A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	The Supreme Court has held that right to fly the National Flag with respect and dignity is a fundamental right of every citizen within the meaning of Article 19(1)(a) of the Constitution Of India in the case of:  (1) Keshvanand Bharti v. State of Kerala (2) Abhay Singh v. State of Uttar Pradesh (3) Union of India v. Naveen Jindal (4) Shabnam Hashmi v. Union of India	down the law relating to Alternative Dispute Resolution processes and Section 89 of the Code of Civil Procedure in the case of: (1) Dinesh Kumar v. Yusuf Ali (2) Afgon Infrastructure Ltd. v. Cherian Varkey Construction Co. (3) Bimlesh v. New India Assurance Co. (4) Standard Chartered Bank v. V. Noble Kumar 5. Under Order XXXII Rule 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure, a next	tion Oasservement in testaint of the marriage of any person other than a minor is: (1) void (2) voidable (3) a contingent agreement (4) None of the above  9. 'Bailee' is a person: (1) to whom the goods are delivered (2) who delivers the goods (3) who fails to deliver the goods (4) None of the above  10. The rule of 'strict liability'
2.	Which of the following is a constitutional right but not a fundamental right?  (1) Protection of life and personal	friend of a minor can be removed: (1) if he ceases to reside in India during the pendency of the suit (2) where his interest becomes adverse to that of the minor	propounded in the case of Rylands Vs. Fletcher is not applicable:  (1) When the damage is due to vis major
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	liberty (2) Right to move freely throughout the territory of India (3) Right to assemble peaceably (4) Right to hold property	(3) where he does not do his duty (4) for any of the above reasons 6. In the Code of Civil Procedure, an ex parte decree can be set aside: (1) Under Order IX Rule 5	(2) When the damage is due to wrongful act of stranger (3) When the damage is due to the plaintiff's own fault (4) All of the above 11. The Rule of 'res ipsa loquitur' is
3.	Statement 1: Directive Principles of State Policy are not enforceable by any Court.	(2) Under Order IX Rule 10 (3) Under Order IX Rule 13 (4) Under Order IX Rule 11	related to the tort of: (1) Negligence (2) False Imprisonment
	Statement 2: Directive Principles of State Policy are fundamental in	7. The Communication of an acceptance is complete as against the acceptor:	(3) Defamation (4) Malicious Prosecution
A 200 E	the governance of the country.  (1) Both the statements are fule.  (2) Both the statements are false.  (3) Statement 1 is true but Statement 2 is false.  (4) Statement 2 is true but Statement 1 is true but Statement 1 is false.	(1) as soon as acceptance is made by the acceptor (2) when it is put in the course of transmission to the proposer (3) when it comes to the knowledge of the proposer (4) None of the above	12. The land, for the beneficial enjoyment of which casement exists, is called: (1) Servient heritage (2) Dominant heritage (3) Extinct heritage (4) None of the above

- 13. Under Section 173 of the Motor Vehicles Act, a person aggrieved by an award of the Tribunal can prefer an appeal to: (1) The Supreme Court (2) The High Court (3) The District Court (4) None of the above 14. Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the arbitral proceedings, in respect of a particular dispute commence on the date :
  - (1) when the arbitrator appointed by the parties (2) on which a request for that
  - dispute to be referred to arbitration is received by the respondent
  - (3) when the matter is referred to arbitrator for settlement (4) when the arbitrator takes notice of the dispute for
- further proceedings 15. In the arbitral proceedings, where a party fails to appear at an oral hearing or fails to produce
  - documentary evidence: (1) The Tribunal has no power to continue the proceedings and
  - to give its award (2) The Tribunal shall terminate the arbitral proceedings
  - (3) The Tribunal has power to
- continue the proceedings and to give its award (4) None of the above 16. Under the Rajasthan Rent Control
  - Act, 2001, which of the following landlord is entitled to recover immediate' possession residential premises:
  - (1) A retired member of any Armed Forces of the Union
  - (2) A retired employee of the Central Government
  - (3) A retired employee of the State
  - Owned Corporation
- (4) All of the above 17. Under which provision of the Rajasthan Land Revenue Act,
  - 1956, any dispute concerning any boundaries can be decided by the Land Records Officer? (1) Section 109 (2) Section 110 (3) Section 111

(4) Section 112

- 1955, such provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 which do apply to the suit proceedings under that Act are contained in: (1) First Schedule (2) Second Schedule (3) Third Schedule
- (4) Fourth Schedule 19. Where the plaintiff, in a suit for specific performance, proves the existence of the agreement and its non-performance by the defendant. the Court:
  - (1) is bound to issue a decree for 25. A lessee accepts from a lessor a specific performance (2) can refuse to issue a decree for
  - specific performance on the ground of inadequacy of consideration (3) is not bound to issue a decree

performance.

- specific since the relief of discretionary (4) None of the above
- 20. If a person is dispossessed without his consent of immovable property otherwise than in due course of
  - law, he may file a suit to recover possession under Section 6 of the Specific Relief Act within: (1) three months from the date of
  - dispossession (2) six months from the date of
  - dispossession (3) twelve months from the date of
    - dispossession
- (4) three years from the date of dispossession 21. The principles in the case of Jijabai Vithalrao Gajre Vs. Pathan
  - Khan (AIR 1971 SC 315) are related with: (1) Dissolution of Marriage
  - (2) Succession
  - (3) Adoption

  - (4) Minority and Guardianship
- 22. The prescribed period limitation for preferring an appeal under Section 28 of the Hindu
  - Marriage Act is: (1) thirty days
  - (2) sixty days (3) ninety days
  - (4) one hundred and twenty days

(2) the forms of dissolution of marriage by agreement (3) the forms of repudiation of gift

and 'Mubara' at are :

(1) the forms of marriage

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18. In the Rajasthan Tenancy Act, 23. Under the Muslim Law, 'Khula'

- on attaining majority (4) the forms of demanding pre-emption
- donee the dies before acceptance of gift, then :
- (1) the gift is voidable (2) the gift is void
- (3) the gift is valid (4) the gift is converted into will
- new lease of the property leased, to take effect during the continuance of the existing lease. This: (1) converts the former lease into
  - exchange (2) converts the former lease into a perpetual lease
  - (3) is an implied surrender of the former lease
- (4) is a voidable agreement Where the prescribed period of

holiday

- limitation for any application is expiring on a holiday. application: (1) should be made a day prior to
- (2) may be made on the day when the Court re-opens (3) may be made within thirty days
  - of re-opening of the Court
- (4) may be made on any day after the Court re-opens
- 27. Under the Limitation Act, the period of limitation for filing a suit for compensation for false imprisonment begins to run from
  - the time: (1) when imprisonment ends
  - (2) when imprisonment begins (3) when prosecution terminates
- (4) None of the above 28. Under the Limitation Act, the
  - period of limitation for filling an application for an order to set aside an abatement is: (1) 60 days
    - (2) 90 days (3) 120 days

    - (4) None of the above

Adalat on the ground that no that B was habitually negligent (1) The Civil Court compromise could be arrived at (2) The Public Service Commission about the carriages which he let to between the parties, the Lok (3) The State Government hire is . Adalat shall : (4) The Divisional Commissioner (1) relevant (1) return the record of the case to 35. Under the Rajasthan Muni-(2) irrelevant the Court which made the (3) neither relevant nor irrelevant cipalities Act, 2009 a person. reference against whom an order has been (4) relevant as well as irrelevant (2) shall dispose of the case on passed under Section 117 of the Under which provision of the merits Code of Criminal Procedure in the Indian Evidence Act, an accused (3) shall send the record to the proceedings instituted may plead alibi? District Legal Services Section 110 of the said Code; and (1) Section 10 (2) Section 11 Authority such order has not (3) Section 12 (4) Section 13 (4) shall adjourn the proceedings subsequently reversed, is dis-42. The doctrine of estoppel means: in the case sine die qualified for being chosen as (1) Not to make statement in 30. Under the Protection of Women member of a Municipality . consonance to the earlier from Domestic Violence Act. (1) forever statement 2005, besides passing orders for (2) for a period of six years (2) Restriction to make statement protection and residence, (3) for a period specified by the contrary to the earlier Magistrate can pass: State Government statement/admission (1) Custody orders (4) until expiry of the period for (3) Res judicata (2) Compensation orders which he is ordered to furnish (4) Vague statement (3) Ex parte orders security 43. An accused in police custody. (4) All of the above Which kind of agreement can be informs to the Station House 31. Under the Rajasthan Guaranteed presumed by the Court under Delivery of Public Services Act, Officer that the key by which he Section 85-A of the Indian 2011, the State Government may opened the safe and committed Evidence Act? theft is kept by him in the patio of notify the service provided by : (1) Written Agreement his house. To what extent this (1) The State Government (2) Oral Agreement (2) An institution established by information can be proved? (3) Electronic Agreement any law made by the State (1) For committing an offence of (4) None of the above Legislature theft Which one document from the (3) Departments of the State (2) For opening lock of safe following is not a "Public (3) For committing theft by Government Document"? (4) All of the above opening safe and destroying (1) Judgement of a Court 32. Under the Rajasthan Right to evidence (2) Police Charge Sheet Hearing Act, 2012, the power to (4) For keeping the key in patio of (3) Postmortem report make rules to carry out the house (4) Will purposes of the enactment has 44. In a trial, while explaining any 38. A witness unable to speak, if gives been conferred on : circumstances appearing his statement in writing before the (1) The State Government evidence against him, an accused Court, then such evidence shall be (2) The Chief Information of committing murder states that Commissioner deemed to be: due to grave and sudden (3) The Board of Revenue (1) Oral evidence provocation he was deprived of (2) Documentary evidence (4) None of the above the power of self-control and thus, 33. Under the Rajasthan Panchayati (3) Hearsay evidence gave a single lathi blow to A. Raj Act, 1994, the functions and (4) Primary evidence causing his death. The burden to powers of Zila Parishad are 39. In a criminal case, the primary prove specified in : burden to prove a fact is upon: grave and sudden (1) First Schedule provocation is on : (1) Accused (1) The Prosecution (2) Second Schedule (2) Prosecution (3) Third Schedule (2) The Investigating Agency (3) Police (3) The Court

(4) Court

If any dispute arises between a

Panchayati Raj Institution and

other Local Authority, the same

shall be referred to :

29. Where in a case referred under Section 20 (1) of the Legal-

(4) Fourth Schedule

Services Authorities Act, 1987, no

award could be made by the Lok

A sues B for negligence in

providing him with a carriage for

hire not reasonably fit for use.

whereby A was injured. The fact

(4) The Accused

- 45. In the Indian Evidence Act, the 50. expression "Court" means :
  - (1) All Judges
  - (2) All Magistrates
  - (3) All persons except Arbitrators, legally authorised to evidence
  - (4) All of the above
- 46. When the Court has to form an opinion as to the electronic signature of any person, the opinion of the certifying authority which has issued the electronic signature certificate is:
  - (1) Fact in issue (2) Relevant fact
  - (3) Proved fact
  - (4) None of the above
- 47. During the course of trial of a rape case, a person present in Court causes a knife injury to another person before the Court. The judge before whom the incident took place:
  - (1) May not be called in evidence
  - (2) May be called in evidence only under special order to higher Court
  - (3) May be examined as a witness (4) May be called in evidence. only if the trial of that incident
  - is going on before a higher Court
- 48. For the purpose of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973, who from amongst the following, may determine the language of each Court in the State other than the High Court?
  - (1) The High Court of the State (2) The Supreme Court of India

  - (3) The State Government
  - (4) The Legislative Assembly of the State
- 49. To whom, as per Section 98 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, a complaint on oath for restoration of an abducted female child to the person having her lawful charge. may be presented?
  - (1) The District Magistrate (2) The Sub Divisional Magistrate
  - (3) The Magistrate First Class
  - (4) All of the above

- In a summons case, when the accused appears or is brought before the Magistrate, it shall not be necessary to:
- (1) State the particulars of the
- offence of which he is accused (2) Ask whether he pleads guilty
- (3) Ask whether he has any defence to make
- (4) Frame a formal charge
- 51. The offence affecting the socioeconomic condition of the country. to which plea bargaining is not applicable, shall be notified by :
  - (1) The State Government (2) The Scheduled Castes/
- Scheduled Tribes Commission (3) The Human Rights Commission
  - (4) The Central Government
- 52. In a criminal trial, without producing the Chemical Examiner to the Government, the report given by him upon a thing duly submitted for analysis in the course of any proceeding under the Code of Criminal Procedure: (1) Cannot be used as evidence
  - (2) Can be used as evidence only in summons cases
  - (3) Can be used as evidence
- (4) Can be used only to refresh memory of the investigating officer coming in evidence 53. On a busy junction of road, a huge
- poster/banner installed by an association is creating obstruction in traffic. Who from amongst the following, on having information, may remove such banner/poster by initiating proceedings under the provisions of the Code of Criminal procedure?
  - (1) The District Judge
- (2) The Chief Judicial Magistrate (3) The Sub Divisional Magistrate
- (4) The Collector 54. Section 304 of the Code of
  - Criminal Procedure provides for: (1) In certain cases making
    - available a pleader to the accused at the expenses of State
    - (2) Tender of pardon to accomplice (3) Power to adjourn proceedings
    - (4) Power to proceed against other persons appearing to be guilty of offence

- bserver.com/forum in cases tried by the Court of Sessions or a Chief Judicial Magistrate, the Court or such Magistrate, as the case may be, shall forward a copy of its or his finding and sentence, if any, to: (1) The Superintendent of Police
- in the area of whom the crime concerned was committed
- (2) The Police Station conducted the investigation of the crime concerned (3) The High Court to which the
- trial court is subordinate (4) The District Magistrate within
- whose local jurisdiction the trial is held 56. A statement under Section 164 of
- the Code of Criminal Procedure may be recorded by: (1) An Executive Magistrate
  - (2) A Police Officer (3) A Judicial Magistrate or a
  - Metropolitan Magistrate (4) All the officers named above
- 57. Which one of the following statement is not correct?
  - (1) A sentence of death passed by the Sessions Court is subject to confirmation by the High Court
  - (2) A sentence of death passed by the Sessions Court can be confirmed by the High Court only when a Bench hearing the case consists of at least two Judges, when such Court consists of two or more judges
  - (3) No order of confirmation of death sentence shall be made prior to expiry of the period for preferring appeal (4) The High Court, considering
  - the death punishment for confirmation, if no appeal is preferred by the accused challenging the death sentence passed, cannot acquit the accused person
- 58. The term "unlawful assembly" means:
  - (1) An assembly of five or more persons
  - (2) An assembly of five or more persons armed with lethal weapons

(3) An assembly of five or more persons with a common object of doing a crime

(4) An assembly of minimum two persons having common intention to commit a crime

59. A police officer has received a sum of ₹ 5,000/- against fine from the persons violating traffic rules. Instead of depositing the fine money

with State Treasury, he utilised the same for his personal use. What offence under Indian Penal Code, the police officer has committed? (1) Criminal breach of trust

(2) Mischief (3) Cheating the Government

(4) None of the above

60. If a person, with a knowledge that the feelings of a group of people is

likely to be wounded, trespasses a place set apart for the performance of funeral rights, he commits a crime described under Section:

(1) Section 298 Indian Penal Code (2) Section 297 Indian Penal Code

(3) Section 295 Indian Penal Code (4) Section 296 Indian Penal Code

61. A person held guilty commission of an offence described under Section 326-A of the Indian Penal Code, is liable to be punished with imprisonment which shall not be less than ten years, but which may extend to

required to be paid to the victim. Such fine shall be : (1) Not less than ₹ 1.00.000/-(2) Not more than ₹ 5,00,000/-(3) Just and reasonable to meet the medical expenses of the

imprisonment for life with fine.

treatment of victim

(4) Determined by the Court but in no case shall be less than ₹ 5,00,000/-62. A police officer detains a person

in the lock-up despite production of a bail order from the Court. The police officer is guilty of: (1) Abduction

(2) Wrongful confinement (3) Wrongful restrain

(4) Kidnapping

63. A hotel situated at the bank of a water reservoir, despite objection, discharges the polluled water nucleation reservoir, causing fouls to reservoir water. For which offence under Indian Penal Code the Manager of the Hotel can be charged? (1) Section 277 (2) Section 276 (3) Section 278 (4) Section 282 In Indian Penal Code the pronoun

'he' and its derivatives are used for : (1) Male (2) Female

(3) Any person whether male or

(4) Such words are not used in the Code 65. In which of the following leading cases, Hon'ble the Supreme Court held that benefit of Section 3 or

Section 4 of the Probation of Offenders Act, 1958 is subject to the limitations laid down in these provisions and the words 'may direct' in Section 4 does not mean 'must direct'

(1) State of Gujarat v. V.A. Chouhan (AIR 1983 SC 359) (2) Phul Singh v. State of Harvana (AIR 1980 SC 249)

(3) Ram Prakash v. State of Himachal Pradesh (AIR 1973 SC 780) (4) Smt. Devki v. State of

Haryana (AIR 1979 SC 1948) 66. Who is entitled for immunity from prosecution under Section 64-A of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985?

> offence punishable under Section 27 of the Act, if he volunteers for de-addiction treatment (2) An addict charged for the offence involving

> (1) An addict charged for the

quantities of Narcotic Drugs. if he volunteers for deaddiction treatment (3) A person who is not addict, but

is accused for an offence punishable under Section 27 of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act. 1985. (4) Both (1) and (2) above

67. An officer of the Company shall not be liable to punishment, for contravention of any of the opserver common um provisions common control of the Technology Act, 2000, if he proves that: (1) He was not having knowledge

about the provisions of the Act (2) The person affected by such contravention was involved in similar activities

(3) The contravention took place without his knowledge or he exercised all due diligence to

prevent such contravention

(4) None of the above 68. Mrs. 'R' lodges a first information report at Police Station with

> assertion that Mr. 'X' by sending her vulgar message either by forwarding e-mails or through Short Messaging Service (SMS) intrudes upon her privacy. For what offence, the case may be registered against Mr. 'X'?

> (1) Section 509 Indian Penal Code and 66-A of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (2) Section 66-A of the Information

> Technology Act, 2000 (3) Section 509 Indian Penal Code and 66-E of the Information

Technology Act, 2000 (4) None of the above 69. As per Section 147 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

every offence punishable under the Act is: (1) Compoundable (2) Non-compoundable (3) Cognizable (4) Both (2) and (3) above

70. 'Mens rea has no place while determining penal liability under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881'. This statement is: (1) Correct (2) Wrong

(3) Partly correct (4) Depends upon facts of the case हिंदी भाषा की लिपि है-(1) प्राकृत

(2) **पाली** (3) देवनागरी (4) सिंहली 72. अनुप्रास अलंकार का उदाहरण है-

(1) कनक कनक ते सौ गुनी मादकता अधिकाई (2) चारू चंद्र की चंचल किरणें. खेल रही हैं

जल थल में (3) सारी बिच नारी है कि नारी बिच सारी है (4) आँख लगती है तब आँख लगती ही नहीं

73. अनुराग शब्द का विलोम है—	84. 'अंतरिम कालीन के लिए उचित शब्द हैं—	tionobserver.com/forum
(1) पराग (2) विराग		(1) Present Perfect
(3) राग (4) वीतराग	The contract of the state of th	(2) Past Continuous
74. घर शब्द का पर्यायवाची है—	(3) एतद्द्वारा (4) स्थायी	(3) Present Continuous
	85. 'टोकरी में मीठे संतरे हैं' में 'मीठे' शब्द	(4) Present Simple
(1) प्रासाद (2) ग्रह (3) सदन (4) ग्राम	कौन-सा विशेषण है?.	Directions (95-96) : In these
75. उच्चारण का संधि विच्छेद है—	(1) परिमाणवाचक (2) संख्यावाचक	questions, pickout the means of
	(3) सार्वनामिक (4) गुणवाचक	the given proverbs.
(1) उच्च + चारण (2) उत् + चारण	Directions (86-92): In these	95. "A miss is as good as a mile"
(3) उ + चारण (4) उच्च + आरण	questions, choose the correct	(1) never criticize a gift
<ol> <li>सत् + जन की संधि है—</li> </ol>	option to fill in the blanks.	(2) one must learn how to do
(1) सद्जन (2) सज्जन	86. He has not yet recovered	things gradually
(3) सत्जन (4) सजन	his illness.	(3) failure is failure
77. यह, वह, तुम, आप हैं—	(1) with (2) over	(4) nothing can be gained without
(1) क्रिया (2) संज्ञा	(3) from (4) on	effort
(3) विशेषण (4) सर्वनाम	87. It has been raining yesterday.	96. "Strike while the iron is hot"
78. शुद्ध शब्द चुनिए—	(1) by (2) since (3) after (4) in	(1) make the most of present
(1) आर्शीवाद (2) आर्शिवाद		opportunities
(3) आशीर्वाद (4) आशिर्वाद	88. This is a matter little importance.	(2) it is never too late to improve
79. 'जानने की इच्छा रखने वाला' के लिए	(1) of (2) for	(3) only practice will bring success.
उपयुक्त शब्द है—	(3) from (4) with	(4) None of the above
(1) विश्वासी (2) सर्वज्ञ	89. There is a cow the field.	Directions (97-98) : In these
(3) जिज्ञास् (4) वाचाल	(1) in (2) at	questions, pickout the correct passive voice of the given sentence.
80. 'गुस्से से देखना' के लिए उपयुक्त महावरा है-	(3) over (4) upon	97. This shop sells books.
(1) आँख बिछाना (2) आँख मारना	90. He keeps his friends	(1) Books are sold in this shop
(3) आँख दिखाना (4) आँख च्राना	through the internet.	(2) Shop is selling books
81. भीतर से शत्रुता और ऊपर से मीठी बात करने	(1) out of touch	(3) Books are on sale
के भाव को व्यक्त करने वाली लोकोक्ति है—	(2) in touch with	(4) None of the above
	(3) into touch with	98. Mother has cooked the dinner.
(1) आम के आम, गुठली के दाम	(4) of touch with	(1) Did mother not cook the
(2) मुँह में राम, बगल में छुरी	91. I shall do it pleasure.	dinner?
(3) दोनों हाथों में लड्डू	(1) over (2) by	(2) The dinner has been cooking
(4) दूर के ढोल सुहावने	(3) across (4) with	by mother.
82. निम्न में से शुद्ध वाक्य है—	92. The Chief Guest will the	(3) The dinner has been cooked by mother.
(1) कृपया करके अपना स्थान ग्रहण करें	prizes.	(4) Mother has not cooked the
(2) अपना स्थान प्रहण करने की कृपा करें	(1) give over (2) given up	dinner.
(3) अपना स्थान ग्रहण करने की कृपया करें	(3) give in (4) give away	Directions (99-100) : In these
(4) उपरोक्त सभी	Directions (93-94): In these	questions, pickout the word
83. 'किसान ने भूमि पर हल चलाया' इस वाक्य में	questions, identify the tense in the	opposite.
कर्त्ता एवं अधिकरण क्रमशः हैं—	<ul><li>given sentence.</li><li>93. She has worked out all the sums.</li></ul>	99. Extrovert
(1) किसान, हल		(1) Boaster (2) Mixer
(2) भूमि, हल	(1) Present Simple	(3) Introvert (4) Social
(3) किसान, भूमि	(2) Past Simple (3) Present Continuous	100. Urban
(4) हल, भूमि	(4) Present Continuous	(1) Rustic (2) Rural
	Trescut Periect	(3) Civil (4) Domestic