
(3) $33 \%$
(4) $42 \%$
(5) $24 \%$
68. What is the total number of children not attending school from villages $M$ and $N$ together ?
(1) 69
(2) 56
(3) 76
(4) 63
(5) None of these
69. What is the total number of children from villages $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{M}$ and the children attending school from village L and N together ?
(1) 1422
(2) 1499
(3) 1129
(4) 1211
(5) None of these
70. The number of children attending school from village $L$ is approximately what percentage of the total number of children from that village ?
(1) $78 \%$
(2) $72 \%$
(3) $57 \%$
(4) $66 \%$
(5) None of these

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE \& COMPREHENSION

Directions (71-80) : Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.
The Criminal Investigation Department often makes use of fingerprints in identifiying culprits. This procedure is based on the accepted truth that the figerprints of no two individuals are the same. A glance at the five fingers of our own hand convinces us of the differences that exist among them. No two individuals are the same, not even identical twins. Everyone is different from the other in one way or another.

Noticeable differences may exist in size, weight, age appearance, colour, voice, smile, etc. There are other differences which are not easily observable. Differences exist in the mental makeup, psychological actions, understanding capacity, attitude, abilities, interests, etc.
Every individual is a separate entity having his or her own identity. It speaks highly of the Creator who has not created human beings like the modern machine-made goods. Every individual has been created separately and differently from the rest.

Individual differences exist because of heredity, family background, education, environment, etc. Whatever the causes or reasons, we must accept the fact that there are individual differences both perceptible and non-perceptible. Consequently, two individuals cannot be expected to react to a situation or a problem in the same way. There are as many opinions as there are men. It is bound to be so. On should not be surprised to get different opinions from different people on the same issue.
Individual differences affect the actions, reactions and performances of people. In a family of three children, the eldest may do extremely well at studies, and the parents expect the same kind of performance from the others. It is certainly unjust and unfair as each of them is different in several ways. Very often we wonder why a person reacts the way he or she does. We consider that person to be strange, abnormal or stupid. Yet that person may be quite normal and intelligent. These differences in reactions can be understood only if individual differences are kept in mind. In fact, this concept helps people understand each other better. It results in respect and appreciation for each other's views.

It is understood that each one is a separate individual with his or her own identity. No one is expected to be a carbon copy of another. We may
imitate or hero-worship, but it would be wrong to identify ourselves with someone else. We are different and must remain so in our thoughts, words and actions.
71. Why do different people react differently to the same issue? Select the best answer.
(1) Because they want to establish their superiority over others.
(2) Because of individual differences - both perceptible and non-perceptible
(3) Because of their different physical make-up
(4) because of their different attitudes
(5) None of the above
72. How does the existence of individual differences glorify God?
A. The God has created every individual separately and differently from the rest.
B. No machine can produce every product of different types.
C. God is great, and no one can be more powerful than God.
(1) Only (A)
(2) Only (B)
(3) Only (C)
(4) Only (A), (B) and (C)
(5) None of these
73. Find the incorrect statement on the basis of the given passage.
(1) It is unjust and unfair to think all the children of the same person to be identical.
(2) Two sons of the same parents will react to a situation in the same way if they are identical twins.
(3) The procedure of the CID is based on the truth that the fingerprints of no two individuals are the same.
(4) No one is expected to be a carbon copy of another.
(5) None of these
74. What are the causes for individual differences?
(1) Every individual has different fingerprints.
(2) Every individual wears different clothes and has different hairstyles and appearance.
(3) Every individual has a different background, educational environment and heredity.
(4) Every individual is the offspring of different parents.
(5) None of the above
75. Why is it wrong to identify ourselves with someone else ?
(1) Because this world is made up of millions of different individuals.
(2) Because we are not identical.
(3) Because it is not a good trait to imitate others.
(4) Because we can do better than others.
(5) None of the above

Direction (76-78) : choose the word which is most SIMILAR in meaning to the word printed in bold as used in the passage.
76. Creator
(1) founder
(2) designer
(3) God
(4) destroyer
(5) destructor
77. Rest
(1) break
(2) holiday
(3) remaining
(4) sleep
(5) slumber
78. Appreciation
(1) gratitude
(2) attitude
(3) neglect
(4) disregard
(5) criticism

Direction (79-80) : Choose the word which is most OPPOSITE in meaning of the word printed in bold as used in the passage.
79. Surprise
(1) expectation
(2) amazement
(3) miracle
(4) bewilderment
(5) jolt
80. Unfair
(1) dark
(2) unethical
(3) foul
(4) honest
(5) cruel

Directions (81-85) : Rearrange the following five sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.
(A) Had it been not for them, Indian banks would have their hands tied down too.
(B) Today almost all the countries are facing the heat of recession.
(C) One of these is the strict RBI and SEBI rules which regulated banking sector very efficiently.
(D) This could have led to massive losses to them, which could have percolated to other sectors as well.
(E) However there are a few things which help India in bouncing back from the state of recession.
(F) Like others India too has not remained immune to the epidemic.
81. Which of the following should be the THIRD after rearrangement ?
(1) A
(2) E
(3) D
(4) F
(5) C
82. Which of the following should be the FIRST after rearrangement ?
(1) A
(2) $B$
(3) C
(4) D
(5) E
83. Which of the following should be the SECOND after rearrangement ?
(1) A
(2) B
(3) D
(4) E
(5) F
84. Which of the following should be the SIXTH (LAST) after rearrangement ?
(1) C
(2) E
(3) D
(4) B
(5) F
85. Which of the following should be the FIFTH after rearrangement ?
(1) $B$
(2) C
(3) A
(4) E
(5) F

Directions (86-95) : In each of the following sentences there are two blank spaces. Below each sentence there are five pairs of words denoted by number (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5). Find out which pair of words can be filled up in the blanks in the sentence in the same sequence to make it meaningfully complete.
86. India's $\qquad$ of having a pool of Englishspeaking $\qquad$ has been used by industrialized countries for years.
(1) advantage, professionals
(2) image, bureaucrats
(3) scenario, technocrats
(4) progress, manpower
(5) scope, society
87. For an industry to $\qquad$ it is essential to
$\qquad$ costs and restructure.
(1) bounce, balance
(2) establish, curtail
(3) survive, reduce
(4) flourish, enhance
(5) compete, avoid
88. The consequent helplessness and loss of $\ldots$ ___ in the political system is used by terrorist organisation to $\qquad$ our nation.
(1) hope, politicise
(2) confidence, destabilise
(3) ruling, challenge
(4) image, defame
(5) governing, derail
89. India $\qquad$ a peaceful $\qquad$ to the differences between the Israelis and the Palestinians.
(1) offers, harmony
(2) derives, co-existence
(3) wishes, dialogue
(4) imagines, resolution
(5) expects, solution
90. India has $\qquad$ made it clear that an improved relationship with one should not be at the $\qquad$ of the other.
(1) readily, hostility
(2) basically, interest
(3) often, demise
(4) always, expense
(5) avowedly, ground
91. If India can play any $\qquad$ in $\qquad$ the gulf, it will be acting as a true friend of both the countries.
(1) interest, minimising
(2) card, curbing
(3) game, diminishing
(4) fiddle, filling
(5) role, bridging
92. The two objectives seem poles $\qquad$ at the
$\qquad$ because of the continuing violence in the region.
(1) apart, moment
(2) different, time
(3) away, circumstances
(4) wide, hour
(5) aloof, conditions
93. The aim of science is to $\qquad$ the deepest spiritual truths, and the aim of spirituality is to $\qquad$ for the cause behind scientific fact.
(1) uproot, verification
(2) avail, emancipate
(3) uncover, search
(4) diagnose, experiment
(5) discover, worship
94. Without a direct attack on rural poverty, the constitutional $\qquad$ of social equality can never be $\qquad$ .
(1) aim, desirable
(2) provision, realised
(3) dream, imagined
(4) goals, availed
(5) specification, thought
95. It is a tragic paradox that people who have
$\qquad$ educational skills should be without
$\qquad$ for upward social and economic mobility.
(1) distinguished, skill
(2) greatest, duty
(3) basic, expertise
(4) exceptional, avenues
(5) prestigious, prestige

Directions (96-100) : Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error or idiomatic error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is no error, the answer is 5). (Ignore errors of punctuation, if any.)
96. 1) Reading /2) pages after pages /3) she went through/ 4) the novel quickly. /5) No error.
97. 1) Hearing the news /2) of this /3) sister's death $/ 4$ ) he burst in tears. 5) No error.
98. 1) I shall /2) avail of /3) his opportunity /4) to go abroad. /5) No error.
99. 1) He is one of /2) those persons /3) who is never satisfied /4) with any achievements. /(5) No error.
100. 1) Such an assertion /2) will help prepare /3) the nation/ 4) for settlement of the issue. /5) No error.
(SOLUTION)

## REASONING

1. (4) In the expression $\mathrm{A}>\mathrm{B} \geq \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{D} \leq \mathrm{E}=\mathrm{F}$ to make
A > D true and F C true.
2. (4) Both the expressions are true in option (4)
3. (5) It is clear that $P$ is husband of $R$. If he establish that T is either son or daughter of S , then P would be son-in law of S .
$\mathrm{T}+\mathrm{S}$ means T is daughter of S .
$\mathrm{T} \div \mathrm{S}$ means T is son of S .
(4-8) :

| Name | Days | Telecom Company |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | Saturday | Uninor |
| B | Wednesday | Vodaphone |
| C | Wednesday | BSNL |
| D | Friday | MTNL |
| E | Friday | Airtel |
| F | Tuesday | Idea |
| H | Saturday | Realince |
| 4. (1) |  | (4) 6. (2) |
| 7. (2) |  | (1) 9. (2) |
| 10. (1) | 11. | (5) 12. (2) |
| 13. (1) |  |  |

Solutions (14-18) :
Input : 89 who root 1946 near drink link
gold 6123 under 7197
Step I : 1989 who root 46 near link gold 61 23 under 7197 drink
Step II : 231989 who root 46 near link 61 under 7197 drink gold
Step III : 46231989 who root near 61 under 7197 drink gold link
Step IV : 6146231989 who root under 71 97 drink gold link near
Step V : $\quad 716146231989$ who under 97 drink gold link near root
Step VI : 897161462319 who 97 drink gold link near root under
Step VII : 97897161462319 drink gold link near root under who
14. (5)
15. (4)
16. (2)
17. (3)
18. (3)
(19-22) :
20. (2)
21. (2)
22. (4)
25. (2)
(26-30) :

| Room No. | Color | Person |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 11 | Pink | E or C and S |
| 22 | Blue | U or Q and T |
| 33 | Black | E or C and P |
| 44 | Green | U or Q and R |
| 55 | White | F,D |
| 66 | Yellow | A,B |
| $26 . \quad(4)$ | 27. (4) | $28 .(3)$ |
| 29. | $(5)$ | 30. (2) |

31. (4)

I. $\times$
II. $x$
32. 

(1)

I.
$\checkmark$
II. $\times$
33. (5)

I.

34. (5)

I.

35. (2)

I. $\times$
II. $V$

## Maths

36. (1) $?=\frac{6255.22}{18.5^{\prime} 21.4}=15.8$
37. (2) $?=\frac{1.5^{\prime} 78}{0.5}=234$
38. (4) $?=302.46+395.72-123.47$
$=698.18-123.47=574.71$
39. (3) $\sqrt[3]{?}=\sqrt[3]{4096} \div \sqrt[3]{64}$
$=\sqrt[3]{16^{\prime} 16^{\prime} 16} \div \sqrt[3]{4^{\prime} 4^{\prime} 4}$
$=16 \div 4=4$
$\square=?=4 \times 4 \times 4=64$
40. 

(4) $\frac{800^{\prime} ?}{100^{\prime}}=293-\frac{750^{\prime} 22}{100}$
b $8 \times ?=293-165=128$
Р $?=\frac{128}{8}=16$
41. (4) The series is based on the following pattern.
$11=2 \times 3+5$
$38=11 \times 4-6$
$197=38 \times 5+7$
$1172^{1} 197 \times 6-8$
$\square \quad 1172$ is wrong and it should be replaced by $197 \times 6-8=1174$
42. (1) The series is based on the following pattern :
$107-71=36=6^{2}$
$71-46=25=5^{2}$
$46-30=16=4^{2}$
$30-21=9=3^{2}$
$21-19=2^{1} 2^{2}$
$\square 19$ should be replaced by 17 for which $21-17=2^{2}$
43. (4) The series is based on the following pattern :
$16=9+7$
$25=16+9$
$41=16+25$
$68^{1} 25+41$
44. (3) The series is based on the following pattern:


Obviously, 3.5 is the wrong number which should be replaced by 3 .
45. (2) The series is based on the following pattern:


Obviously, 1.75 is the wrong number which should be replaced by 1.5 .
46. (4) Suppose the initial weight of the stone $=6 x \mathrm{~kg}$.

Thus, its price would be $\mathrm{k}(6 x)^{2}$ rupees. The total price of those three stone pieces $=\mathrm{k}\left[(1 \mathrm{x})^{2}+(2 \mathrm{x})^{2}+(3 x)^{2}\right]$ $=14 \mathrm{k} x^{2}$ rupees
Now, loss occured after being cut $=36 \mathrm{k} x^{2}-$ $14 \mathrm{k} x^{2}=22 \mathrm{k} x^{2}$
Now, acording to question, $₹ 5184=36 \mathrm{k} x^{2}$
p $1 \mathrm{k} x^{2}=\frac{5184}{36}=₹ 144$
P $22 \mathrm{k} x^{2}=144 \times 22=₹ 3168$
47. (4) Suppose capacity of the tank $=24$ litre.

Thus, Efficiency of $\mathrm{A}=3$ litre/hour and $B=4$ litre/hour
After 2 hour, amount of water in tank $=2 \times(4+3)=14$ litre.
Now, Amount of water to be filled = 24-14 = 10 litre.
Thus, Total time required by $B$ to fill the $\operatorname{tank}=\frac{10}{4}=2.5$ hours
48. (2) The rate interest accrued on the sum $=\frac{700}{5000} \times 100=14 \%$
Thus, required simple interest
$=7000 \times \frac{170}{100}=₹ 11,900$
49. (4) Required ratio $=\frac{6.4}{21.6}$

P $\frac{v_{1}}{v_{2}}=\frac{6.4}{21.6}$
P $\frac{\frac{2}{3} p\left(r_{1}\right)^{3}}{\frac{2}{3} p\left(r_{2}\right)^{3}}=\frac{8}{27}$

50. (4) Total age of all 4 boys $=4 \times 9=36 \mathrm{yrs}$. Now, at present would be $(36+5 \times 4)$ yrs. Again,

Total age of all five boys at present $=15$ $\times 5=75$ yrs.
Thus, age of new boy $=75-56=19 \mathrm{yrs}$.
51. (3) $?=\frac{150}{17} \times \frac{199}{12} \times \frac{91}{16}$

$$
» \frac{150}{15} \times \frac{200}{15} \times \frac{90}{15} » 770
$$

52. (1) ? » $151-420+650$ » 381
$\square$ Required answer $=380$
53. (1) ? » $\frac{1300}{20} \times 25+400$
» $1625+400$ » 2025
54. (4) ? » $\frac{30^{\prime} 500}{100}+\frac{40^{\prime} 800}{100}$
» $150+320$ » 470
55. (4) ? » $15^{2}-7^{2}+5^{3}$
» $225-49+125$ » 301
$\square$ Required answer $=300$
56. (2) I. $x^{2}+5 x+6=0$
b $\quad x=-3$ or -2
II. $y^{2}+7 y+12=0$
b $\quad y=-4,-3$
57. (3) I. $x^{2}-9 x+20=0$

P $\quad x=5,4$
II. $y^{2}-13 y+42=0$

Р $\quad y=6,7$
58. (3)

$$
\begin{align*}
& 2 x+3 y=14  \tag{I}\\
& 4 x+2 y=16 \tag{II}
\end{align*}
$$

By equation (I) $\times 2-$ equation II,
$4 x+6 y-4 x-2 y=28-16$
ค $\quad 4 y=12$ р $\quad y=3$
From equation I,

$$
2 x+3 \times 3=14
$$

Р $2 x=14-9=5 \mathrm{P} \quad x=\frac{5}{2}$
59. (5) I. $x=\sqrt{625}= \pm 25$
II. $y=\sqrt{676}= \pm 26$
60. (3) I. $x^{2}+4 x+4=0$

$$
(x+2)^{2}=0 \text { Р } \quad x=-2
$$

II. $y^{2}-8 y+16=0$
b $\quad(y-4)^{2}=0$
P $\quad y=4$
61. (2) From statement II,
$M_{1} D_{1}=M_{2} D_{2}$

- $8 \times 12=5 \times \mathrm{D} 2$

P $\mathrm{D}_{2}=\frac{8^{\prime} 12}{5}=\frac{96}{5}$
$=19 \frac{1}{5}$ days
62. (5) From statement II,

If the present age of Shyam be $x$ year then
Ram's present age $=(x+7)$ years then
From statement I,

$$
\frac{x+7}{x}=\frac{4}{3}
$$

P $4 x=3 x+21$
P $x=21$
$\square$ Shyam's age after 6 years $=21+6=27$ years
63. (4) Data from both the statements are inadequate.
64. (5) From statements I and II, simple interest

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =₹ \frac{x 5000^{\prime} 3^{\prime} 5}{100}+\frac{5000^{\prime} 3^{\prime} 8}{100} \stackrel{\ddot{\partial}}{\dot{\emptyset}} \\
& =₹(750+1200)=₹ 1950
\end{aligned}
$$

65. (1) From statement I,

Required C.P.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =₹(4 \times 85+3 \times 50) \\
& =₹(340+150)=₹ 490
\end{aligned}
$$

66. (1) $\frac{2040 \prime 20}{100}: \frac{1450 \prime 20}{100}=204: 145$
67. 

(5) $\frac{1450 \cdot \frac{12}{100}}{\frac{2040 \cdot[25+10]}{100}} \times 100=24 \%$
68.
(3) $\frac{2040 \cdot 35}{100}-\frac{1450 \cdot 44}{100}=76$
69.
(2) $\frac{2040^{\prime} 55}{100}+\frac{1450^{\prime} 26}{100}$
$=1122+377$
$=1499$
70. (4) $\frac{100^{\prime} 15}{100} \times 100 » 66 \%$
$\frac{1450 ' 14}{100^{\prime}}$

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE

96. (2) It should be - "page after page".
97. (4) It should be 'burst into tears'.
98. (2) It should be - 'avail myself of'.
99. (3) Replace 'is' with 'are'
100. (5)

## CORRECTION :

Q. No. 98 : Read 'his opportunity' as 'this opportunity'.

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97. (4)
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100. (5)
